NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXVII. No. 22445. Registered at the C.P.O. SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 11, 1937 (Postage: China and Japan 1½ cents; abroad 15 cents.) TEN CENTS

CUSTOMS NOTIFICATION
No. 1594

THE PUBLIC IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that, in accordance with Government instructions, effective from August 11, 1937, the duty rate for Domestic Cocoons (including Doupions) under Export Tariff No. 170 is increased to $42 per quintal.

CHU CHANG-NIEN.
Superintendent of Customs.
L. H. LAWFORD,
Commissioner of Customs.

CUSTOM HOUSE,
Shanghai, August 10, 1937. 8861

MUNICIPALITE FRANCAISE DE CHANGHAI

AVIS

Un Institut prophylactique pour le traitement des maladies vénériennes est ouvert au public indigent de la Concession Française, au No 630 Rue Amiral Bayle.

Il fonctionne:
Pour les malades chinois—tous les jours (Dimanche et fêtes exceptés);
Pour les malades étrangers—les Mardi, Jeudi et Samedi de 8 h.30 à 11 h.30.

Une contribution de $0.60 pour chaque injection de médicament coûteux est demandée aux malades non totalement dépourvus de ressources.

Par ordre,
E. FAURAZ,
Le Secrétaire du Conseil. 8886

SARAH LAIDLAW
Deceased

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims against the Estate of SARAH LAIDLAW late of 644 Weihaiwei Road, Shanghai, China, widow, deceased, who died at Shanghai aforesaid on the 17th day of May 1937, are hereby required to send particulars thereof in writing to me the undersigned HAROLD BROWETT, of No. 34 Museum Road, Shanghai, Solicitor, on or before the first day of September 1937 AND NOTICE IS HEREBY ALSO GIVEN that all persons indebted to the said Estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment to me.

H. BROWETT,
Solicitor to the Executor,
SOLOMON FEIN.

Dated, Shanghai, the 30th June 1937. 12548

NOTICE

By mutual arrangement Mr. R. S. MACMILLAN resigned as a Director and severed his connection with this Company as from August 6, 1937.

MALCOLM & CO., LTD.

NOTICE

By mutual arrangement I resigned as a Director and severed my connection with Malcolm & Co., Ltd., as from August 6, 1937.

R. S. MACMILLAN. 8882

LOST

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Certificate for 10 shares Nos. 5922/6 and 11728/32 in Hall & Holtz Ltd., registered in the name of Mrs. Ella Mary Ramsey, deceased, having been lost, application will be made to the Company for the issue of a duplicate Certificate on the expiration of one month from the date of this notice unless valid objection is lodged with the undersigned prior thereto.

HANSONS,
Solicitors for Michael Howard Turner, Executor of the Will of Ella Mary Ramsey, deceased.

Shanghai, August 10, 1937. 8885

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS

Rates of Freight from Shanghai to Colombo

Shippers are informed that as from September 15, 1937 all rates of freight hence to Colombo are increased by 15 per cent.

A new Tariff is in the course of preparation, and will be issued as soon as possible.

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents,
P. & O. S. N. Co.,
Secretaries,
SHANGHAI COLOMBO FREIGHT TARIFF.

Shanghai, August 11, 1937. 8888

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If you have not yet ordered your copy do so at once.

Price $6; with Map $7

THE PUBLISHERS,
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17 The Bund

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The 32nd Annual Swimming Gala will be held on Saturday, August 14, at 9 p.m. at which the following Shanghai Championships will be held:

100 yards free style (men)
880 yards free style (men)
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Entrance fee: $1.50 and $1

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C. S. S.

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"North-China Daily News"

Audited Circulation Statement
Average number of paid copies sold Daily in July 1937

10,473

Shanghai 78% Outports 22%

The following is the circulation statement certified by the Company's auditors for July, 1937.

"The daily average circulation of the 'North-China Daily News' for the month of July, 1937, was ten thousand four hundred and seventy-three copies, exclusive of frees and vouchers.

"The geographical distribution was Local, 78%, Outports and Foreign, 22%."

THOMSON & Co.
Chartered Accountants, Auditors.
August 5, 1937.

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The undersigned Companies beg to announce that commencing with vessels arriving in Shanghai on and after August 15, 1937, the free storage allowed on all cargoes will be a maximum period of fifteen days.

Cargoes normally receiving 30 days free storage and arriving between August 1 and August 15, will only receive free storage up to August 31, 1937.

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Regarding the recent Burglary which occurred in my home, I wish to assure those friends and others, who have kindly inquired if "I WAS INSURED?", that I am carrying full insurance against Burglary, House-breaking, Larceny and Theft.

I shall be glad to arrange similar protection for them or others who may be interested.

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Before Thursday 2 a.m.

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Directory of Protestant Missions in China
1937 EDITION
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3—Alphabetical List of Protestant Missionaries in China.
Price $1.50; postage in China 15 cents.

Publishers:
NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, SHANGHAI

Coming Events
AUGUST
12 Boxing, Canidrome, 9
14 Swimming Gala, Rowing Club, 9 p.m.
SEPTEMBER
3 State Lottery, 38th Drawing
The charge for items is $1, which includes all insertions till date of event.

CHURCH OF THE AIR
SPECIAL NOTICE

Because the typhoon damaged the Antenna Mast, it will be impossible to give the programme for the coming week. Notices will be given through the Press as soon as our broadcast starts again.

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificate No. 1942 for 500 Shares numbered 274732/275231 inclusive in the above Company registered in the name of Mr. Mung Kee, has been declared lost or destroyed, and if the above Certificate is not produced within THIRTY days from date, it will be cancelled and a new Certificate for 500 Shares will be issued in lieu thereof.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.,
Secretaries and General Managers.
Shanghai, July 29, 1937. 8570

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Chapei Exodus
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Typhoon Scenes
Sports
Local Weddings

Photographs of the above and others which have appeared in the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" are now on view at Watson's, 71 Nanking Road, where prints may be obtained within a few hours.

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Classified Advertisements continued On Page 16

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Whether going on home leave or retiring; your personal and, probably, your business interests in China and especially in Shanghai, will continue.

Letters will be uncertain; news in home papers will be scanty. The cheapest and most effective link will be the weekly copy of the *North-China Herald* containing all the China news of the *North-China Daily News* and costing, including postage, $2.50 a month.

Send your name and address to the Circulation Department, North-China Herald, 17 The Bund, or Tel. 11055

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North-China Daily News
NANKING SALES

Orders for the paper and complaints regarding charges or late delivery should be made to either of the following:—
WONG ZUNG KEE, 128 Yung Ning Kia, Hsiakwan (telephone 31852)
THE NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS, Box 707, Shanghai.

The price of the North-China Daily News in Nanking is Ten Cents Only, or $3 per month, whether sold in the streets or delivered to subscribers.

We ask the co-operation of readers in establishing this price and reporting instances where higher charges are made. Postage to Nanking and a generous commission to the sellers are paid by us, making any higher charge **unnecessary.**

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PHOTOGRAPH COMPETITION

Owing to the unprecedented success of this season's photographic competition and the general interest created, it has been decided to increase the prize to $25 in each class.

Due to the fact that most competitors appeared to misunderstand what actually is a "news photograph," the opening and closing dates for this series have been changed from July 12 to July 25 to November 1 to November 14.

Full details of the competition will be found on page 6

Entries for the "Animal study" class should be sent in not later than August 22 and should be addressed to Photograph Competition, North-China Daily News.

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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

SHANGHAI CONVENTIONS

A Griffin's Experience

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I have only been in Shanghai about four months but I wish to place on record that I still find it amusing. It is a funny place indeed!

Arriving here, still warm from the arms of coddling Mother Europe, still very raw and hide-bound from the traditions and the "Thou Shalt Not's" of that rather severe-visaged over-prude parent, I was cheered to learn from the community that had preceded me, that I was about to enter on the threshold of life, that here in Shanghai a larger freedom was the reward for all those who had had the pluck to escape from the anxious guardianship of the prim old dame under whose schooling those whom I had left behind me still writhed.

What a big man I felt myself to be the first few months in Shanghai, as I drank my whisky and soda, whereas before brown beer had been my usual evening refreshment, and I broke out with cigars, and taxi-cabs home after an entertainment, whereas in the little town I came from I never smoked a cigar in my life and always walked home when the trams had stopped running.

But, now has come the denouement of this so-called freedom appertaining to what must surely rank as one of the world's most modern cities, i.e. Shanghai's Foreign Settlement. My sad disillusionment happened on Saturday evening last when I tried to enter the dining and dance room of a certain Hotel wearing the indecent attire of a Palm Beach suit and a cricket-shirt without a tie.

The Management was kindly courteous but relentlessly firm. If I wished to have a table with a view of the dance-floor I must wear some some sort of a tie, which, however, in order to minimize my inconvenience they offered to lend me. I provided myself with a black bow tie and feeling very Bohemian in my conglomerate dress I proceeded to a cosy little table in the shadows but just on the edge of the circle of the dance-floor and there I sat for a few hours immensely enjoying the music, of happiness of Shanghai's elite and the sight of the whirling figures chasing the coquette of rose-perfumed romance.

However—to get back to my grouch— as the evening wore on I became more and more astonished to see what had "passed muster" according to the requirements of the management in regard to dress. To be sure each gentleman had a tie, but what a variety of ties had sneaked in! Black bows and mourning ties, white ties and variegated dazzlers with big round spots. Then what coats and pants! I confine myself to the criticism of gentlemen's wear, of course! There were monkey jackets and black pants, and almost all sorts of masculine out-door attire except over-coats and short pants. And yet I could not get through on a Shanghai August night to indulge in the heated exercise of dancing dressed in a clean white outfit and open-necked cricket shirt.

It made me think of some of the summer dances I had attended back in the dear old country of repression and restriction from which I hail. There, after summer suns have disappeared in glowing warmth below the horizon, and the romantic night comes on, we turn to dancing as the most convivial of all pleasures for the young and little. But do "we" struggle around wringing in clamminess kept in by a strangling black bow, a stiff shirt, and a monkey jacket? No, however narking our conventionality must appear to the citizen of an emancipated community such as Shanghai, we have long taken it as a matter of course that in summertime, it is not only not impolite, but actually more pleasing in appearance when the guests at an hotel dance are attired uniformly and at their comfort in "flannels" with an open-necked shirt.

K. W. RICKETTS.

Shanghai, Aug. 10.

CHAPEI EXODUS

Animals Looked After

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—During the exodus from Chapei in 1932 the Shanghai Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals was instrumental in collecting a number of stray and abandoned animals, but its work was considerably handicapped by the precipitation of hostilities.

The present evacuation of this district has been more leisurely, and it is quite possible that a large number of refugees into the Settlement have already removed their domestic pets, etc.

The S.S.P.C.A. has been keeping a watchful eye on this angle of the present situation, but has not so far noticed much undue distress. The Society would, however, welcome co-operation from the public in this work, and notification to the Secretary (184 Mohawk Road, Telephone No. 36536) of precise instances of abandoned and suffering animals in the evacuated areas will engage our active attention.

L. A. RICKS.

Shanghai, Aug. 10.

THE CRISIS

Prospects for Foreigners

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Those who witnessed at first hand the ordeal of those residing in Chapei during the hostilities of 1932 can well sympathize with the present wild scramble for safety. When one considers the sad plights of non-combatants in the initial encounters in North China one is not apt to make light of the potential danger threatening those living in the exposed areas adjacent to Shanghai, and the influx is, therefore, altogether natural and to be expected. There is no denying that danger exists for the situation is serious; not only the Chinese are fleeing for safety but the Japanese are evacuating in vast numbers.

Yet in spite of the dark outlook the hope for peace is not dead. Competent Chinese and Japanese are working towards that end. China does not desire war and will not fight unless forced into it. It is presumed that the Japanese do not favour war if they can secure the acceptance of their rigid terms without fighting. It is much cheaper that way. The Central Government has done its utmost to localize the encounters and refrained from using its air and land forces in the defence of Pingtsin area. Had these participated, the initial success of the Japanese could not have been obtained so cheaply nor so quickly. The non-participation of the Chinese air force had cost China dearly in lives of soldiers and civilians for Japanese air squadrons were ruthless in bombing and machine-gunning the Chinese besides acting as eyes of their infantry and artillery. The 29th Army were not only out-equipped but had to fight practically blindfolded and subjected to overhead attack. There is not the slightest doubt that China sincerely desires peace, but will Japan meet her, say even one third of the way?

Your excellent journal and some of its foreign contemporaries have pleaded for a peaceful liquidation of the present trouble and it is fair to assume that these reflect the crystallized opinion of the non-Japanese foreign community, but I regret that so far no tangible suggestions for peace—firm offers for peace—have been evident emanating from the foreign community. I do not think the judicious offering of good offices would be at variance with the manifested indisposition on the part of the Japanese to extraneous interference which is applicable only to officious busy-bodies. The well-intended friendly intervention of interested parties should be suffered by all means.

Japan has freely played Chinese against Chinese so I may be excused for playing not "one foreign state against another" but for attempting to play all foreign states against one. However I will play fair by forewarning you to be careful of what I am about to say. All I ask is that you think it over carefully. China is only one of the markets of your country and perhaps your government and people do not attach much importance to it, but to you who are here, this is your market. A market full of potentialities of development and one that had taken your predecessors decades and decades to build up. Are you going to stand still and nonchalantly see it destroyed without doing anything to prevent it? I know you are only too prone to hold meetings and pass resolutions calling your home government to protest against any insignificant regulation of the Chinese Government, but here some terrific thing is happening and you stand like one in a stupor. Why the silence and inactivity?

QED.

Shanghai, Aug. 9.

***Comment on page 4.

A Compartmented World

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—In view of another undeclared war which is going on in the Hopei Province of China, there are some people who humbly ask what may be proposed to do in order to bring about solutions rather satisfactory and honourable to both China and Japan. It may be worth while for them to consider the view of Sir George Paish, for example. He is a governor of the London School of Economics and Political Science.

Let me quote a part of his address to the American Academy of Political and Social Science as printed in its Annals for July, 1937. That part dealing with "the world situation and the way out" clearly reflects his view as follows:

> Every nation in the world is in fact pursuing a policy which if continued will amount to political and economic suicide. In the first place, that policy is already creating in many countries such difficulties and privations as to threaten to throw those nations into revolution, and unless changed, that policy must sooner or later bring very great distress to all countries and bring revolutionary conditions even to the richest countries. In the second place, it is becoming increasingly evident that if nations continue to be impoverished in the way that many nations are to-day being reduced to poverty, the repercussions will be not only internal but external as well, and war will be the inevitable consequence, a war so disastrous that the entire world will be reduced to chaos and ruin. This is no overdrawn picture. It is a true description of the situation as it exists to-day. Indeed, everyone with knowledge and understanding of the situation recognizes its truth.
>
> The question which you, I am sure, will ask me is not 'Is this a true statement of the situation as it exists to-day?' but 'How can this dangerous situation be rectified and this disastrous outlook changed?' Let me say, I should not have come to place the situation before you, did I not realize that it can be changed if everyone can be caused to realize its gravity and so be prepared to act with understanding and common sense.
>
> The present danger has arisen in the main because everyone is working in a compartment and does not understand or appreciate the relationship of his own activities to the common activities of his fellow men. This applies to nations as well as to individuals. Each person imagines that he has merely to consider his own narrow interest and all will be well; he does not realize that unless his interest is in line with the common interest, sooner or later disaster is inevitable. How many of us recognize the truth of a very wise statement made collectively by the world's greatest men of business before the breakdown in 1929, in their effort to prevent that breakdown? They said, 'Your neighbours are your customers and their welfare is essential to your own well-being.'
>
> What a different world it would be to-day if as individuals we realized that the prosperity of our neighbours is essential to our own prosperity, and that to enjoy great prosperity each one needs not only to cause no injury to his neighbours, but do all he can to promote the general prosperity! What an amazingly prosperous world there would be if we all helped one another to be prosperous, realizing that our own prosperity would follow as inevitably as day follows night, if we sought our own welfare by promoting the common welfare instead of seeking our own self-interest at the expense of others!
>
> This is true of nations as of individuals. Every nation is to-day seeking to preserve what it regards as its own interests without considering the interests of others and consequently the entire world is on the road that leads to distress without parallel in the history of mankind. The first thing to be done, therefore, is to recognize that each one of us in these days is part of a great family, and that in so far as we make the entire family prosperous, we promote our own prosperity. What an amazing change will take place both in the immediate situation and in the outlook of the peoples of every nationality for all time, when this great change of thought and of outlook takes place!....
>
> And how great would be the change in international relations under a policy that did not push the nations into unparalleled distress but brought them into unprecedented prosperity! Nations do not make war upon friends but upon enemies. And the new policy would mean that by helping one another out of their mutual distress, the nations would cease to be enemies and would become friends.
>
> The present policy really is not possible when you see what is happening. It leads to chaos and ruin. Let us turn around and go in the other direction. Let us have a conference, let us bring our contributions, let us ask the other nations what they need and what we can do for them, and what they in turn can do for us. Let us look upon the entire world, all the nations, as members of one family, which they are.....
>
> Then let us come together, consider the problems in common, and let each nation bring its contribution to their solution. And it must not be the smallest contribution, but the greatest possible contribution that each one can make. And only when those contributions are made will this danger of world collapse, world distress, world ruin, world revolution, and world war disappear. Shall we not make these things possible?

J. USANG LY.

Shanghai, Aug. 10.

AIDS TO THE WAR ON CRIME

Home Secretary on the Use of Science

POLICEMAN AS A GUIDE AND PHILOSOPHER

Sir Samuel Hoare, the Home Secretary, speaking at the annual meeting of the Central Discharged Prisoners' Aid Society, held at the Home Office said the main objective was to keep people out of prison. But if they committed crimes and went to prison it was vital to keep them from going back after discharge, and to get them a new start in life.

Behind these objectives there was the widest possible field of social reform generally, and in particular of prison reform, criminal law amendment probation work, and aid work for the employment of prisoners when they were released. The pioneers in these matters were not sentimentalists. For the most part they were the men and women, the experts, who were dealing daily with the problems of crime. Least of any people did they wish to let crime go undetected or unpunished, and least of all did they wish to make prison life pleasant for the criminal. Side by side, therefore, with the development of the humane and intelligent treatment of prisoners the police war against crime and the society's defensive measures against the dangerous criminal must go on.

The Police and Wireless

The police were more and more adopting the help of science in their attack upon crime, and wireless was playing an increasing part in their efforts, while scientific laboratories, such as those in London and Nottingham, were doing work which a few years ago would have been inconceivable.

The Probation Committees and their officers had done remarkable work, and he intended in the autumn to try to extend it by introducing new regulations, while he was starting at once a training course for probation officers.

Criminal legislation should be brought up to date with the modern practices of criminal administration. He knew that it was very difficult to fit such legislation into an over-full Government programme, but while he could not give his pledge he would like to see that legislation, which was already overdue, before the end of this Parliament. Administration had outstepped legislation, and the two should be brought into step. Both prison buildings and the training in them should be modernized. He knew that much had been done, but much remained to be done, and the people who really knew—the Prison Commissioners, visiting justices, and the social workers among prisoners—were specially anxious to see many improvements.

Discharged Prisoners

He urged the society to concentrate upon employment for discharged prisoners, for in so doing they would find him much more than wages; they would give him a new life. The Home Office, said the Home Secretary, used to be regarded as little more than a department of convenient regulations for the maintenance of law and order, but he had seen enough of it to say that it was a department of sympathetic and common sense progress in the fields with which it was connected. Not so long ago the policeman was little more than the enemy of the criminal, but now he was often regarded as the guide, philosopher, and friend of the general public.

In conclusion, Sir Samuel Hoare paid a tribute to employers who were willing to give another chance to discharged prisoners, emphasizing that without their cooperation it would not be possible for the society to carry on. Such employers and the workers for the society were helping men and women when they most needed it, and were instruments for transforming prisoners into good citizens.

S. V. C. ROUTINE ORDERS

Corps Routine Orders by Colonel F. R. W. Graham, Commanding Shanghai Volunteer Corps.

Officers:—The following extracts from the Municipal Gazette dated August 6, 1937 are published for information:—Infantry:—Chinese Company—Lt C. G. Hoh resigns his commission, Aug. 1, 1937. Services:—The undermentioned officer's commission is renewed under Art XI of Corps Regs.—Chaplains.—The Rev Father R. de B. Jacquinot, R. C., Chapln. to the Corps 3rd cl., Aug. 3, 1937.

Discharge:—No. 7574423 S/Cgt. A. V. Lee, R.A.O.C. is discharged from the British Army with effect from 2-8-37 under para 383 (XXIII) King's Regulation 1935. Authority O/C R.A.O.C. Records No. R 1100/545, dated 15-6-37.

Appointments:—Mr. A. V. Lee is taken on the strength of the Corps with effect from 3-8-37 and is appointed Corps Quartermaster Sergeant.

Inter-Unit Transfer:—Private G. H. Ewart, "B" Company is transferred to American Company with effect from 6-8-37.

Strength:—(a) Increase:—The undermentioned are taken on the strength of the Corps and their units on dates shown.—Corps Troops:—Signals Company N. T. Drake, "A" Cl. Res, 6-8-37. "A" Battalion:—Scottish Company H. B. McLean 6-8-37. "B" Battalion:—Philippine Company B. R. Endaya 2-8-37. American (M. G.) Co. R. M. Welch, 6-8-37. "C" Battalion:—No. 3 (Vol) Company I. Koreneff, 2-8-37. G. Alexeyeff, 2-8-37. G. Troyan, 2-8-37. (b) Decrease:—The undermentioned are taken off the strength of the Corps and their units on dates shown,—"A" Battalion:—Air Defence (S) Co. R. Sleap, 4-8-37 Business Reasons. "B" Battalion:—Portuguese Co. H. da Costa, 6-8-37 Business Reasons. H. de Sousa, 6-8-37 Ill Health. Philippine Co. E. Endaya 28-7-37 Business Reasons.

Leave:—Signals Company.—Capt A. Herzberg from 7-5-37 to 30-9-37. Chaplains.—Rev. E. W. Luccock from 5-8-37 to 9-9-37.

PROLONGING LIFE OF MOTORS

Automobile Engineers On A Year of Progress

The Institution of Automobile Engineers held a demonstration of the past year's research work at its premises near Brentford, on the Great West Road, recently. The interest of the work was largely technical and somewhat esoteric, but there were certain points of interest to the general motoring public, and some embryonic developments which may have significance in years to come. For example, one student has been working on squeaking brakes for a year.

The number of manufacturers and operators affiliated to the union has risen in the past year from 220 to 253. There has also been an increase in the amount of the Government grant to the institution. This grant advances as the contributions of affiliated members advance, and total expenditure in the year has exceeded £15,000.

Members of the institution consider that the most valuable work of the year has been done on cylinder wear and the wear and cracking of bearings; other researches have been on gear durability, cold starting of petrol engines, and lubricating oil consumption. The investigation of cylinder wear suggests that the use of light oil lengthens the life of a cylinder at a small extra expense, much wear being due to corrosion. But, in the experience of many research workers, the problem of wear and cracking of bearings now overshadows that of cylinder wear. Work on two big-end testing machines has been carried on continuously in order further to discover the effect of varying temperatures and the viscosity of oil, and to find out how different bearing metals stand up to wear and tear. In brief, the past year's work of the institution has been mainly directed towards the evolution of an automobile engine which will last longer.

IMPORT DUTIES ON WORKS OF ART

The British Import Duties Advisory Committee give notice that they have under consideration the addition to the Free List of works of art of the following classes or descriptions—sculptures, whether in the round, in relief, or in intaglio, and hand-engraved or etched blocks, plates, or other material and hand-printed impressions thereof framed or unframed.

The committee also give notice of applications for increases in the import duties on hand hair-clippers of all kinds and parts thereof; dynamo lighting sets for cycles (other than motor-cycles) and parts thereof; cycle bells, and parts (other than bell domes) thereof; and bell domes of all descriptions.

ROYAL PATRIOTIC FUND CORPORATION

In the absence of the Duke of Connaught Sir Bertram Blakiston Cubitt (vice-president) presided over the annual meeting of the Royal Patriotic Fund Corporation at the Middlesex Guildhall.

The annual report stated that the total amount spent by the various funds during 1936 was £63,599, as against £63,425 in 1935. Receipts amounted to £54,038. The number of applications for assistance had been as numerous as ever, but in investigating the various cases it was noted with pleasure that the improved opportunities for employment had restored many families to a better financial position, and there was less difficulty in placing boys and girls in suitable employment when leaving school.

The speakers included Miss E. H. Kelly (who spoke of the Royal Victoria Patriotic School), Sir Harry Hayward, Lord FitzAlan and Major-General Sir Frederick Robb.

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AT 184 MOHAWK ROAD

Lot No.
1 GREY PONY
2 CHESTNUT PONY 13-2, P/14.
3 GREY PONY
4 DANVIL Bay 13-1, F/21, S.R.C. 1935 griffin, winner and placed.
5 LIEBENFELS Grey 13-2, L/256, "Y" Class, started several times.
6 ST. PAUL Grey 13-0, L/502.
7 DONAU Grey 12-3, G/22, "Y" Class.
8 ROYAL CHANGE Bay 13-0, J/123, S.R.C. 1937 Sub-griffin, Has been placed.
9 SUNRAY Grey griffin J/213, 13-1, "Y" Class.
10 QUALITYLEG Dun 13-0, G/164, C.J.C. 1936 griffin, winner of race.
11 BLACK LIST Chestnut 13-2, G/391, Griffin of 1937 "Y" Class. 2nd Inter-Club Griffin Stakes Spring 1937 and good polo pony.
12 PLAYHOUSE Roan 13-1, U/593, "Y" Class, winner and placed many times.
13 GREY GRIFFIN J/287, 13-1, 7 yrs. old, "Y" Class, unstarted, Quiet to ride and good manners.
14 MISTRAL Chestnut 13-1, G/27, S.R.C. 1936 griffin, winner and placed several times.
15 CRAFTDOM Dun 13-2, P/677, C.J.C. 1934 griffin, Has been placed many times quiet to ride.
16 GREY GRIFFIN J/164, 13-1, aged, "Y" Class.
17 PRINCE OF MERCHANTS Brown 13-0, J/101, S.R.C. 1937 Sub-griffin.
18 SUNNY-RIBBON Bay 13-2, F/885, S.R.C. 1935 Sub-griffin, winner and placed.
19 LOCHRANZA BAY Chestnut 13-0, J/85, S.R.C. 1937 Sub-griffin, started.
20 MERRY RAMOS Chestnut 13-0, P/600, C.J.C. 1934 griffin, winner and placed many times.
21 FAIRY COCKATOO Chestnut 13-2, P/208, C.J.C. 1934 griffin, winner and placed many times.
22 SWAP Bay 13-1, F/487, I.R.C. 1935 Sub-griffin, winner and placed many times.

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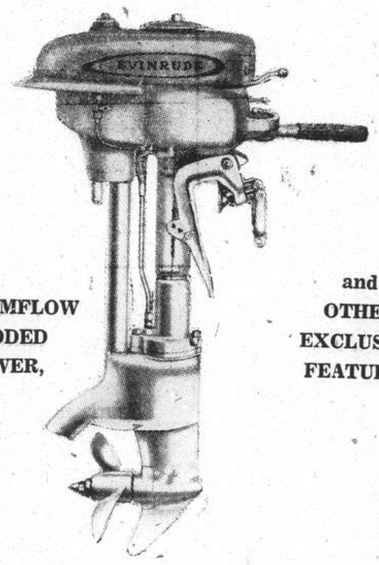

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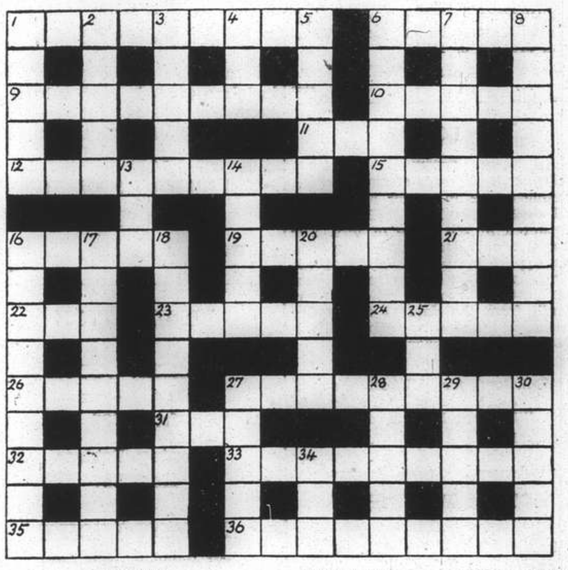

ACROSS

1 An implement many a man may carry or a team in an inter-port boat race
6 To the sapper, of course, this word has at least two meanings
9 A bird's egg in bed shows warped understanding
10 Adjective of nationality
11 Teetotallers are safe in describing this drink as a snare
12 You may get this food from a green tin
15 "Uncertain, coy, and hard to please" (Scott)
16 Scottish town
19 From this one pole one might make a brace
21 This men's combination will retreat if turned back
22 Equip
23 A native salt that suggests an artist shut up
24 Vehicle from a French town
26 Just a greeting from an English port and nothing more
27 This foolish fellow would seem to be a mere weight
31 This creature ladies used to wear for warmth
32 A S. African quadruped (you may want to alter later)
33 An aid to sight
35 Town of Italy
36 Wood that would seem suitable material for making 19 across

DOWN

1 With a young animal it might be its length
2 Tree
3 This lets the finer pass
4 Aviators often pass this by on their way from London to Liverpool
5 A fastener that may be driven to raise
6 Oddly enough Brighton inhabitants, for example, often go up this way for a walk
7 Scarcely auspicious
8 Opera
13 Boat that might have been a carriage
14 Bring on oneself, suggesting "Kennel up!"
16 French actress
17 Part of a clock; you want to in ordinary surroundings
18 A fireside fairy?
20 Fair, forty, and alas fat?
25 Time for a lady
27 An abbreviated county
28 This law takes the place of the laws of the country
29 Musical direction
30 Relative
34 The head of 32 across

HOLIDAY NEWS

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SOLUTION OF LONDON PUZZLE No. 1286

Shanghai Proves Summer Resort

Varied Charms and Comforts: Cabaret Post Cards: Fruit Drinks

Never before in its history has Shanghai seemed such a summer resort. It will soon be advertising itself as the place par excellence for happy summer holidays. Those of us who are old enough residents of Shanghai-on-the-Whangpoo that we have a right to go around saying "I remember when" can recall the days when vacationers who were obliged to pass through Shanghai on their way to greener fields and pastures fairer went through on the double, as it were, and fled the fiery furnace by the first available transport.

To be sure, Martha recollects a few rare souls who, after being isolated because of their work in some remote and isolated section, pined so for the society of their kind, for the thrill of morning papers, the comparatively swift arrival of mail and the metropolitan luxuries of cinemas and ice-cream that they gladly passed up the charms of mountain and beach for the comforts and pleasures which Shanghai at that time afforded. They were, however, looked upon as distinctly eccentric, and were admonished not to jeopardize their health by omitting their usual sylvan outings.

Cultural Invasions

Shanghai went along adding new hot weather comforts each season until those who were obliged to stay in town the year round began to appreciate their blessings instead of grumbling the season through. Wives began to feel that they might as well remain in town long enough to find out why their husbands were so willing to do without their holidays and children began to beg to be allowed to stay in Shanghai and go to the swimming pools of the various clubs in the mornings. By the by, who remembers when the indoor swimming pool near Hongkew Park was practically the only plunge here?

As transportation became cheaper and more rapid more children who had been sent overseas for their education were able to come back to China for the summer. They had many friendships to renew and often did not wish to leave Shanghai for the short time they were at home, especially when the old home town offered so many attractions.

Besides the pupils there began to arrive by ones and twos their teachers. American instructors are supposed to spend their long vacations not alone in idle relaxation and recreation but to equip themselves the better for the business of imparting information and inspiration to their charges in the autumn. Summer sessions flourish in universities and normal schools.

The Summer Trek

Then came the bright idea of travelling instead of attending institutions of higher learning. Although this did not lead directly to the extra degrees towards which the American teacher is always struggling, it was viewed with approval by school boards and educational authorities generally and became more and more popular with the faculty themselves. The steamship companies and travel bureaux hailed with acclaim and developed the idea until now the summer peregrinating professors are turning to the Far East as well as to the haunts of culture in Europe.

The personally conducted party to Shanghai and way in summer points has reached such dimensions that it is definitely recognized by merchants and provision is made to meet the needs of its members just as much as for the round-the-world tours of the winter or the demands of the Christmas or Easter trade. Night Clubs and hotels have good reason to bless the summer vacations that direct the migratory impulse of educators and students to the Far East in July and August. Not of course that it is only this class which we welcome to these shores in the summer, but they deserve the credit for having started off the See-Shanghai-in-Summer crusade.

Shanghai Entertainment

This year, of course, the unhappy war scares have greatly increased Shanghai's popularity. It is not that tourists love Peking less or that their interest in Korea and the Diamond Mountains has fallen off but they have been definitely warned off these areas and Shanghai and its people are the gainers thereby. We have the excitement of welcoming our guests and in our efforts to justify the climate and the typhoons we find ourselves falling back upon the "exceptional season" excuse as glibly as any Native Son or Daughter of California.

Still, as those of us who are living here and liking it can testify, Shanghai has lots to offer the strangers who step off on our docks and jetties. They will have a difficult time exploring all our night clubs, no matter how conscientiously they devote themselves to the study. Our shops are doing their best for them. Cinemas and many hotels are air-conditioned. We pride ourselves on our hospitality and although Shanghai is not long on temples and pagodas there is plenty of "atmosphere" for those who will seek it, and it is an exceptional traveller who can truly grumble about there being "nothing to do" here.

Speaking of Night Clubs

One of the sights which our visitors especially enjoy is the cabaret and when there both men and women are thrilled by the sight of the Chinese dance hostesses, svelte and soignée in their long, slim gowns, so demure at first sight and yet so piquantly revealing graceful legs. One of the most frequent remarks is: "How picturesque! I wish I had a picture of them." Well, now you have.

The talented young Austrian artist, Frederick Schiff, has sketched a dozen different types for the Chinese America Publishing Company and they are now on sale at the American Bookshop at $1.50 the set, inimitable reproductions of this phase of Shanghai's night life.

One sees the ultra-sophisticated young thing who is trying out a foreign style dance frock, along with other fascinations, on a portly sugar daddy. There is the provocative taxi-dancer turning her back on the "gob" but with a come-on attitude so plainly expressed in the turn of her pretty hand that one is not surprised to see her dancing in his vigorous embrace in another sketch.

As there are many feminine dancing partners they are sometimes left to languish in their own society through a dance or between turns and Mr. Schiff has adroitly conveyed their confidences, their apparent absorption in each other, their boredom or their dancing together to display their steps. There is the wisp of a girl with the husky M.P.; the charmer with the substantial Chinese gentleman, more accustomed to sing-song girls than this new type; Two Japanese, in Far Eastern and

The cotton lace frock enjoys a well-deserved popularity this season. Equally appropriate for town or country, for tailored or formal wear, it rates a place in every wardrobe.

Western costumes, dance together; a young Chinese in soft shoes guides a pretty partner and a haughty beauty scans the wares of the cigarette boy. Every picture tells its story and the expressions are wonderfully done.

The set, attractively coloured as it is, will not only prove popular as post cards but it has been suggested already that they would make wonderful place cards and that many a homesick ex-Shanghailander would appreciate a set for framing.

What's Yours?

Cabarets suggest drinks as a matter of course but it isn't necessary to go to a cabaret for that, as every Shanghai visitors learns almost as soon as he lands. "What will you drink?" "What about the other half?" "Isn't it time for a long, cold one?" is heard on every side. Famous round the world are the Shanghai drinks but in summer the most popular drink is a soft one, at least during the day.

Urged by medical authority and encouraged by ideals of comfort as well as health, the savvy person calls for a fruit drink during the heat of the day and bars, clubs and housekeepers recognize the appeal of Watson's pure fruit squashes and keep a generous supply on hand—preferably tightly corked and stored in a cool, dry place.

The juice of citrus fruits has long been found a very valuable aid to health in tropical and semi-tropical climates and the lime, which is used in Watson's lime juice cordial, actually contains more mineral salts and more of the natural citric and phosphoric acide with vitamins A, B, and C than the lemon. Watson's lime juice cordial is prepared from the juice of specially selected, sun-ripened fruit, sweetened with pure cane sugar. Not only is it an excellent thirst quencher but it is of benefit to those suffering from rheumatism, gout and the like, also to those subject to acidosis. When you wish an ideal hot weather stimulant try Watson's Lime Juice Cordial, mixing in even parts with a good gin. You'll find it has the right tang and flavour, and though you may not know it, lime juice eliminates the alcohol content from the blood with remarkable speed. This cordial is only $1.85 the bottle.

Fruit Squashes

Other Watson specialities are the orange, lemon and grape fruit squashes made from the juice of sun-ripened fruit which is presented to the public in concentrated form so that one needs only to add water to bring it back to natural strength and to give a health-giving, thirst-quenching and delicious drink. It is particularly suitable for children as it is a natural health drink. As each bottle is only $1.50 and twenty-five glasses may be made from a single bottle it is an inexpensive aid to summer health and comfort.

Barley water is recommended by the medical profession as a valuable drink in kidney complaints, stomach troubles and tropical fevers and deserves recognition as a dietetic. With the addition of lemon as in Watson's Lemon Barley Water, $1.85 the bottle, it is a delightful drink which contains all the health-giving principle of barley water in a very palatable form, splendid for children and invalids.

Watsons's Fruit Syrups, $1.50 the bottle, comprise almond, apricot, banana, cherry, chocolate, grape, grenadine, pear, peach, raspberry, vanilla and with soda or plain water added make refreshing and distinctive drinks.

What Shall We Eat To-day?

The following are a few tested recipes for cookies and little cakes made with packaged cereals, and will be found a welcome addition to the fund of such things that is needed with the children home from school these summer days. Youngsters are always hungry and are always going on picnics; these will delight them, and the older people in the family too, and are thoroughly wholesome as well as delicious.

Grapenut Ice-Box Cookies

Crunchy as can be is this cereal cooky which sojourns in the refrigerator before it is ready to be sliced and baked. The variety of flavouring extracts used adds a delicious mystery. Cream one cup firm shortening with two cups brown sugar. Add two well-beaten eggs, one teaspoon orange extract, one teaspoon almond extract and one teaspoon lemon extract. Sift one teaspoon soda, one and one-half teaspoons baking powder with three and one-half cups flour and combine with the wet ingredients. Lastly, add two cups Grapenuts, pinch salt, mix thoroughly. Shape in rolls, cover with waxed paper and chill several hours in the refrigerator. Slice thin and bake ten minutes at 375° F. Ninety cookies.

Chocolate Cereal Cookies

It's a triangle! And a nice one, chocolate and two cereals. Melt two squares chocolate in the upper part of a double boiler. Add a can of sweetened condensed milk and cook, stirring, for five minutes, or until the mixture is well thickened. Add one teaspoon vanilla, one-quarter teaspoon salt and one and one-half cups Shredded Wheat, or similar wheat cereal, crumbled, then measured and rolled until they are almost as fine as bread crumbs. And one and one-half cups Puffed Wheat. Mix well. Drop by spoonfuls on an oiled baking pan. Press three or four kernels of the Puffed Wheat into the top of each cooky and bake twelve minutes at 375° F.

Mixed Cereal Cookies

Dissolve one and one-half teaspoons soda in five tablespoons milk. Beat two eggs and add two cups sugar. Combine one-half teaspoon maple flavouring extract with the milk and egg mixture and add one cup melted shortening or cooking oil. Combine with two and one-half cups flour which has been sifted with one-half teaspoon cinnamon and one-half teaspoon salt. Add two cups Puffed Rice and two cups Corn Flakes or Wheat Flakes and two cups quick cooking oatmeal (uncooked). Mix well and drop by spoonfuls on an oiled baking surface. Bake about ten minutes at 375° F.

Ice-Itself Cake

Cream one-half cup shortening. Add one cup brown sugar. Cream again. Add two beaten eggs flavoured with one-quarter teaspoon black walnut flavouring extract. Beat in one and three-quarters cups flour which has been sifted with two teaspoons baking powder and one-half teaspoon salt. Add alternately with one-half cup cold, strong coffee or milk. Finally add two cups Puffed Wheat which has been tossed about in a little of the flour. Pour into a shallow oblong pan and sprinkle the top with a mixture of one cup brown sugar, one teaspoon cinnamon and three quarters cup Shredded Wheat crumbs which have been crumbled, rolled as fine as bread crumbs and measured after rolling. Bake thirty minutes in a moderate oven (375° F.).

Instant Cookies

Cream one-third cup peanut butter with one cup sugar. Blend in one egg and one-third cup milk which has stood for ten minutes with two tablespoons lemon juice. Sift one cup flour, one cup Cream of Wheat, one-half teaspoon baking powder, one-half teaspoon soda, one teaspoon salt. Blend thoroughly. Drop by spoonfuls on a greased cooky pan. Bake eight minutes at 425° F. Sixty cookies.

Bran Cookies

Cream one-half cup shortening with one cup brown sugar, add one well-beaten egg and one cup bran. Sift one and one-half cups all-purpose flour, one teaspoon baking powder and one-half teaspoon salt. Combine. Shape in a roll two inches in diameter, wrap in wax paper, store overnight in the refrigerator. Cut thin, bake on a greased pan for ten minutes in a hot oven (400° F.). About sixty two-inch cookies.

Children's Colic.

Colic is a common trouble with infants and little children. Gas forms in the stomach and bowels and the consequent pain causes the child to cry out, he draws his legs up close to the body and refuses to be quieted.

Baby's Own Tablets are his urgent need and mothers should have these handy for just such an emergency. Keep the bowels and lower limbs warm and administer Baby's Own Tablets according to the directions and usually the colic will quickly vanish.

Baby's Own Tablets are equally helpful for the correction of many other childish ailments such as constipation, vomiting, diarrhoea, colds and croup, simple fever, and worms. And, during the troublesome teething period, they quickly ease the pain by settling the stomach and relieving inflammation in the gums. Obtainable at all chemists.

Baby's Own Tablets.

MARKET PRICES

The following prices are the maximum for best cut or grade obtainable in Hongkew Market on August 10, 1937. Prices are quoted per lb. in Shanghai dollar-cents unless otherwise stated.

BUTCHER'S MEAT

Beef	15-30	Veal	20-40
Pork	25-35	Mutton	22-45

FISH

Bream	40-50	Mandarin	60-70
Carp	20-25	Pomfret	20-25
Cod, S'hai	20-25	Prawns, each	15
Cod, Ningpo	20-25	Salmon	20-25
Eel	30-40	Samli	lb. 40-50
Halibut	20-25	Shrimps	30-40
Lobster	1.00-1.20	Whitebait	25
Mackerel	20-25	Yellow Fish	15-20

POULTRY, GAME AND EGGS

Chicken, Spr. each	50	Pigeon, Wild, each	12
Duck, each	60-1.00	Rabbit	50
Eggs, doz.	30-35	Snipe, each	15
Fowl	40-45	Turkey	50-65
Goose, each	90-1.50	Woodcock, each	50
Pigeon, each	20		

VEGETABLES

Asparagus	40	Lettuce	5
Bamboo shoots	15	Onions	3
Beans, French	20	Okra	8
Beans, haricot	8	Onions, small	10
Beetroot	4	Onions, Spr.	3
Ch. Celery bunch	4	Parsnips	3
Cabbage	3	Pumpkin	2
Carrots	5	Potatoes	3
Celery, U.S. bnch	1.20	Potatoes sweet	5
Chilies	6	Potatoes, picul	3.00
Cucumber	20	Potatoes new	3
Egg-plant	5	Radish bunch	2
Endive, each	8	Red cabbage	10
Garlic	4	Rhubarb	10
Ginger	8	Spinach	4
Green Corn each	2	Squash each	4
Green Pepper lb.	8	Tomatoes	4-6
Horse radish	20	Turnips	4
Kale	5	White Beans	8
Kohlrabi bunch	3	Veg. Marrow	4
Leeks bunch	2		

FRUIT

Aust. Apples	lb. 45	Lemons, each	15-20
Aust. Grapes	60	Melon each	30-40
Aust. Pears	lb. 45	Oranges	2.00-3.00
Am. G. apple	lb. 45	Peaches	lb. 12.-20
Bananas	7	Pears Chi.	10-18
Coconuts	20-25	Plum	10-15
Dairen Apples	25-30	Pumelo, ca.	lb. 30-35
Figs	8	Water Melon	5
Grapefruit ea.	30-35		

GRAIN AND FLOUR

Flour S'hai 50lb.	4.30	Flour U.S. 49lb.	8.25
Aus. 49lb.	6.50	Rice 260lb.	16.00
Can. 49lb.	7.50		

MILK

Grade A pint	25-40	Grade B pint	17-25

FODDER

Barley	114lb. 5.10	Bran	114lb. 3.60

FUEL

Best Anthracite (metric tons)	$28.00
No. 1 House Coal	$23.00
No. 1 Kitchen Coal	$18.00
Firewod: 20 large bundles	$ 1
Firewood: 32 small bundles	$ 1

A TOUCH OF THE SUN

Treatment for Sun or Heat Stroke

Too hot days descending upon us suddenly are apt to overcome some people, who cannot stand too much heat. As soon as anyone shows signs of distress, due to the heat, insist upon their going to bed. See that only very light clothes are on the bed.

The room should be kept darkened and quiet; cool drinks administered, but only a very light diet. Absolute quiet, coolness, and a dim light will soon restore the victim of the heat-wave.

An eau de Cologne bandage or an ice-pack placed on the forehead is very refreshing to the patient. Keep everyone out of the room for the day, as there is always a certain amount of exhaustion to deal with in these cases and the quieter they are kept the better for a time. Above all do not fuss your heat-wave victim!

Barley water and lemonade is an excellent drink to give, as it is cooling and not too heavy. If the day is very hot keep any windows where the sun is shining directly on the patient closed, as to open them would only make it hotter. As soon as the sun's rays are off the windows, they can be opened. If necessary, stretch a piece of net or butter muslin tightly over the open window, so that it can be left open without fear of your patient being worried by wasps or mosquitoes.

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Lipstick, fifteen years ago, was a hazardous affair. But to-day, with scientific minds creating flattering colours and such beauty experts as Mr. G. L. Michel, achieving wonders in "permanent" indelible lipsticks, this beauty aid has advanced to the forward ranks.

Lipsticks rival face powder for first place on the dressing table, and draw new users every day. For it is a fact that once a woman uses lipstick she never stops because the wonders this beauty aid can achieve are all too evident.

Beauty editors, fashion leaders, and lovely women all agree that lipstick—or the absence of it—can make or mar the beauty of a woman. Lipstick is recognized as the most "youthifying" beautifier in the modern vanity-box. Lipstick brings life to the face, adds sparkle and vividness to the personality of the sixteen or the sixty year old.

But Take Care!

But a lipstick to do its wearer justice must be skilfully made. It must add proper colour and as much of it as may be wanted. It must add freshness but not shine. It must not smudge. It must stay on. It must protect the lips. It must be agreeable to smell and taste, and it must be applied carefully.

These are only a few of the musts and must nots, and the lipstick that meets all the requirements is a treasure indeed. Michel Lipstick does, for in its manufacture nothing has been left to chance, and that is why it has gained so much favour among discriminating women.

A famous beauty authority states that no smart woman confines herself to just one shade of lipstick. She has at least two shades; one for evening and one for day time. In fact, the most discriminating of smart women use several shades, for they consider also the colour of their dress. With dresses of a definitely blue or purplish tone, a lipstick with a blue cast is used; with dresses of vivid orange or yellow, a lipstick with an orange cast. Indeed that shade of lipstick is used which harmonizes with their particular complexions as affected by the dress they wear and the time of day or night.

Experimenting with several shades is necessary and worthwhile. Michel lipsticks in their variety of shades offer just what is needed for every occasion. Michel lipsticks have been known and favoured the world over by lovely ladies for years.

FOOT COMFORTS IN SUMMER

It is perfectly impossible to enjoy the long, sunny days of warm weather if one is suffering endless tortures due to various foot troubles. With just a little commonsense, however, a good many minor foot troubles—which are none the less painful—could be avoided. Attention given to the feet regularly is amply repaid by the extra comfort derived.

If hot weather stockings should be fresh every day, as perspiration causes the soles of the stockings to become hard when dry, consequently causing a certain amount of friction to the soles of the feet, when worn again.

If possible the same pair of shoes should never be worn day after day, or even all day, if this can be avoided, as the mere fact of changing into a fresh cool pair of shoes has a very restful effect upon the feet.

Eau de Cologne Bath

The feet should be bathed regularly, and if necessary dusted with a deodorant powder, talcum powder or boracic powder. A little eau de Cologne rubbed into the soles is very refreshing.

Half an hour's rest with the feet up comfortably helps a great deal on a hot tiring day, as this relieves the pressure on the veins. The average housewife has a good deal of running about and standing to do in the course of the day, and she should not neglect to give herself a short rest like this every day.

Comfortable shoes should be worn, but it is a mistake to wear "soft shoes" continually, even in the house, as these allow the feet to spread too much. Care should be taken to see that stockings are not too short in the feet, as these can cause much discomfort.

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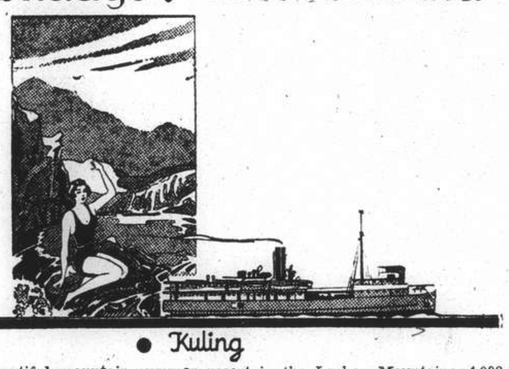

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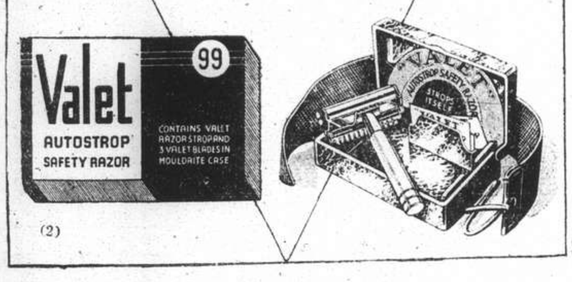

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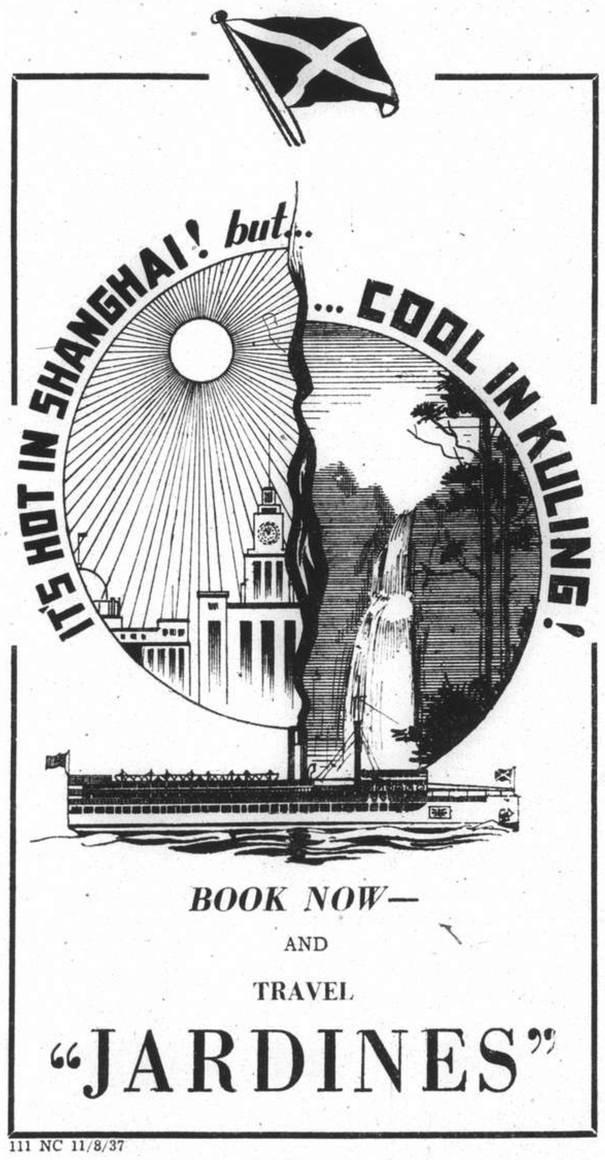

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All Announcements in this column are charged at the rate of $3 per insertion.

DEATH

POWELL.—On August 8, 1937, at Faberkrankenhaus, Tsingtao, CHRISTIANE PHYLLIS, darling daughter of Charles and Gabrielle Powell, aged one year. 8880

CARD

Dr. and Mrs. H. C. CHANG and family wish to thank their many friends for the kind messages of sympathy and for the beautiful flowers sent to the funeral in memory of Dr. Chang's mother. 8879

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

WILL SANITY WIN?

Madness alone can permit the present Sino-Japanese tension to lead to major hostilities. Both sides are vehemently announcing the inevitability of war and appear to be taking measures in accord with that determination. The world, as a whole, recognizes the relentlessness of Japanese aggression. It sympathetically discerns China's physical handicap. Although, admittedly, it can do little or nothing to sway the course of events, its opinion, as freely expressed, may show the way to peace. Apart from the serious economic consequences of the burden of a continental campaign, Japan has much to gain by restraint. Whatever criticisms may be levelled against her, she would at least be entitled to her share of gratitude for an eleventh-hour settlement. Such a termination of the crisis would redound more materially to her advantage than engagement in an extensive "punitive" expedition which would inevitably involve a heavy expenditure of lives and money, weak though the opposition might be. China, on her side, is fortified in the effort to secure peace by the knowledge that her distressing dilemma is widely recognized, both within and without. A decision to refuse to plunge thousands of her people into the horrors of war which, in the long run, could have nothing for her but destruction and slaughter, would be a signal act of wisdom. It would be more: it would show that China has a Government which can achieve the most difficult of all feats of statesmanship—the display of moral courage in facing and acting on unpalatable facts for the ultimate good of the nation and the proper discharge of its own primary responsibilities, as custodian of the people's welfare. Even now the frantic demonstrations of apprehension emphasized by spontaneous movements of masses of the population to points of imagined safety would justify any government in the conviction that a peaceful settlement is the greatest boon which it can bestow upon the nation.

The discussions between Mr. Shigeru Kawagoe and emissaries from Nanking suggest that all is not lost. In the last week General Chiang Kai-shek has had the opportunity of personally consulting some of the chief representatives of China on the policy to be followed by his Government. It may be assumed that there has been plain speaking and, better still, plain recognition of the facts. However bitterly Japanese aggression may be resented it can hardly be denied that its extension would be encouraged rather than stayed by physical resistance from the Central Government and would be accompanied by such complete destruction of China's resources that all hopes of national reconstruction might have to be indefinitely postponed. The ills of compliance with Japanese demands may be great and disconcerting. They would not be mitigated by resistance—indeed they might well be enhanced. The last state of China might then be worse than the first. No-one can fail to sympathize with General Chiang Kai-shek and his colleagues in their poignant situation. They have done their best to state to the people the conditions under which resistance can be successfully offered to the present aggression. Those conditions have included the acceptance by the people of certain responsibilities for a united, sustained and effective effort. It has been made painfully apparent that, however willing the spirit may be, the flesh is weak, not perhaps from any lack of patriotism but rather because of the physical disabilities inherent in the present polity. No doubt the Government has endeavoured to make what use it can of its available resources to put the country into a position of defence. Events since the beginning of last month have deprived that position of whatever strength it had, for the situation, in the event of war, would now demand either defence in the form of an offensive which it is quite beyond the capacity of the Chinese forces to start, or a further surrender of territory to the Japanese invaders in order to recover such initial advantages as defence could give. This does not imply reproach of China or her Government but it justifies even the most desperate efforts to secure Japanese acquiescence in a peaceful settlement.

In hoping for avoidance of the catastrophe of war no commentator in China can be described as quite disinterested. War between China and Japan can bring nothing but disaster to the Far East. It can minister in no way to the stabilization of which Japanese spokesmen glibly talk. It rather will shatter, for many years to come, the lately developed prospects of progress and economic revival. Yet there are even more impressive reasons for deprecating an armed solution of this Sino-Japanese *impasse*. They subsist in the realities of a conflict which, terribly one-sided as it is fully perceived to be by even the most negligent student of affairs, would conceivably set-back China's national progress for generations to come. Is it surprising that the leaders of the Government at Nanking feel grave hesitation in embarking on specific measures of resistance. They have made it clear that their contemplation of so desperate a course is inspired only by an apprehensive sense of the humiliation which compliance with Japanese demands will entail. They probably desire to be firmly supported by an overwhelming proof of the people's realization of the tragedy of resistance. On that account the recent discussions with provincial governors have been sought and, perchance, revealed the way of escape. It is to be hoped that this reading of the situation is correct, but it demands expedition in formulating decisions. Mr. Kawagoe's presence affords an opportunity for resuming contact with Japanese diplomacy in co-operation for peace. The Chinese Government cannot usefully prolong the process of making up its mind. It would be fatal if it allowed that task to be discharged by the Japanese Army. The period of drifting cannot be indefinitely protracted. The gathering tension has already had a depressing effect which, in itself, is pregnant with danger. The logic of the hesitations of the last few weeks cannot be much longer ignored with safety. Statesmanship has to come to the rescue of military disability. The Government at Nanking has now unmistakable evidence of a widespread desire for an honourable composition of the dispute. The courage and vision which it has shown in pressing forward with its plans of reconstruction should not falter. It should look at that programme with a determination to save it from ruin and so preserve the country against a relapse of which no man can foresee the consequences.

PRAISEWORTHY CALMNESS

A cheering sign of the capacity for Chinese and Japanese authorities to combine in maintaining calmness in delicate circumstances has been afforded by the way in which the deplorable tragedy near the Hungjao aerodrome has been handled. For Mr. O. K. Yui, who had just been formally installed as Mayor of the City Government of Shanghai, it must have been specially disconcerting to be almost immediately confronted by what past experience would have shown to be an issue of extreme gravity. His prompt and dignified approach to the Japanese Consul-General, Mr. S. Okamoto and to the Japanese Naval Commander received a generous response. It was highly indicative of the solicitude of the Japanese authorities for the preservation of Shanghai's calmness that no steps were taken to order specific action by the Landing Party. This, of course, reflects an admirable spirit on both sides, but the point deserves emphasis for it would be unfortunate if the presence of a conciliatory attitude did not receive recognition as otherwise it might be felt such wisdom was wasted. There is no need, at the moment at all events, to discuss the circumstances which so unhappily resulted in the death of two Japanese and one Chinese in the affray. The statement that the Japanese and Chinese authorities seek to settle it diplomatically is of prime importance. No doubt the discussions will lead fruitfully to the establishment of arrangements which will diminish the danger of a recurrence of such incidents and will more readily ensure here the peacefulness so generally desired.

FOR THE THIRD TEST

With Hutton confirmed in his place and Denis Compton, the nineteen-year old Arsenal footballer and Middlesex cricketer given the chance of his first Test, the England team is beginning to acquire a greater proportion of youthfulness. Kenneth Farnes, the Essex fast bowler, well earns further Test honours and although the selection of Austin Matthews, formerly of Northamptonshire, is said to have caused a "protest" the mere fact that the selectors have chosen him on the strength of a single performance against Sussex indicates that they have in their minds some special quality to which they attach importance. The cricketers dropped to make room for these three newcomers are J. Smith, F. R. Brown and Wellard. All three did well in the Second Test, but not quite well enough. Compton's inclusion makes up for the loss of batting power in Farnes' replacement of Brown but the choice of Matthews instead of Smith suggests that the selectors are inclined to strengthen the bowling. It is quite a useful side, but the chief anxiety of those who are looking for a team to beat Australia is in respect of the scoring speed of the side. The tendency to be content with an average of two runs an over has to be checked.

A MISTAKEN NOTION

A Chinese correspondent puts admirably into words what, apparently, has been in the minds of some but not many of his countrymen who, properly distressed at the present situation, perceive how dangerous it is to the interests of foreigners in China. In short he suggests that foreign intervention—and he evidently has the British nation chiefly in mind—should operate not merely in China's interest but for the sake of protecting foreign commerce here. He seems to imagine that there has been a complete silence in Great Britain and in British journals on the subject of Japanese aggression. This is at once disproved by a study of the pronouncements of British spokesmen and the general attitude of the British press. But, of course, his argument is not satisfied solely by words; it demands action. On this point it is best to be frank. Great Britain's international policy rests on the doctrine of collective security which bitter experience in recent years has shown to be quite ineffective in coercing an individual nation. The only way in which it can be maintained is by persuasive demonstrations of its value with the willing consent of all parties. That is why the British Government has proceeded by the cautious process of forming a Non-Intervention Committee rather than by action through the League in dealing with the situation in Spain. There remains the problem of British interests in China. There, again, the policy of intervention would find no favour with a single section of responsible British opinion. Great Britain has done much to give China technical advice and support in the adoption of certain measures for the improvement of her monetary position. She is continuing that friendly co-operation. More she cannot and will not do. The situation in Europe itself is a bar to any acceptance of commitments involving potential military or naval action in the Far East on such a scale as would be of any significance in the present crisis. Any thought that by some turn of events here Great Britain could be drawn into the Sino-Japanese dispute will be dismissed by those who can claim the slightest contact with world affairs and the trend of British opinion.

NO DATA

The grounds on which the British Home Office has refused to renew the permits to the three German journalists have not been stated, although in a broadcast statement the other day it was suggested that the gentlemen concerned had been engaging in extra-journalistic activities. That may or may not be the cause of the British Government's action but, even so, the data presently available are not sufficient to judge the exact significance of the decision. The German Government has evidently felt it necessary to take reprisals. The result is to raise an awkward problem not so much for the British Government as for "The Times" newspaper. Although the German Government's communication is described as being couched in restrained language it seems unfortunate that the decision in regard to Mr. Ebbutt could not have been conveyed with the reticence observed by the British Home Office. The German authorities do not impress those who know Mr. Ebbutt's writings and reputation with their attempt to define the shortcomings discerned in him. This development in the relations between journalism and governments is much to be regretted. In the long run it can do no government good if foreign correspondents have to depend on its arbitrary favour for their freedom to work in its territory, always admitting that courtesy, fairness and reasonable attention to accuracy, such as the responsible journalist should observe are rightly expected from him. It is to be feared that the situation has sadly deteriorated. The fault is not entirely on one side. Responsibility still marks the work of men representing important journals, like "The Times",—that is why there will be real regret that Mr. Norman Ebbutt should be singled out as the victim of reprisals—but there is a modern school of correspondent whose technique suffers badly in comparison with that of the faithful seeker-after-truth. Frequently this is due to a well-meaning, if ill-directed, desire to assert independence and it develops a perversity which uncritically accepts information from non-official channels and is far too sceptical of official pronouncements. Again, this is also due to the increasing tendency of governments to enter the journalistic field on their own account and to mark that adventure by making the presentation of news a unilateral essay in propaganda. Thus it is easy for a Government by citing one or two "awful examples" to tar all journalists with the same brush, just as the blatant evidence of mendacity in official propagandist statements deters the journalist from trusting a government announcement. It is a thoroughly unsatisfactory situation for which no remedy can be readily devised. Whether some machinery can be discovered for the ascertainment of absolute truth it is for inventors to say. Complete accuracy at all points is a perfection to which few human instruments of instruction can pretend, whether they be works of history, monthly reviews, or, even, the rapidly produced daily newspaper. The grading of misinformation in its various categories: unwitting inaccuracy, deliberate distortion and wilful lying might be helpful but there again the difficulty of adjudicating on the issue at all times with complete satisfaction is bound to intrude.

Sixty Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF AUGUST 11, 1877

The flood tides, Saturday and yesterday, were unusually strong, causing one or two mishaps to vessels anchored in the river, away from the wharves. The Glenroy broke away from her buoy, owing to the connection chain breaking. An anchor was let go as soon as possible, but she drifted against the Hindostan, damaging her on the starboard quarter. The two vessels, in swinging to the tide, again came in contact, bumping violently against each other. Both were considerably damaged, and the repairs will take some days to execute. We hear that a Chinese gunboat also broke adrift. The flood seems, in fact, to come in with almost the strength of a bore.

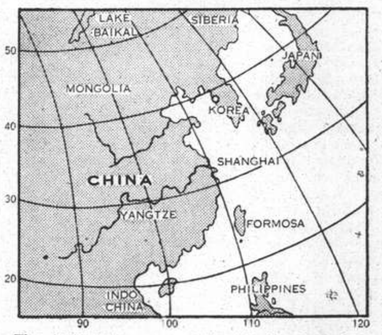
* * *

Upwards of forty persons, including six ladies, availed themselves of the excursion to Pootoo, by the Kiangteen, on Saturday. This is supposed to be the last trip of the season; but no doubt, if a sufficient number of passengers are forthcoming the C.M.S.N. Co., would be willing to run the steamer again.

A Country Diary

Aug. 7.—Many people are doubting Thomases on the subject of birds and I am often asked how it is that so many rare specimens cross my path, or how it happens that birds I want to study build their nests in my garden. "Can you expect such coincidences to continue?" says the modern counterpart of the doubting Saint—I can only reply that as regards the rare birds it is a case of "he that has eyes to see let him see;" and that nesting birds are easily explained by the fact that I put out suitable food and encourage them to build just where I want them. Something which certainly looked like a coincidence happened when I was studying at the British Museum in London: a black redstart, seldom if ever seen in the great City, chose the Museum grounds as its resting place and actually perched on the window-sill of the bird-galleries, where it was immediately recognized. Perhaps scores of these birds have settled in the gardens of London dwellings and have been seen but not identified: I can well imagine Liza (a sharp-eyed woman) calling out to her husband, "Bill, there ain't 'arf a funny-lookin' sparrer in our yard": to which Bill would reply, "Shurr-up, gimme my beer" and so on through all grades of society. And so I do not regard the following as a coincidence. Yesterday a friend asked me to identify a thrush—"brownish-grey, with a distinct patch of white round the eyes and cheeks." As there is no such thrush I failed to help him: but this morning I saw just such a bird in my garden and immediately recognized it as a grey starling (a stray from a migrating flock) by its waddling bow-legged gait (walking and not hopping and running as a thrush would). But there is no real coincidence in this; for such birds, though rare in these parts, must come through occasionally and I was quite unconsciously searching for a thrush-sized bird with a white face-patch. And thus the problem was quickly solved.

THE WEATHER



The temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral, Shanghai, for 24 hours ending 7 p.m.

Yesterday	Min. 78.5	Max. 89.0
Same date, 1936	Min. 82.5	Max. 98.0

Rainfall nil.

Siccawei Recordings:—

Yesterday	Min. 77.2	Max. 91.4
Same date, 1936	Min. 78.8	Max. 97.0

Siccawei's Report

State on the morning of the 10th:—Cloudy and fine weather. Fresh south-easterly wind. Pressure rather high and rising.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Cloudy and rather fine weather with fresh south-easterly breezes around Shantung and in the Lower Yangtze Valley: with thundery showers and south-easterly to north-easterly breezes in the upper and the mean Yangtze Valley. Cloudy to overcast with showers and rather strong south-easterly winds over the Eastern Sea and Formosa. The typhoon over the Pacific will continue north-westward. Typhoon signal: Approximate position of the centre at 2 p.m., within 60 miles latitude 18, longitude 129, direction north-west, intensity: unknown.—Siccawei Observatory.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Rickshaw Mission.—From John Barber in memory of George Matheson. $10.00

The Children's Fresh Air Fund.—From Mrs. L. Soyka $30.00

In Parenthesis

Like Adam

"DID he take his misfortunes like a man?"

"Precisely. He laid the blame to his wife."

* * *

For a Big Splash

ANGLER (to friend): "Yes, the fish was too small to bother with, so I got two men to throw it back into the water."

* * *

Old Theory Is Uuset

MOTHER, to Small Daughter: "Look, puss is washing his face."

Small Daughter: "No, he's washing his hands and drying them on his face."

* * *

No Place Like Home

"AUTO trailers will never be able to take the place of a home?"

"No, they'll never be able to put a closet in one big enough to lose goloshes in."

* * *

More Efficient

"BETTER stick up a bit of a scarecrow to frighten the birds off that seed."

"Oh there's no need—I'm always in the garden myself."

* * *

A Busted Alibi

VISITOR: "Are you the Executive Officer? I have a grandson serving on board."

Any Exec: "Yes, madam. He's away on leave just now attending your funeral."

* * *

Hurry, Please

THE doctor coughed gravely.

"I am sorry to tell you," he said, "that you are suffering from chicken-pox."

The patient turned on his pillow and looked up at his wife.

"Martha," he said in a faint voice, "if any of my creditors call, tell them that at last I am in a position to give them something."

* * *

Going and Coming

THE wealthy father was very sceptical of the financial status of the young man who was courting his daughter. He took him aside one evening and asked: "Now, about money—how long do you think you can keep going?"

The young man stammered: "Not—not very long, I guess."

"Then don't keep coming," said the father.

* * *

Easy Method

"WE never needed any of them new-fangled scales in Ireland," said Mike "There's an aisy way to weigh a pig without scales. You get a plank and put it across a stool. Then you get a big stone. Put the pig on one of the plank and the stone on the other, and shift the plank until they balance. Then you guess the weight of the stone, and you have the weight of the pig."

Financier

THE thrifty wife had persuaded her husband to buy a small cask of beer instead of going each evening to the local pub.

When he had drunk the first glass his wife said—"Now, John, lad, you can reckon you've saved a penny.

"You're right, lass," he replied.

"I'll draw another one and make it twopence we've saved. At this rate I'll soon be able to buy thee a fur coat."

* * *

Not Enough

A FARMER in need of extra help at haying time, finally ask Si Watson, a town character, if he could help him out.

"What will you pay me?" asked Si.

"I'll pay what you're worth," answered the farmer.

Si scratched his head a moment, then announced with decision, "No, I'll not work for that!"

* * *

A Luckless Libel

WILLIAM Dean Howells when a boy worked as a typesetter in his father's printing office; but it is reported that on one occasion his services brought near-disaster upon his father's establishment.

Young Howells was supposed to set up the line: "The showers at Martin's Ferry last week, though copious, were not sufficient for the millmen."

Unfortunately, when he came to the last word, he set it up "milkmen"!

* * *

Band-Beater

YOUNG Jimmy had been taken to a concert by his father. It was the first he had heard, and his mother was eager to learn how he liked it.

"Daddy thinks it was a good concert," she said. "The band played very well. What do you think, Jimmy?"

"Oh, it was pretty good," said the boy off-handedly. "They played well because they had to."

"Whatever do you mean?" asked mother mystified.

"Well, they had a man in front of them threatening them with a stick," explained the boy.

* * *

Proved

THE court was silent except for the clearcut tones of defending counsel. Everyone hung on his words, and many thought that he would easily win his case.

"And now, gentlemen of the jury," he began to wind up. "I ask you—where could the prisoner have hidden the watch? Not in his pocket. The constable has already told you that the man was searched. Not in his shoes—the watch was too large. Then where was it hidden?"

He paused dramatically for effect, and during the pause the prisoner ventured:

"Please, sir, I put it under my 'at."

* * *

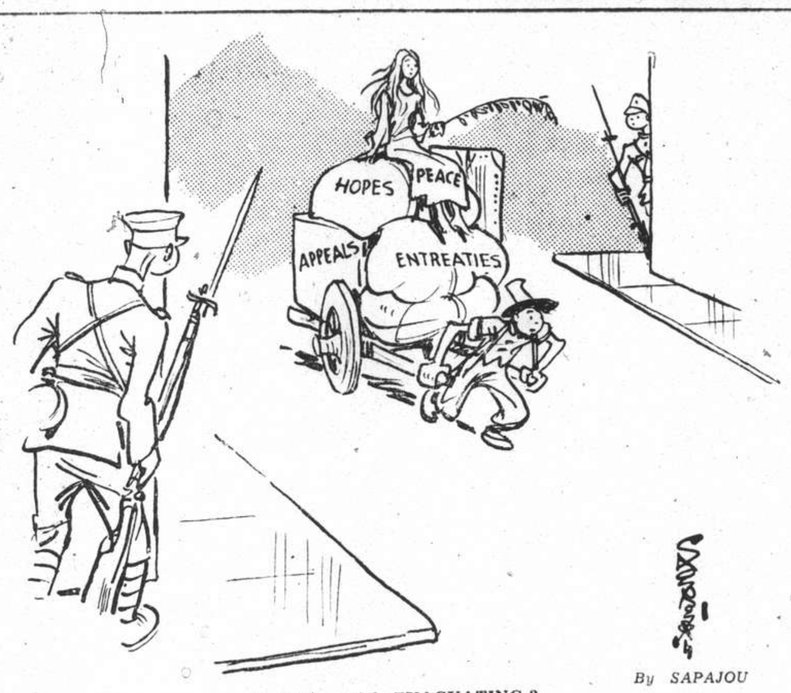
Just a Moment

"I AM trying," said the stranger at the door of the seaside boarding-house—"I am trying to trace a lady whose married name I have forgotten. All I know is that she lives in this neighbourhood.

"But she is easily described," he went on. "She is a lady of singular beauty and charm, with a pink-and-white complexion, ears like sea-shells, eyes like the stars, and hair such as a goddess might envy."

"I'm sorry, sir," said the little servant-girl. "But I don't know—"

Suddenly a voice came from the top of the stairs: "Jane, tell the gentleman I'll be down in a minute."



By SAPAJOU

IS SHE ALSO EVACUATING ?

TRAVEL IN CHINESE TIBET—II

Armed Guards Employed Against Robbers: People Courteously Hospitable: Huge Litang Lamasery

BY J. HANSON-LOWE

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This interesting trip which occupied several month has been mentioned several times by Tibetan, but now Mr. J. Hanson-Lowe briefly relates his experiences with the people of the hinterland, their life, customs, religious ceremonials and political philosophy. The series, which began yesterday, will be concluded on Friday.

Beyond Hokou we had to take, at a small charge, a couple of Tibetan guards armed against robbers. The route led once more up a delightfully forested valley to the high, grassy Roma pass, the highest yet traversed. From here, far to the southwest the great snowy range between Litang and Eatang could be seen. Two days after leaving Hokou the traveller reaches the charming Hsiolo Valley. From here the main Litang route leads over a high pass, taking two days to reach that town. Robbers, though, were so common in that region that we were advised to take the small route that passes somewhat to the north of the pass. But first it was necessary to obtain or rather, to exchange our two guards for two further guards from the local Tu Se, or hereditary Tibetan chieftain at Heisolo, the latter being now in Chinese pay at a retaining fee of Rs. 100 per month.

The Tu Se's fortress was truly impressive. It was a great Tibetan building of stone and wood, with minute windows and flanked by numerous, but smaller replicas of those strange structures to be seen at Peiping, looking for all the world like immense bottles of Benedictine and known there as dagogas. Entering the gate we crossed an untidy courtyard wild with those murderous Tibetan dogs that, like their Mongolian brethren, will tear your throat out if you venture on their own premises, and yet slink away with their tails between their legs when met on the street. The next moment we passed through a doorway into a darkness truly Stygian through the animals' quarters (these are always on the soundflow of a Tibetan house), then stumbled up rough wooden stairs to the second floor, here the granary, and then up further steps to a narrow landing overlooking a square central space open to the sky. From here we were ushered into a very large hall whose roof was supported by immense pillars of spruce.

Picturesque Tu Se

Here it was very dark, in spite of the small windows, smoke-filled and fitfully lit by the flames from a great stove set against the outer wall. On the wooden partition walls on the inner side of the room rude figures were carved in the form of swastikas and dagobas. Along the greater length of the walls a continuous bench was placed, roughly upholstered, and in front of it was an equally long, narrow table, two feet high, in which were, at intervals, depressions containing shallow pans with charcoal fires burning in them. These were used for keeping the tea hot, the latter being cooked at the big stove mentioned above; whilst, opposite this stove was another, equally big but not in use. On the low table were also numerous piles of tsamba and butter for guests and inmates of the fortress. The Tu Se greeted us and showed us to the long seat. He was a striking, tall man, rather handsome, and with long uncombed hair, dressed in a bluish-purple Tibetan cloak, high Tibetan boots and girdled by a belt from which the inevitable knife and tinder-pouch were hanging. He had immense rings on his fingers with stones of red coral and pale blue turquoise; in his ears he wore rings equally big. In a land of polyandry he had achieved the distinction of three wives, and had no less than eight sons and twelve daughters living.

We were offered buttered tea and tsamba and meanwhile our interpreter, a Tibetan "muy simpático," offered him a present of a cloth-bound missionary text, printed in Tibetan and with endless pictures, many in colour. With this he was undoubtedly delighted. I had put my prismatic compass down on the table, and this he picked up in some curiosity; but not knowing how to open it set it down again. While this was going on, a whole crowd of shaggy haired, wild looking Tibetans was surrounding us, excitedly murmuring among themselves and apparently fascinated by our peculiar appearance.

A moment later and we were groping our way again through the smoke, past huge glimmering ladles of brass that hung in immense numbers on the wall, and so into the brilliance of the morning sunshine, the chief accompanying us to the very gate, smiling and indicating with his hand a stalwart guard of three.

After two days' travel over the rolling grasslands alive with quaint, twittering marmots that sat above their burrows as the dogs chased after them, only to pop like a flash below, for all the world like a Sussex rabbit, when the enemy was almost there, we at last reached Litang.

Highest Town in the World

Litang is reputed to be the highest town in the world after I believe, La Paz in Bolivia. I am hoping that my aneroid readings, when reduced, while give Litang pride of place. It lies above an elongated plain several kilometres broad, on the other side of which rise formerly glaciated peaks of granite, one being the conical "Lama's Hat." The essential part of Litang is the great lamasery with its some 3,700 lamas and drabas, and its great halls of worship with the golden roofs. The town part of Litang consists of a wretched single line of Chinese-style hovels stretching from the lamasery down along a low ridge.

It would seem that the inhabitants, to the number of some 750, throw their refuse out of their back doors, since the town is almost completely surrounded by garbage dumps over which rule fierce dogs. There was only one suitable spot for a tent and that was just below the yamen, and all night long, when it was not the terrific winds that would suddenly arise and keep one up holding the tent lest it be blown over, one was kept awake by the hideous howling of these dogs as they fought over their ordure. The 24th Army is endeavouring to beautify these piles of truly geological stratification by constructing walks and pleasunces upon them. But one has but to take a step across them to recognize the whited sepulchre.

The most unpleasant experience, however, that we had at Litang was to arrive back at dusk from an exhausting climbing expedition firstly to find tent and town under a white shroud of hailstones. We prepared supper; it was to be a magnificent stew. But before the pressure cooker was up to steam the wind arose like a mad thing. Hail lashed down. The next moment the tent was blown over our heads, and the hail, unchecked to any extent by the thin atmosphere, stung like shot. It was by then quite dark. We endeavoured to find shelter at a Tibetan house, but this was closed for the night, and nobody would let us in or even reply to us, probably due to fear of robbers. After some three-quarters of an hour the storm ceased, and it was possible to fix up part of the tent for the night—but we had no supper.

Irrelevant Excuses

There was difficulty here in obtaining permission to go north from here to Chanhua and Kantzu. As a rule when a request is made that cannot be granted, the official will make all manner of polite but quite irrelevant excuses that carry no weight at all, meaning thereby to indicate that the petitioner must recognize that permission cannot be given. But that will never bluntly be stated. Our Litang *hsienchang* started in this manner, and doubtless we worried him by our importunacy. But the cause of science was not to be put off so lightly.

Then came the amazing thing: doubtless thoroughly exacerbated by months of Litang's breathless altitude, fierce winds, dust and hail, the hsienchang discarded his polite equivocation and told the truth. The Szechuen troops were practically powerless. Between Litang and Kantzu were the domains of two powerful Tu Se's; if he sent a Chinese guard with us these men would be shot by the Tibetans, and probably ourselves as well. Conditions were just as bad between Litang and Batang. Indeed there was a Chinese official waiting to travel part of that road (one who had, curiously enough, actually been convicted of fraudulent appropriation of funds, and who was being given a second chance—in both senses) to take up his new position. But negotiations had not been completed with the Tibetans, and so he was unable to travel.

The only part a *hsienchang* could prudently take was to play up to the strongest of the local Tibetan Tu Se's, and so enjoy strictly limited, indeed vicarious, power. Even the head of the great lamasery could give us no guarantee of a safe passage. The only thing to do was to get into touch with the two Tu Se's and ask them to supply guards. This they would do on pretty stiff payment; in other words, they would demand a tribute.

Since this was the only way out we took the suggestion and this meant a considerable delay. Finally it was decided that we should pay 32 rupees at Litang and a further 40 rupees at Hsuhsisungtu. This would entitle us to guards from the Tu Se's, and the former, being local men, would know all the local robbers and tell them that we had paid our passage and were not to be molested.

And so this was the meaning of Chinese Tibet! It would be fairer to say "Szechuanien" Tibet, for if once the Central Government troops take control, as I hear they were able to do for a short time following the chasing out of the Reds, doubtless the Chinese administration will go longer be powerless there. "Can you wonder," a non-political official asked us, "that local officials are corrupt and powerless? All the funds for the improvement of Sikang go down the Szechuen drain on its way up here. Any day, moreover, may see the Central Government take over here. Without power and money, and the possibility of being fired tomorrow, what can a local magistrate do but to-day to the most powerful of his oppositin and pocket what cash he can?"

Desire for Nanking Control

Hence the illegal taxes levied by the Szechuen control. Even at Tachienlu illegal taxes are demanded, and luggage is searched no less than twice, at the East Gate and just before reaching it. People still speak of the excellent Central troops that were there last year under Gen. Li Fa-ping; soldiers that paid for all they bought, that bought a great deal, and would pay 10 cents for a peach. Going for a stroll one evening at Tachienlu, we met a local woman and her small son returning from the very long journey to Sianfu, in Shensi. They were weary but thankful to get home. An hour later the poor woman was wailing in the street before her house. Her home had been commandeered by the 24th Army during her absence and they refused to quit. No wonder folk sigh there for the return of the Nanking troops!

While waiting for the negotiations to be put through we paid a visit to the great lamasery with its dingy halls of prayer, faded banners, weather-rotted prayer flags, golden roofs and 3,700 inmates lounging about in their red, dirty robes like so many faintly loathsome *muscidae*. As is well-known, the lamas control Tibet and hold it in a vise-like grip. They are members of a religion that is in origin a philosophy of no mean merit but that has been mutilated, besmirched and indeed thoroughly metamorphosed by magic and superstition, and they are so suspicious and conservative that they make even the smallest degree of modernization impossible. One wonders if the Young Tibet party of Lhasa will ever be successful as a ferment. But what is the use of a leaven in poisonous dough?

The lamas are hated by the nomads and valley farmers, but an assault on the lamaseries by outsiders would undoughtedly prove that blood is indeed thicker than water. An official described their daily to me: in the morning, early, they pray and meditate. The rest of the day they spend idly strollying about in little groups; buying and selling horses; carrying on banditry, and a banditry that thinks nothing of murder if need be; and in ironically illustrating how tenuous the bonds of celibacy really are. Quite apart from the quasi-economic justification for polyandry, Tibetan immorality is of unmentionable degrees, and on it the lama bestows his participatory blessing. This is the romantic lama of the Roof of the World so beloved of the travel book.

Re-incarnation of Buddha

The most entertaining event at this lamasery was our visit to the head lama, known to the Chinese as a Fututu. (But how much more delightfully and phonetically one can bring out the nursery-like flavour of this word by eschewing Wade and spelling it: Foo Doo Doo.) The greatest thrill about this particular Foo Doo Doo was that he is a re-incarnation of Buddha or, more precisely, since Buddha has attained such numberless partial re-incarnations, a re-incarnation of Buddha's voice.

We were shown up a dark rickety stairway in the great hall (on clung tightly to the yak-hair rope that served as bannisters) along a short passageway, and so into a small room almost as dark as the stairway. Dimly we recognized a man's figure rising to greet us. We were motioned to sit before the Incarnation at his left hand on a fine leopard skin spread on a long, low seat with a table and small brazier before it, such as we had seen at the Tu Se's fortress. The Incarnation sat cross-legged on a pile of cushions, also behind a low table, and with the tiny window behind him, in true Sherlock Holmes' style.

Growing accustomed to the gloom we noted that he was a rather tall, good-looking man dressed in the universal robe and with shaven head. We learnt later that he is about 25 years old. We were offered aromatic Tibetan tea in porcelain cups set on attractive metal stands, fruit and candied sugar, and whilst our interpreter was carrying on polite conversation—he was much awed, the good fellow—one had a chance to take stock of one's surroundings.

Six Electric Torches

In the centre of the room was a supporting wooden pillar with riding whips hanging from it, and also a Tibetan knife and belt. On the wall behind us were numerous photographs of officials and lama dignitaries, besides two large posters, one of Dr. Sun Yat-sen and one of the Generalissimo. The opposite wall contained a second small window, in front of which were more low seats and tables, and about them hung in the shadows an inquisitive crowd of dim, peering forms. Opposite the Incarnation was a species of sideboard with a central laughing Buddha surrounded by smaller effigies, whilst on the left of our august host were yet more small figures, apparently of porcelain, together with no less than six electric torches and two old-fashioned clocks with glass sides enabling one to see the wheels go round. On the table in front of the Incarnation the pale smoke of juniper incense rose from a small censer amid a clutter of writing materials and books.

We then exchanged cards with our host, who apologized for not inviting us to dine with him, saying that his food would probably not prove palatable to a foreign visitor. But even so he made us a gift of sugar and dried jujubes, promising to send us a gift of milk in the morning (he did so, but it had curdled). He in his turn was then presented with a cloth-bound Tibetan book, with many pictures, and delightedly showed the latter to his attendants. Finally we asked permission to photograph him, and, to our surprise, permission was given us to do so the following morning. Upon which our visit closed.

Early the next day we were received in the same room and offered refreshment. Servants were sent to clear the courtyard of the curious and down the rickety stairs we went, feverishly clutching the yak-hair. On a fine Tibetan carpet a seat was placed, covered with a leopard skin, and on this our Incarnation sat with due solemnity. And so for the first time our cameras clicked before a Voice made visible—strange transmutation of the vocal into the visual. But this was not all. After two poses on the chair he descended and we took a third of him beside his tame deer.

When lunching with the *hsienchang* I noted that the local general beside me partook solely of vegetable food and drank no wine. Such piety struck me as odd. Further, on going into one of the chapels at the lamasery we discovered a formidable array of hundreds of tiny lamps, simple wicks floating in melted butter, together with as many little symbolic mounds of buttered tsamba. Here was a further expression of the general's piety, for it was he who had paid the expenses for this array. And lastly, in the general's own room was a whole buddhahood.

An explanation had perforce to be sought. In reality it was a simple one: the general was making his position more safe with the Fututu, and was showing him the religious excellencies of which he was capable. He probably had not forgotten that a large number of military was on its even then to Litang. Later, arrived back in Tachienlu, we heard that a Colonel Tang had been murdered by Tibetans in Litang, and that there had been fighting between the Chinese military and the Tibetans. We never knew if our fellow guest was really a general; it is so convenient to label them all as such. But he was such a nice little man that we both hope he was a general and not a colonel. And that his name was not Tang.

(To be Continued)

JUKAO'S WATER MELON SEASON

Tremendous Trade Congests City Gates Traffic: Pigs Benefit By Crop

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

Jukao, Ku., Aug. 4.

Water melon season is in full swing. The Jukao water melons are plentiful though not large. Rich and poor alike can afford to buy them for small melons can be purchased for a few coppers and the large imported melons bring up several dimes. So abundant are melons that the morning traffic at the congested gates is greatly impeded by the incoming melon venders. All kinds of melons are now sold. One of our best melons is the *dong-kwa* only eaten after being cooked. It lasts a long time. Far into the winter it graces the Chinese table and together with other melons and vegetables is pickled in large quantities.

Jukao has many large pickling establishments where all kinds of vegetables are prepared by salting for breakfast foods.

Not only does man profit by the watermelon season. The Jukao pigs, so highly prized on the China market, get their share of the water melon too. Thousands of baskets of water melon peelings are carried out of the city back into the country from which they originally came to feed the pigs. The better parts of the melon peelings, we are told, are washed by the farmers and salted and thus preserved for winter use as food.

Crops Exceptionally Good

The Jukao crops this autumn are exceptionally good. As one approaches the western border of Jukao and in the Taichowhsien one sees rice fields that cannot very well be excelled and in Jukao itself the corn crop this year reaches 8 feet in height and bears heavily. Jukaohsien is not only the most populated section of the world but it has had the reputation for centuries as one of the most productive sections of the world. Until recently the Jukao people were exceedingly prosperous, but communism, tufei and opium eating has taken the blue ribbon from the population. At present conditions are rapidly improving, communism is practically unknown, bandits have largely left the country and the fight is on against the use of opium. Immorality is next to be combatted, for venereal disease is rapidly on the increase.

It is said that one of the characteristics of the old of the Jukao people is that they are inclined to settle their little question by law instead of among themselves. For this reason lawyers have thrived among them for generations. At present, too, there are a good many lawyers in Jukao.

Formerly, it is said, large sums of money were spent in this way. Farmer Wang gets trouble with neighbour Lee about a chicken worth say 40 cents. Wang challenges Lee. matter is taken to court. Both sides hire lawyers. The struggle goes on until one or the other is forced to give up. At present the people are too poor to do much hiring of lawyers yet it is common to go to court.

Formerly even a well known church organization took part in court discussion in the Juako district. At present Christians, however, are severely criticized for going to court for little matters that can be better settled by themselves.

The typhoon that swept over Jukao on Tuesday and Wednesday was the most severe in years. Besides many smaller mishaps, one ferry boat capized in the Yangtze with loss of several lives. Regular river service between Jukao and the south river bank was suspended and mail communication interrupted. Telephone and telegraph wires are down, trees uprooted, The greatest loss, however, is to the farmers whose corn crop now depend upon dry weather and sunshine. With the heavy winds came rain which moistened the ground resulting in much corn being uprooted by the wind. Corn on the cob will now be sold in great quantities on the street for immediate consumption. In some fields almost half the corn is down amounting to a very heavy loss.

A feverish preparation for war seems in progress among the young people of Jukao who were forced into military training. The drilling grounds are daily used by various groups, from early morning till the evening.

Rev. Canon's 28 Years of DUODENAL ULCERS

To many people the thought of a gastric or duodenal ulcer calls up visions of an operation. Yet this drastic step is by no means inevitable, even in cases of long standing ulcers.

The Superintendent of the Peace River Block in Canada, The Rev. Canon T. D. P., suffered from duodenal ulcers for 28 long years, and thought an operation essential. He actually made the long journey to England just for that purpose. Yet he never had the operation after all! Read this letter:—

"I was in England for the first four months of this year. I have been a sufferer from Duodenal Ulcers for over 28 years. I made the trip to England to undergo an operation by the Harley Street Specialists. I was so sick, however, on the boat going over in January, and had an haemorrhage, and was persuaded by my cabin steward to try Maclean Brand Stomach Powder, and obtained some at kiosk on the ship; before reaching England, I felt some benefit. I took five bottles of Powder during the four months I was in England, and never went to see a doctor. I returned at the end of April to Canada, and have not laid up a day, and now, four months after my return, I still feel a different man." And now you can get the same Maclean Brand Stomach Powder that cured the Canon, out here in Shanghai.

Think—if Maclean Brand Stomach Powder will actually treat duodenal ulcers successfully, what relief will it not give to lesser stomach ailments! Yours, for instance. Just try this famous, professionally recommended stomach powder and feel how stomach pains go after the first dose or two. But make sure it is original MACLEAN BRAND Stomach Powder. Look for the signature "ALEX. C. MACLEAN" on the bottle and carton. Genuine Maclean Brand Stomach Powder is sold only in bottles in cartons. Never sold loose: Powder or Tablets.

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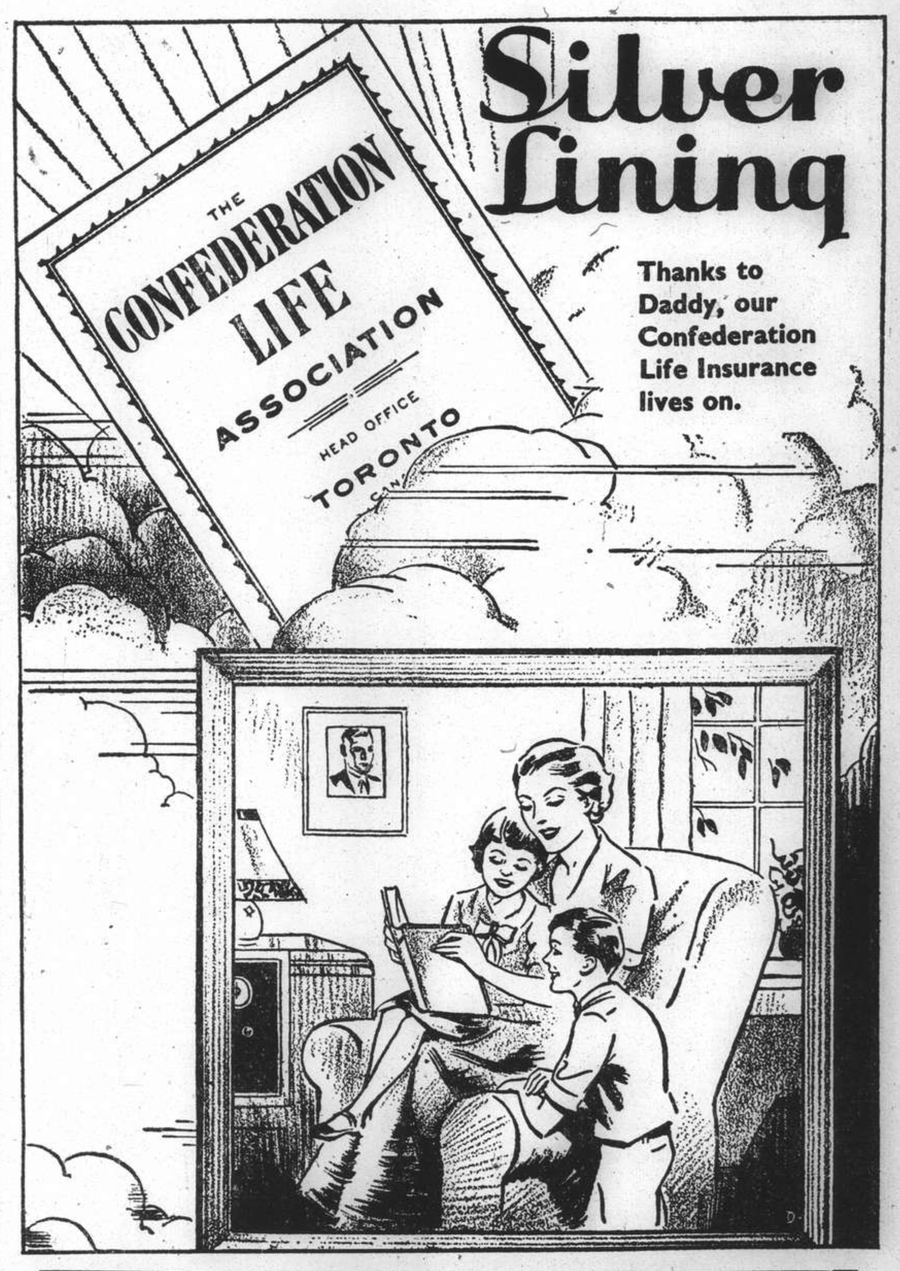

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FROM DAY TO DAY

IN view of the recent small attendance, the Municipal Council has decided to cancel concerts at Hongkew Park till further notice.

MR. J. A. Greenfield, Commissioner of Posts at Hankow, handed over charge of Postal affairs of the Hupeh District to Commissioner Liu Yao Ting on August 5.

GENERAL Yu Hsueh-chung, Pacification Commissioner for Kiangsu, has taken every precautionary measure for the security of this metropolitan province in times of national emergency, states a report in the Chinese press.

MISS Kung Ling-yi and Mr. Kung Ling-chieh, daughter and son of the Finance Minister, Dr. H. H. Kung, who accompanied their father to Europe and America a few months ago, are expected to arrive in Shanghai this morning by the Dollar liner President Hoover.

"WAR funds" from overseas Chinese were further swelled as contributions continued to pour into Nanking. A total of $44,486 was received on Monday alone, donations coming from nine different sources. The largest single donation in the amount was $25,000 from Chinese residents in New Zealand.

FIVE delegates have been elected from among overseas Chinese in the United States to attend the forthcoming National People's Congress in Nanking, according to messages received in Nanking. The delegates elected are Huang Po-yao, Huang Yun-su, Lin Po-ya, Ma Tien-ju and Wu Tung-heng.

MESSRS. Chen Shih-ching and Chin Han, Manager and Vice-Manager of the Wenchi Paper Mill respectively, left on Monday morning for America en route to Europe by the Empress of Japan, says a report in the "Hwa Mei Pao." Messrs. Chen and Chin, who are to make an investigation on behalf of the Ministry of Industry, will place orders for paper-making machinery with British firms.

FIVE men were either killed or injured and over 800 houses were washed away in Western Korea as a result of a heavy downpour which raided the district on August 1. Although details are lacking, traffic and communication facilities in various places were paralyzed and considerable damage is presumed to have been wrought to agricultural crops, roads, embankments and bridges.

KOBE citizens are being warned again of the possibility of the enforcement of water-rationing this summer. Despite the fact that the three reservoirs, Nunobiki, Karasuwara and Chigari, are rapidly being depleted, the daily consumption has been exceeding 40,000,000 gallons of late. Unless there is an adequate rainfall by August 20, therefore, water-rationing will have to be enforced. The Kobe Water-works Section which recently distributed handbills among the public warning against the wasting of water will issue another warning in the near future.

MR. Yen Yu-fu, Secretary-General of the Chekiang Provincial Government was relieved of his post and appointed as Commissioner of Civil Affairs of the province by the Executive Yuan at its regular session at Nanking yesterday morning. The resignation of Dr. Low Kwang-lai, member of the Chekiang Provincial Government, was also accepted by the Yuan session. Mr. Hu Su was named to be his successor as well as Secretary-General of the provincial administration. The Yuan also decided to allot a monthly subsidy of $20,000 for the reconstruction of Sikong.

THE following Orchestral Concert will be given by the Municipal Orchestra in Jessfield Park (weather permitting) to-night, starting at 9 p.m.:—

1.—Overture ..."William Tell" ..Rossini
2.—"Largo" from the "New World Symphony" .....Dvorak
3.—Two Violin—Solos:
(a) Romanze .....Suendsen
(b) Menuet .....Mozart
Soloist: Prof. A. Foa
4.—Suite .....Arlesienne" .....Bizet
(a) Pastorale
(b) Intermezzo
(c) Menuet
(d) Farandole
5.—Moorish Fantasy and Malagena Mozkowsky
6.—Ballet—Suite ....."Casse—Noisettes" Tschaikowsky
(a) Overture Miniature
(b) Marche
(c) Danse de la Fee-Dragee
(d) Dance Husse Trepak
(e) Danse Arabe
(f) Danse Chinoise
(g) Danse des Mirlitons
(h) Valse des Fleurs

BECAUSE his pawnshop had granted a loan and accepted as security 36 packages of smuggled artificial silk, Kan Soong-peu, manager of a pawnshop at 46 Yunnan Road, was summoned to appear before the First Special District Court yesterday, for alleged offence relating to the evasion of Customs duty, contrary to Art. 349 of the Chinese Criminal Code. It was alleged that, when the person took the artificial silk to the pawnshop to ask for a loan, he was not required, as he should have been, to produce the necessary Customs certificates to show that the Customs duty had been paid for the goods. In connection with the case, a broker named Ngai Tse-ming was also summoned to the court for having purchased 60 packages of smuggled artificial silk, which also constituted an offence relating to the evasion of Customs duty. The hearing was adjourned till August 17.

CHU Zang-kwei, the leader of a gang who kidnapped, on June 23 this year, on Jehol Road, Loh Tuh-ming, the 9-year old son of a well-to-do rickshaw hong owner, was sentenced to seven years' imprisonment by the First Special District Court yesterday. Chu was further convicted of a charge of armed robbery at House No. 24, Lane No. 228, Burkill Road, and sentenced to six years' imprisonment. However, the Judge ordered that the prisoner has to serve in all nine years in the gaol only. Three others were arrested with Chu for the kidnapping, but they were later released, one being required to furnish security. The kidnapped boy was released recently after, it is believed, his relatives had paid ransom money to the kidnappers, but, questioned in this regard by the Judge, a member of Loh's family denied having paid ransom money or having even received any threatening letter demanding ransom.

MARTIAL law was declared at Shameen on Monday, according to a Chinese message from Hongkong. All persons entering the district were searched.

MEASURES for the storage of rice, salt, coal and other daily necessities to meet any emergency were discussed by Nanking Municipality with the district merchants.

THE Ministry of Finance has decided to build five salt storages in Kwangsi, according to a Hongkong message. A sum of $1,000,000 will be appropriated for the purpose.

MESSRS. Shen Chun-ju, Li Kung-po and Chang Nai-chi, three of the seven leaders of the National Salvation Association who were recently released on bail from the Higher Court in Soochow, again arrived in Nanking on Monday morning to call on high Government authorities.

GENERAL Hsiao Chen-ying, former Mayor of Tientsin, who hurried back to China from America a few days ago by the Pan-Pacific Airways, and Mr. Ko Ting-yuan, former Secretary-General of the Hopei-Charhar Political Council, called on General Chiang Kai-shek on Monday afternoon, says the "China Times."

DR. Peter Dju, special representative of General Feng Chin-wu, formerly chairman of Anhwei province, arrived in Shanghai on Monday afternoon in the French liner Artemis from Paris. He will spend a few days in Shanghai and will then proceed to Nanking to see Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek and Mr. Wang Ching-wei.

MR. Jonouske Katsuki, president of the Osaka Earthenware Company, has contributed 209 old Japanese swords, which are treasures of his house, to the Fourth Division Headquarters in Osaka, asking them to use them on the battle fields. It is stated that the Division authorities will sell the swords to those who want them at the current prices.

THE site of the landing of a gigantic meteorite, which fell on June 30, 1908 in the upper reaches of the River Podkamennaya Tunguska in Siberia, and which caused the falling of trees in the taiga for a distance of about 60 kilometres, has been partially aero-photographed. The aero-photographing of the wild taiga will be continued in order to obtain documental evidence of the event, which is important to science and in order to facilitate the search for the rare meteorite, states a Moscow message.

IN an effort to avoid recurrent flood in the Yellow River, the Water Conservancy Commission bearing the name has secured the approval of the National Economic Council for the construction of a $6 million reservoir at Paochi along the Wei River in north Shensi, an important tributary of the Yellow River. Construction work on the project, it is learned, will be started early next year, while the building of two similar reservoirs in the Chee and Lo Rivers, two other tributaries of the Yellow River, is also under consideration.

A LARGE number of the students of universities in Peiping and Tientsin will have to proceed to Szechuen and Hunan provinces to continue their education, according to the "Ta Kung Pao" from Chungking. The Office of the Educational Commissioner in the Szechuen Provincial Government, it is reported, has already received instructions from the Ministry of Education to allow the enrolment of these students as auditors in colleges in the province. Following the receipt of the instructions, the Commissioner has ordered the National Szechuen University, the West China University, the Chungking University and the Szechuen College of Education to report on the maximum number of students they can accommodate. It is learnt that the National Szechuen University has replied to the enquiry by offering to put up 700 students, while the West China University has indicated its readiness to take 400. According to the report, the first batch of 150 students from North China has left Nanking for Szechuen.

COMPLAINTS by the American swimmers that the water in the Meiji Shrine pool at Tokyo is "dead" have started an active movement among members of the Japan Amateur Swimming Federation for the installation of circulating filtering and disinfecting systems before the Olympics. In terming the water "dead," the Americans mean that it is not circulated. It is merely poured in, used for about a week and then drained out. In most modern pools, water is running in and out continuously. This constant circulation, the swimmers claim, gives the water more buoyancy and makes it possible to set better records. The Meiji Shrine pool was built with a view to eventually installing circulating and filtering devices, according to Mr. Ikkaku Matsuzawa an adviser to the swimming federation and one of the three members who assisted in designing the pool. It was built during the depression years and there was not money enough at that time to install all modern equipment.

IN quick response to the political situation the Chinese stage and screen in Shanghai have adopted the theme of resistance against alien aggression. According to the report, the Penglai Theatre in Nantao has become the centre of the new dramatic movement, where plays based on national defence topics have been given to capacity houses. First honours along these lines, it is reported, went to the Association of Readers of the "Ta Kung Pao" Stage and Screen Page, which recently gave a successful charity performance for famine relief at Penglai. National consciousness and patriotic feelings such as have been rarely witnessed seized the audience, who readily joined in mass singing and shouting of slogans at the conclusion of each act. Then came the "collective performance" of the "Defence of Lukouchiao," a play produced by the Actors' Guild, which has also enjoyed a popular run. The next play to be given in this theatre is expected to be entitled "The Death Of General Chao Teng-yu," on which a number of dramatic writers have been working day and night. Meanwhile, war-time travelling troupes have been formed to rouse the countryside to the state of national emergency. One of these is now in Soochow, while another is planning to go further inland.

SCOTLAND AS "SON" OF ERIN

Irish Professor's Plea for Revival of Gaelic

CELTIC CONGRESS IN EDINBURGH

The claim that Scotland was Ireland's "son" and that we should not "turn our backs upon our mother" was the unusual plea for the preservation of the Gaelic in Scotland made at the opening in Edinburgh of the Celtic Congress.

The speaker was Professor Cormac O'Cadhlaigh, University College, Dublin, who urged that Scotland imitate the Government-assisted efforts in Ireland to keep the native language alive.

After speaking in Erse for some time, the Professor continued in English for the reason, he said, that he wanted the people in Scotland to know that in Ireland they were not ashamed of what they were doing on behalf of their language. "We are proud of it," he added, "and we want the people of Scotland to imitate us."

In a rich brogue he added—"Why, ye are far richer than we are. Surely be to God ye would not grudge spending as much money here in Scotland upon keeping your race alive as we are prepared to spend in Ireland?"

The Scot boasted of the hardness of his race, of his struggles in his native land, and of what he had done abroad to spread the fair name of Scotland. Did they think of the well from which came the blood which had given the spirit of courage to the Scottish race, from which the Scot's virtues had sprung? It was from the Gaidhealtached.

"Keep the Gaelic alive in Scotland," he said, "and you will keep the courage alive. In Ireland we are not prepared to do it—we are doing it. It is part of us ye are. Be true to us."

Economic Development

The Earl of Cassillis, president, declared the Congress open in the forenoon.

The drift of population from the Highlands to the industrial centres and overseas, he suggested, might be met by economic development in the Highlands. He did not necessarily refer to big schemes like the Caledonian Power Scheme, but to smaller schemes such as the aluminium works at Kinlochleven, which gave employment to a large number of Gaelic-speaking Highlanders.

There was plenty of room for improvement also, he said, in the matter of roads in the West Highlands and Islands, piers, protection of inshore fishermen from the depredations of trawlers, and encouragement of rural industries such as weaving.

As to instruction in Gaelic, the room for the Celt, with his ideals, could play an important part in these days when Christianity and God Himself were blasphemed in several countries, and those professing the Christian faith were threatened not only with persecution and imprisonment but loss of life. They must make use of every element to counteract these things.

In order that the Celt could play his part it was essential that he keep up his language, his tradition, his culture, and his music. One had too often found that when those things went racial consciousness went with them.

Scottish Tide in Favour

In Scotland the tide is turning in favour of Gaelic, said Mr. John R. Bannerman, president of An Comunn Gaidhealach, in presenting a report on the situation in England to-day.

After giving the delegates a welcome in Gaelic from An Comunn, Mr. Bannerman said that Scottish Gaelic was "one of the linguistic wonders of the age."

"How it succeeded in withstanding those tremendous invasions—antipathetic as they were to Gaelic—which ravaged this country so many hundreds of years, and how it persisted in thriving despite the deliberate and practical ill will of every successive Government that has ruled our country from the time of Malcolm Canmore down to our own era is, indeed, difficult to understand.

"But the happy fact remains that Gaelic is, at the present day, a robust language in our Gaelic land."

Gaelic was now being systematically taught in 284 schools throughout Gaeldom, the children receiving such tuition numbering at present well over 7000. Besides that some 800 advanced scholars studied Gaelic very thoroughly in the secondary schools, and there were about 100 adult students being specially trained in colleges to teach Gaelic in the schools.

Although economic conditions were not yet by any means satisfactory from the Gaelic point of view, and their numbers in the homeland were decreasing, there were more learners of the language, individually and in classes, in the country now than ever there were before.

Reports on the situation of the Celtic languages were given by representatives not only of Scotland and Ireland, but of Wales, the Isle of Man, Cornwall, and Brittany. Professor Agnes O'Farrelly presided during the presentation of these reports.

Professor Williams, University College, Swansea, said Wales would soon have no areas where only the native language was spoken. There was not a farmhouse which need retain its inherent, unified Welsh life, because little expense brought Roy Fox and such people into the farmhouse. (Laughter.)

"Gaelic Proverbs" was the subject of a paper delivered in the afternoon by the Rev. Archibald Macdonald, D.D. Mr. James C. Watson, Lecturer in Celtic, Glasgow University, presided, and Mr. Hector MacDougall, Glasgow, opened the discussion.

CONTINUING its anti-illiteracy programme the Ministry of Education has made provisions for 20,000,000 more adults this year. Statistics reveal that 1,200,000 persons were enrolled in mass educational schools last year and 10,540,000 copies of textbooks were distributed gratis by the Ministry.

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FIGHTING FIRE IN AIR RAIDS

Need for Co-operation from Civilians: Much Can Be Done by Level-Headed Persons

Although the provision of protection for civilians against gas attack from the air, in the initial stages, at least, is the most costly of the precautions which are being taken by the Government it presents a less difficult problem than others which have to be faced states the "Daily Telegraph."

The construction of large-scale shelters proof against direct hits from high-explosive bombs is impracticable since very costly structures of great strength would be required to give full protection.

For instance complete protection against large bombs can only be assured by concrete reinforcement equal to approximately 50 feet of earth.

This question, however, is constantly under review with special reference to the question of protecting individuals who may be caught in the streets of populous cities during air raids.

The best means of strengthening large buildings under construction or in the planning of others that may be contemplated was also being considered. Attention is always paid to any Continental procedure bearing on the subject.

Fire Danger

Effective protection against blast from bombs and bomb splinters can be obtained at a comparatively small cost, and advice on this is available to the occupiers of premises.

The third form of aerial attack by incendiary bomb is perhaps the most difficult of all to combat. A bomb of this nature can be extremely light, weighing about 2½lb, and considerable quantities therefore can be carried in even one aeroplane.

Further its chemical action on bursting generates intense heat and the results are such that water fails to extinguish it.

This bomb, however, does not penetrate buildings that it hits to any great depth, and as a rule can be arrested on the first solid floor below a light roof. Adequate strengthening can make sure of this, while the addition of layers of sand or earth to catch the bomb would minimise its incendiary effects.

It is also of paramount importance that the attics of houses should be cleared of all rubbish and impedimenta likely to accelerate the progress of a fire. Much can be done to prevent serious conflagration by a level-headed individual, man or woman, with a knowledge of what he or she has to face.

Further, the fire fighting services of all local authorities are being augmented and trained to deal with this danger, and they are to be equipped with special apparatus for the purpose.

Personal Services

To meet the three main dangers inherent in any form of air raid, the Air Raid Precautions Department has been faced further with the necessity of organising what may be termed "The Humanitarian Services."

These relate primarily to such subjects as medical arrangements the rescue of persons from wrecked buildings and the treatment of people who may become wounded or gassed.

In the organisation of these services, local authorities are fully co-operating while the St. John Ambulance Brigade, the St. Andrew's Ambulance Association and the British Red Cross Society have all put their resources at the disposal of the Government and are undertaking the training of their members in precautionary measures.

It is computed that approximately 3 per cent. of the population of a town of 100,000 inhabitants and over are required to be trained in all the necessary services with which air raid precautions deal.

Included in the above total is the very necessary recruitment of air raid wardens. The greatest importance is attached to this organisation, and it is interesting to recall that there is an historical precedent.

The object is to form a body of responsible men or women who will receive training in air raid precautions duties to enable them to help their fellow citizens in time of need, and also to form a link between the various local air raid precautionary services and the general public.

The training, though it may be extended over several weeks, amounts in the aggregate to only some 20 hours and is in no way formidable, comprising instruction in elementary methods of protecting houses and property, simple first aid, and fitting of respirators.

In addition, the work of wardens would embrace the very important duty of assisting the scheme of respirator distribution from distributing depots to the individual, and in attending to any replacements necessary.

Medical Assistance

In an emergency wardens would be expected to play the part of a good neighbour, to help their fellow citizens and to take such action as might be possible to deal with any local situation that might arise, and especially to summon assistance if required.

On completion of their training wardens, like all other air raid precautions volunteers, are entitled to receive the silver badge or brooch which is being awarded by the Government.

A further scheme to help forward the organisation necessary to deal with special casualties is that recently inaugurated for training medical services.

With the help of specially trained medical instructors, doctors, nurses and medical students are rapidly being instructed in anti-gas measures throughout the country, and in London alone the results of this scheme are already becoming apparent.

The medical instructors are faced with an overwhelming demand for lectures, and their programmes are booked up for many months ahead.

Almost the only difficulty of any moment being encountered is one of complying with demands soon enough to satisfy the enthusiasm of applicants.

Many and other varied problems confront the Air Raid Precautions Department—such as the restriction of lighting in towns, which will need to be far more severe than in the last war, and arrangements for warning the civil population of the approach of hostile aircraft.

Needs of Industry

On both these two points experiments and trials have been carried out and are to be continued in the future.

In addition, schemes are being devised for the protection of all public utility undertakings, such as water, gas and electricity and plans are being worked out for docks, harbours, railways and other transport authorities with the same object in view.

Considerable attention has been paid to the needs of commerce and industry. Addresses have been given throughout the country to the principal Chambers of Commerce, to architects, engineers and kindred professions. Many of the larger factories, works and business premises both in the metropolis and in the country have been visited by specially qualified officials.

All relevant information on this subject has been incorporated in a special pamphlet entitled "Air Raid Precautions in Factories and Business Premises," which is available to those interested.

THE chairman and the United Kingdom members of the Commission of Enquiry appointed to inquire into the recent disturbances in Trinidad hope to be able to start work in London shortly and to take evidence from the interested parties in the third week of August before their departure to the Colony.

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Heavy Baggage will be received into Lighter at the Custom's Jetty between 2 and 3 p.m. Monday, August 16th
Customs Permit required for any nailed cases
All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route—and the route and all sailings are subject to change or deviations with or without notice.
For Freight and Passage apply to:
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
Agents
Telephone 11428 27 The Bund

THE SWEDISH EAST-ASIATIC COMPANY LIMITED

From EUROPE	To EUROPE
ms. DELHI .....Arr. Aug. 22	ms. NAGARA .....Sailing Aug. 26
ms. SHANTUNG ....Arr. Aug. 24	ms. SHANTUNG ...Sailing Sept. 25
ms. NANKING .....Arr. Sept. 19	ms. NANKING ....Sailing Oct. 26

HOMEWARD BOUND VESSELS CALL AT
Tripoli, Algiers, Oran, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Oslo and Gothenburg
Cargo accepted to other ports on through B/L with transhipment
The Ekman Foreign Agencies, Ltd.
HAMILTON HOUSE *Agents* TELEPHONE 11330

Holland East-Asia Line
of the United Netherlands Navigation Company
FAR EASTERN FREIGHT SERVICE
OUTWARD
From Bremen, Hamburg, Antwerp, Amsterdam, Rotterdam and Genoa
S.S. MEERKERK ..... Due to Arrive Aug. 14
S.S. SEROOSKERK ..... Due to Arrive Sept. 11
HOMEWARD
to
ADEN—PORT SAID—JAFFA—HAIFA
Genoa, Marseilles, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, Hamburg and Bremen
S.S. GAASTERKERK ..... Due to Sail Aug. 7
S.S. MEERKERK ..... Due to Sail Sept. 7
Through Bs/L issued to all Mediterranean and all North Continental Ports. Optional Bs/L issued to United Kingdom/Continental Ports.
The steamers have excellent accommodation for a limited number of saloon passengers.
Shanghai/Genoa/Marseilles £56
Shanghai/Rotterdam/London £60
Excursions to Jerusalem can be arranged during ships' stay at Jaffa
JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN AGENTSCHAP SHANGHAI N.V.
133 Szechuen Road
Brunner Mond Building
General Agents
Telephone 16247-6-5-4 (4 lines)

"North-China Daily News" Sunday Supplement

PHOTOGRAPH COMPETITION

The Series for best "Animal Study" will close August 22

CASH PRIZES OF TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS EACH

will be distributed as follows:

$25 for the best "Animal Study" received between August 9 and August 22.
$25 for the best "Study of Chinese Life" received between August 23 and September 5.
$25 for the best "Action Photograph of Sports" received between Sept. 6 and Sept. 19.
$25 for the best "Interior Scene" received between September 20 and October 3.
$25 for the best "Holiday Photograph" received between October 4 and October 17.
$25 for the best "Scenic Photograph" received between October 18 and October 31.
$25 for the best "News Photograph" received between November 1 and November 14.

Readers will remember that the "North-China Daily News" ran a similar competition last year, which, judging by the number of entries received, was very popular, and also proved that Shanghai was not lacking in amateur photographers of ability and imagination. This year's competition is different in that the entries have been divided up into groups, which it is thought will make the award of prizes more satisfactory and will also add interest to the competition.

Competitors may send in as many entries as they wish and for all or any of the eight groups. Each entry, however, must be attached to the entry form, which will be found at the foot of the Competition advertisement which will be published every day in the "North-China Daily News" during the period of the competition.

This is the ideal season of the year for photographers; you are competing with amateurs; and there is no entrance fee. So keep your camera loaded and remember that there are thousands of pictures ready to hand in the streets, in the country, at the seashore, and indoors.

The prize winners will be announced in the Sunday issue of the "North-China Daily News" following the closing date of each series.

RULES

1. A prize of $25 will be paid to the amateur sending in the best photograph of each series every fortnight, from the fortnight ending July 25 to the fortnight ending October 31.
2. Photographs must be taken by the competitor, who must be an amateur, and must not have previously appeared in any other publication.
3. Photographs may be of any size not smaller than 8 square inches and must be unmounted. They may be developed, printed and enlarged by a professional photographer, but must not be touched up, double printed, or otherwise manipulated.
4. Any number may be sent in any one fortnight or every fortnight. The entry form at the foot of the advertisement must be filled in and *must accompany each photograph submitted.* Name or *nom de plume* must be written in pencil on the back of the photograph.
5. The "North-China Daily News" has the right of printing any or every photograph sent in for competition, whether a prize winner or not. No photographs will be returned.
6. The decision of the "North-China Daily News" must be accepted as final. No member of its staff is allowed to compete.
7. Entries must be addressed **Photograph Competition, North-China Daily News, 17 The Bund.**

GLOSSY PRINTS ARE PREFERABLE BUT THERE IS NO RESTRICTION AS TO PAPER OR PRINTING.

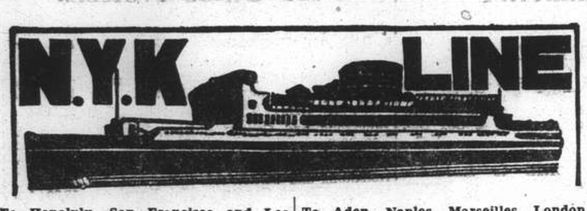
Every photograph sent in must have a separate entry form attached to it.

PHOTOGRAPH COMPETITION ENTRY FORM

To Photograph Competition, "North-China Daily News," 17 The Bund, Shanghai.

Name ..... Title .....
Address ..... Where taken .....
..... Camera used .....
Nom de plume for publication if preferred .....

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING



To Honolulu, San Francisco and Los Angeles, via Kobe and Yokohama

	Leave Shanghai
TATSUTA MARU	Aug. 15
ASAMA MARU	Sept. 10
CHICHIBU MARU	Oct. 2
TATSUTA MARU	Oct. 16
ASAMA MARU	Nov. 6
TAIYO MARU	Nov. 17

To Vancouver and Seattle

HEIAN MARU (from Kobe)	Aug. 16

To New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore

NOTO MARU	Aug. 20
NOSHIRO MARU	Sept. 6

To South American (West Coast Ports)

RAKUYO MARU	Aug. 20

To Kobe and Yokohama

SUWA MARU	Aug. 19
FU SHIMI MARU	Sept. 1

To Nagasaki and Kobe (Rapid Express Service)

SHANGHAI MARU	Aug. 12
†NAGASAKI MARU	Aug. 12
NAGASAKI MARU	Aug. 16
SHANGHAI MARU	Aug. 19

†Terminates at Nagasaki

To Aden, Naples, Marseilles, London, Antwerp and Rotterdam via Hongkong, Straits and Colombo

	Leave Shanghai
KASHIMA MARU (Calling at Keelung)	Aug. 10
YASUKUNI MARU (Calling at Hamburg)	Aug. 24
HAKONE MARU	Sept. 7
SUWA MARU (Calling at Keelung)	Sept. 21
FUSHIMI MARU	Oct. 5

To Hamburg via Panama

To Hamburg via Port Sudan, Alexandria and Casablanca

KINUGASA MARU	Aug. 31

To Liverpool

LYONS MARU	Sept. 6

To Bombay

TOKIWA MARU	Aug. 24
ANYO MARU	Sept. 7

To Hongkong

ASAMA MARU	Aug. 25
CHICHIBU MARU	Sept. 21

To Australian Ports via Manila (From Hongkong)

KAMO MARU	Aug. 28

To Moji and Kobe

MIKAGE MARU No. 18	Aug. 11
HAKKAISAN MARU	Aug. 22

*Freight only

For Passage or Freight apply to **NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA** 31 The Bund

Tel. 12842 After Office Hours 18885

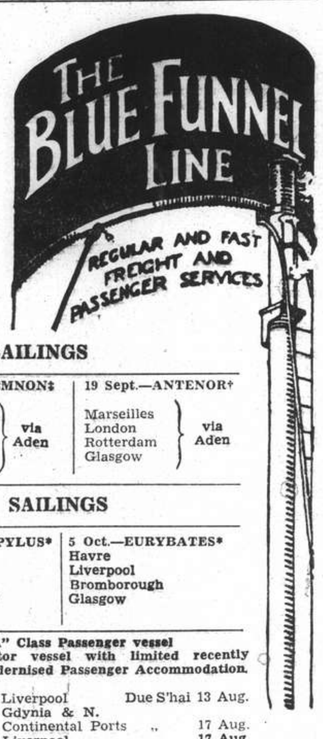
General Passenger Agents of Cunard-White Star, Ltd.

PASSAGE FARES
Shanghai to London

Class	Single	Return
A	£88	£154
B	£68	£119
C	£64	£112

Passenger Office
21-23 French Bund

Butterfield & Swire
Agents
Telephone 82020



LONDON SAILINGS

22 Aug.—PATROCLUS†	5 Sept.—MEMNON‡	19 Sept.—ANTENOR†
Marseilles, London, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Glasgow — via Aden	Marseilles, London, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Glasgow — via Aden	Marseilles, London, Rotterdam, Glasgow — via Aden

LIVERPOOL SAILINGS

28 Aug.—MARON*	18 Sept.—EURYPYLUS*	5 Oct.—EURYBATES*
Havre, Liverpool, Bromborough	Liverpool, Bromborough	Havre, Liverpool, Bromborough, Glasgow

*Cargo steamer with limited Passenger Accommodation.
† "A" Class Passenger vessel
‡ Motor vessel with limited recently modernised Passenger Accommodation.

SERVICE OUTWARD

SCENTOR	from Liverpool	Due S'hai	13 Aug.
TEUCER	Gdynia & N. Continental Ports	,,	17 Aug.
ANTENOR	Liverpool	,,	17 Aug.
MARON	New York	,,	18 Aug.
MENELAUS	Liverpool	,,	27 Aug.
AJAX	Liverpool	,,	31 Aug.

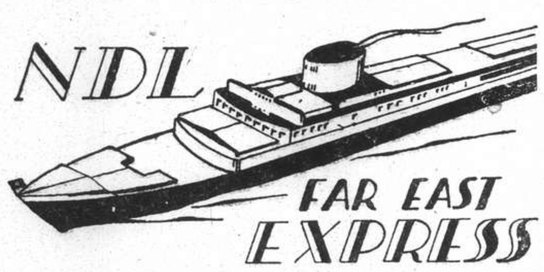
LLOYD TRIESTINO

SAILING LIST

SECOND HALF YEAR 1937

VICTORIA	Aug. 19	Naples, Genoa.
CONTE VERDE	Sept. 2	Brindisi, Venice, Trieste.
CONTE BIANCAMANO	Sept. 17	Naples, Genoa.
CONTE ROSSO	Sept. 30	Brindisi, Venice, Trieste.
VICTORIA	Oct. 21	Naples, Genoa.
CONTE VERDE	Nov. 4	Brindisi, Venice, Trieste.
CONTE BIANCAMANO	Nov. 17	Naples, Genoa.
CONTE ROSSO	Nov. 27	Brindisi, Venice, Trieste.
VICTORIA	Dec. 17	Naples, Genoa.
CONTE VERDE	Dec. 31	Brindisi, Venice, Trieste.
CONTE BIANCAMANO	Jan. 15	Naples, Genoa.

26 The Bund. Tel. 16885 Tel. Ad.: LLOYDIANO.



PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE
SHANGHAI to EUROPE

Genoa, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen and Hamburg

ss. GNEISENAU	Aug. 27
ss. Oder‡§	Sept. 17
ss. SCHARNHORST	Sept. 24
ss. Donau§	Oct. 20
ss. POTSDAM	Oct. 22
ms. Havel‡*	Nov. 4

*Calls Casablanca §Calls Oran
‡Calls Marseilles instead Genoa

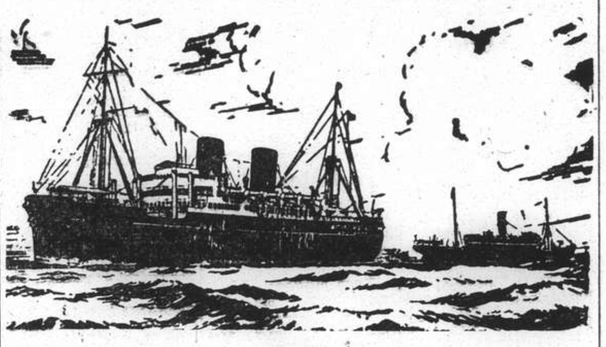
For YOKOHAMA and KOBE

ss. "GNEISENAU" August 16, 1937
sails at 1 p.m.
from Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf
Embarkation: 12 noon

For Passage and Freight apply to:

MELCHERS & CO.
General Agents:
Norddeutscher Lloyd, Bremen
210 Kiukiang Road Telephone 15566

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING



B. I. P&O E.&A.

(Incorporated in England—by Royal Charter)
Direct Fortnightly Mail Steamers (under contract with H.M. Govt.)

TO BOMBAY, MARSEILLES and LONDON
Via Hongkong, Straits and Ceylon

			Tonnage
Aug.	17	RAJPUTANA	17,000
	31	RANPURA	17,000
Sept.	7	*BURDWAN	6,000
	14	RAWALPINDI	17,000
	28	CORFU	15,000
Oct.	5	*SOMALI	7,000
	12	NALDERA	16,000
	26	CARTHAGE	15,000

*Cargo only: calling at Casablanca Havre. Hull, Hamburg, Rotterdam and Antwerp. † Not Calling Bombay

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BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
To CALCUTTA via PORTS

	Leave Shanghai For Japan	Leave Hongkong
TALMA		Aug. 14
SIRDHANA		Aug. 28
SHIRALA	Aug. 24	Sept. 11

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN S.S. CO., LTD.
FAST MAIL SERVICE
SHANGHAI TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT
Via Japan, Hongkong and Rabaul

Australia and New Zealand for a healthy and cheap holiday. Your money is worth 25% more. Variations of climate to suit all, with surfing, fishing and shooting second to none.

Steamers	Commanders	Lv. Shanghai via Japan	Leave Hongkong	Arrive Sydney
TANDA	E. Pilcher	Aug. 11	Sept. 3	Sept. 22
NANKIN	T. J. Mills	Sept. 10	Oct. 2	Oct. 21
NELLORE	H. C. G. Strafford	Oct. 8	Oct. 30	Nov. 18

Taking Passengers and Cargo Direct from Shanghai or Transhipping via Hongkong

All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route—and the route and all sailings are subject to change or deviation with or without notice.

Mackinnon, Mackenzie, & Co.
27 The Bund (Ewo Building) Telephone 11428

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

9 Av. Edward VII
Tel. 82034

FRENCH MAIL SERVICE KOBE, MARSEILLES
via Shanghai, Hongkong, Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Djibouti and Port-Said

SHANGHAI Arrive	SHANGHAI Leave	Arrive Kobe	STEAMERS	Leave Kobe	SHANGHAI Arrive	SHANGHAI Leave for Marseilles
Aug. 9	Aug. 13	Aug. 15	ARAMIS	Aug. 18	Aug. 20	Aug. 21
Aug. 24	Aug. 27	Aug. 29	SPHINX	Sept. 1	Sept. 3	Sept. 4
Sept. 7	Sept. 10	Sept. 12	D'ARTAGNAN	Sept. 15	Sept. 17	Sept. 18
Sept. 21	Sept. 24	Sept. 26	CHENONCEAUX	Sept. 29	Oct. 1	Oct. 2
Oct. 5	Oct. 8	Oct. 10	ANDRE LEBON	Oct. 13	Oct. 15	Oct. 16
Oct. 19	Oct. 22	Oct. 24	FELIX ROUSSEL	Oct. 27	Oct. 29	Oct. 30

FREIGHT SERVICE

SIKIANG
due at Shanghai about Aug. 14, will sail for Europe Sept. 4
YANGTSE
beginning Sept. from Hongkong, direct to Noumea, Australia, Capetown, Dakar.

The Thrill of the Season
VISIT THE WONDERFUL YANGTZE GORGES
For Luxury, Comfort and Speed
Travel by
MING SUNG INDUSTRIAL COMPANY'S STEAMERS
Connected with steamers going up to Chungking
For further particulars please apply to:
MING SUNG INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.
Shanghai Branch
190 Ningpo Road Telephone 93230

D. K. K.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE
Connecting with South Manchuria and Trans-Siberian Railway
Shortest route between Europe and Far East

	Arrival	Departure
S.S. DAIREN MARU	Aug. 11	Aug. 11 at 3 p.m.
S.S. HOTEN MARU	Aug. 12	Aug. 13 at 11 a.m.
S.S. TSINGTAO MARU	Aug. 14	Aug. 15 at 11 a.m.
S.S. DAIREN MARU	Aug. 16	Aug. 18 at 11 a.m.
S.S. HOTEN MARU	Aug. 19	Aug. 21 at 11 a.m.
S.S. TSINGTAO MARU	Aug. 22	Aug. 24 at 11 a.m.

For Passage and Freight apply to:
DAIREN KISEN KAISHA
110 Szechuen Road Telephone 19646

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

LOW ROUND TRIP FARES TO JAPAN

Return Limit October 31

ROUND TRIP

FIRST CLASS

Shanghai—Kobe	Yen 145.00
Shanghai—Yokohama	Yen 175.00

TOURIST CLASS

Shanghai—Kobe	S.$ 94.00
Shanghai—Yokohama	S.$117.00

S.S. "PRESIDENT POLK"
Sailing for New York via Hongkong, Manila, S.S., India, Suez and Europe
WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 11th
Last tender leaves Customs Jetty at 2.00 p.m.

S.S. "PRESIDENT HOOVER"
Arriving from Los Angeles and San Francisco
WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 11th
Passengers at Customs Jetty at 8.45 a.m.
Sailing for Hongkong and Manila
WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 11
Last tender leaves Customs Jetty at 9.45 p.m.

AMERICAN MAIL LINE
DOLLAR STEAMSHIP LINES

51 CANTON ROAD TEL. 15309

East Asiatic Co., Ltd.
of Copenhagen

Outwards from European Continental Ports

MS. TONGKING	Aug. 12
MS. INDIA	Sept. 7
MS. JAVA	Oct. 6

Loading Homewards for
JAFFA, HAIFA, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG, COPENHAGEN

MS. TONGKING ..... Sept. 10

Through Bills of Lading issued to all Continental, Baltic and Scandinavian ports. Optional Bills of Lading issued to U.K. ports

Agency of
THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.
Telephone 15055 17 Canton Road

"Glen" and "Shire" Lines

Joint Services to and from the United Kingdom, Continent, etc.

Vessels due to sail from Shanghai

SS. GLENIFFER ..... Aug. 15
For Casablanca, London, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Antwerp, via Straits. Loading dates approximate and subject to alteration without notice

Vessels due to arrive at Shanghai from U.K. and Continental Ports

MV. RADNORSHIRE ..... Aug. 22
MV. GLENAPP ..... Sept. 5

JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LTD.
Passenger and Loading Agents
Telephone 15290

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
Discharging Agents
Telephone 82020

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE
Far Eastern Mail
Passenger and Freight Service

SAILING FROM SHANGHAI TO EUROPE:

mv. KULMERLAND	Aug. 15	Genoa, Rotterdam, Hamburg.
mv. DUISBURG	Aug. 28	Genoa, Rotterdam, Hamburg.

DUE AT SHANGHAI FROM EUROPE:

ss. CASTLEMOOR	Aug. 14	In Hongkong	Aug. 8
ss. OLDENBURG	Aug. 15	Left Colombo	Aug. 1
ss. SCHEER	Aug. 18	Left Singapore	Aug. 7
mv. SAUERLAND	Aug. 20	Left Colombo	July 31
ss. BADEN	Sept. 3	Passed Suez	July 28
mv. RHEINLAND	Sept. 7	Passed Suez	Aug. 5

Through-tickets Far East/America/Europe issued
Subject to Alteration without notice. For Passage and Freight apply to

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINE
20 Canton Road FILIALE SHANGHAI Tel. 18709

Express Service

Shanghai—37 DAYS—New York

To New York and Boston via Los Angeles and Panama Canal

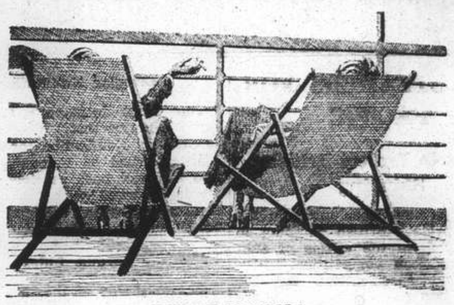
M.V. "TARONGA" sailing **Aug. 22**

Special Accommodation for Silk, Refrigerated Cargo and Oil in Bulk

For Freight and Passage Rates apply

DODWELL & CO., LTD.
17 Canton Road Telephone 11389

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING



RELAXATION!

Modern Comfort and Old fashioned Courtesy are assured when travelling Canadian Pacific.

TRANS-PACIFIC SAILINGS

Steamer	S'hai Leave	N'saki Leave	Kobe Leave	Y'hama Leave	H'lulu Leave	Victoria & Vancouver Arrive
Empress of Asia	Aug. 19	Aug. 21	Aug. 23	Aug. 25	Sept. 1	Sept. 7
Empress of Canada	Sept. 5	—	Sept. 8	Sept. 10	Sept. 17	Sept. 22
Empress of Russia	Sept. 19	Sept. 21	Sept. 23	Sept. 25	—	Oct. 4
Empress of Japan	Oct. 3	—	Oct. 6	Oct. 8	Oct. 14	Oct. 19
Empress of Asia	Oct. 17	Oct. 19	Oct. 21	Oct. 23	—	Nov. 1

Direct Connections for Canadian and U.S. Overland Points
Also Atlantic Sailings for Europe

SOUTHBOUND SAILINGS

	Leave Shanghai	Due Hongkong	Due Manila
Empress of Canada	Aug. 25	Aug. 27	Aug. 29
Empress of Russia	Sept. 8	Sept. 10	Sept. 12

For full information and literature apply to

Canadian Pacific
WORLD'S GREATEST TRAVEL SYSTEM
The Bund and Peking Road **Telephone 19490**

By "DUTCH MAILS" To EUROPE

via Bali and Java *or* via Singapore

(Shanghai-Java by J.C.J.L.) (Shanghai-Singapore by "Interchange" Line)

	Tonnage	Leave Batavia	Leave Singapore	Arrive Genoa/Marseilles
ms. Sibajak	13,500	Aug. 18	Aug. 20	Sept. 8
ms. Christiaan Huygens	16,000	Sept. 1	Sept. 3	Sept. 21
ms. Dempo	17,000	Sept. 8	Sept. 10	Sept. 28
ms. Johan v. Oldenbarnevelt	19,100	Sept. 22	Sept. 24	Oct. 12
ss. Slamat	12,000	Sept. 29	Oct. 1	Oct. 19
ss. Johan de Witt	11,000	Oct. 13	Oct. 15	Nov. 3
ms. Indrapoera	12,000	Oct. 20	Oct. 22	Nov. 9
ms. Marnix v. St. Aldegonde	19,200	Nov. 3	Nov. 5	Nov. 23
ms. Baloeran	17,000	Nov. 10	Nov. 12	Nov. 30
ms. Christiaan Huygens	16,000	Nov. 24	Nov. 26	Dec. 14
ms. Sibajak	13,500	Dec. 1	Dec. 3	Dec. 21
ms. Johan v. Oldenbarnevelt	19,100	Dec. 15	Dec. 17	Jan. 4 1938
ms. Dempo	17,000	Dec. 22 1938	Dec. 24 1938	Jan. 11
ss. Johan de Witt	11,000	Jan. 5	Jan. 7	Jan. 26
ms. Indrapoera	12,000	Jan. 12	Jan. 14	Feb. 1
ms. Marnix v. St. Aldegonde	19,200	Jan. 26	Jan. 28	Feb. 15
ms. Baloeran	17,000	Feb. 2	Feb. 4	Feb. 22
ms. Christiaan Huygens	16,000	Feb. 16	Feb. 18	Mar. 8

SINGAPORE—GENOA/MARSEILLES 18 DAYS

For further particulars apply to:
JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN AGENTSCHAP SHANGHAI N.V.
133 SZECHUEN ROAD TELEPHONE: 16247

O.S.K.

Shanghai Sailings

For New York and Panama Canal, Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore, via Los Angeles

*KWANSAI MARU	Aug. 12
*NANKAI MARU	Aug. 26
*HOKUROKU MARU	Sept. 10
*SANYO MARU	Sept. 27

For Foochow, Keelung and Takao

CHOSA MARU	Aug. 13
SEIKYO MARU	Aug. 21
CHOSA MARU	Aug. 29
SEIKYO MARU	Sept. 3

Hongkong and Kobe Sailings

For South America via Africa

SANTOS MARU	Aug. 25
ARABIA MARU	Sept. 2

For Bombay (From Hongkong)

*HIMALAYA MARU	Aug. 30
*BORNEO MARU	Sept. 19

For Calcutta (From Hongkong)

*ARGUN MARU	Sept. 2
*HAVANA MARU	Sept. 20

For Australia (From Kobe)

*CANBERRA MARU	Aug. 31

For New Zealand (From Kobe)

*MELBOURNE MARU	Aug. 20

*Cargo only

For Passage and Freight apply to:
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
20 Canton Road Telephone 15324

American Pioneer Line

Due Shanghai from New York

MS. JEFF DAVIS ..... September 18

To New York, Boston, Baltimore, Philadelphia

MS. JEFF DAVIS ..... September 23

ROOSEVELT STEAMSHIP COMPANY, INC.
Managing Agents For The United States Maritime Commission
STATES STEAMSHIP COMPANY
GENERAL AGENTS
Hamilton House, Ground Floor Telephone 19444

WILHELMSEN LINES

OUTWARDS

ms. TRITON	Due Shanghai Aug. 11
ms. TOURCOING	Due Shanghai Sept. 14
ms. TUNGSHA	Due Shanghai Sept. 26
ms. TALLEYRAND	Due Shanghai Oct. 11

HOMEWARD DIRECT FOR
Tripoli, Casablanca, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Scandinavia

ms. TAI SHAN	9,860 tons	Aug. 14
ms. TAI PING YANG	9,886 tons	Sept. 15
ms. TOURCOING	9,591 tons	Oct. 14

Through Bills of Lading for Baltic and Scandinavian Ports.
Optional Bills of Lading for U.K. Ports
For freight and passage, please apply to the
Agents: O. THORESEN & CO.
110 Szechuen Road Telephone 11881-11886

THE SHIPPING WORLD

NEW STEAMERS FOR PACIFIC

Steps to Protect British Shipping

New steps have been taken in the plans to protect British shipping in the Pacific from the effects of subsidised American competition.

Plans and specifications for the proposed two new ships which are to be built for the Canadian-Australian service have been submitted to shipbuilders who have been asked to submit tenders for their construction.

This was announced in the following statement issued last night by Lord Craigmyle, chairman of the P. and O. line, and Sir Edward Beatty, president of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

"Negotiations continue to progress for completion of an arrangement to improve the steamship service between Canada, Fiji, New Zealand and Australia. The issue to selected shipbuilders of plans and specifications for two proposed new ships, inviting tenders for construction, forms a routine part of the negotiations now being undertaken by representatives of the interested Governments and of the Canadian-Australasian line.

£1,500,000 Each

"There is a possibility of some unavoidable delay on account of the necessary departure from England of Dominion Ministers prior to the completion of the final agreement."

The two vessels are expected to cost about £1,500,000 each.

They are expected to be equal, if not superior, to the American vessels which have been securing the greater part of the trade on the Empire in the Pacific.

100 KILLED AS VENEZUELA LAUNCH SINKS

Maracaibo, Venezuela, Aug. 9.

At least 100 persons were killed here to-day when the launch Anna Cecilia sank in Lake Maracaibo. Several bodies were recovered.

The craft was reported to have capsized as a result of overloading. Two hundred petroleum workers were aboard at the time of the accident.—United Press.

REMAINDER OF NEREUS CREW RESCUED

Seattle, Aug. 9.

The remaining six members of the crew of the freighter Nereus, which ran aground on Vancouver Island yesterday, were taken off the ship to-day Previously 26 members had been removed by Coast Guard vessels.

Officials of the Coast Guard to-day expressed the opinion that the vessel, which was en route to Vancouver, B.C. from the Far East, was a total loss.—United Press.

TRIALS OF TORPEDO-BOAT DESTROYER

H.M. torpedo-boat destroyer Imperial, constructed by Messrs. R. and W. Hawthorn, Leslie and Company, Limited, at their Hebburn-on-Tyne shipbuilding yard, to the order of the Admiralty, was handed over on June 30, after a successful series of trials. She is one of eight vessels ordered under the 1935 Naval Programme; her overall length is 323 ft. and her displacement about 1,350 tons. The propelling machinery comprises two independent sets of single-reduction geared turbines of the latest Parsons type, driving two screws. An astern turbine is incorporated in each low-pressure turbine, and provision is made in the high-pressure turbines to ensure a high degree of efficiency over a wide range of cruising powers.

The machinery is designed to develop a total of 34,000 s.h.p., and steam at 350 lb. per square inch pressure is supplied by three oil-fired water-tube boilers of the three-drum type arranged in separate boiler rooms. H.M.S. Imperial is a sister ship of H.M.S. Imogen, handed over by Messrs. Hawthorn, Leslie on June 2, and is the 71st war vessel constructed by them for the British Admiralty.

Taikoo Arrivals

No ships of the line are due here to-day, but to-morrow, the ss. Kingyuan will arrive in Shanghai from Hongkong and Swatow sometime during the morning. On Friday, the ss. Wuhu will arrive from river ports in the morning and the ss. Shengking will arrive from Chefoo and ports during the afternoon.

* * *

Gneisenau Arriving

With passengers and the mails from Europe, the Norddeutscher Lloyd ss. Gneisenau, under the command of Captain E. Hengstenberg, is expected to arrive in port at about 5 o'clock this Saturday afternoon. She will berth at the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Company's Hongkew Wharf, remaining in port for two days; she sails at 1 p.m. on Monday, August 16, for Japan ports. She is due to sail on her return journey to Genoa, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen and Hamburg (via the usual ports) on Friday, August 27.

* * *

President Polk

The round-the-world liner President Polk, of the Dollar Steamship Lines, arrived from New York, via Havana, Cristobal, Balboa, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Honolulu and Kobe, yesterday when she berthed at the Dollar Wharf, Pootung. The ss. President Polk will continue her voyage around the world to New York (via Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, and Egyptian and European ports) to-day: the last tender will leave the Customs Jetty for the ship at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

* * *

President Hoover

This morning, the ss. President Hoover is expected to arrive in Shanghai from Los Angeles and San Francisco via Honolulu, Yokohama and Kobe and she will berth for a change at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Company's Pootung Wharf. Disembarking passengers will arrive by tender at the Customs Jetty at 8.45 a.m. The steamer will sail to-night at 11 o'clock bound for Hongkong and Manila, the last boarding tender leaving the Customs Jetty at 9.45 p.m. The President Hoover is bringing many passengers, the next mail from America and a heavy cargo to Shanghai.

Circular Notification

The Coast Inspector's Office has issued a notice that: "With reference to Circular Notification for Kiukiang District issued on Monday, information has now been received that the words "marked with bamboo buoy surmounted by red flags" after "flood bank" should be deleted.

* * *

Jardine Ships

The only ship of the line expected to arrive in Shanghai to-day is the ss. Fooching which is due from Tsingtao. She will be berthed alongside the Old Ningpo Wharf. To-morrow, the ss. Loongwo will arrive from Hankow via ports and the ss. Daviken will arrive from Tsingtao. Both vessels will be docked alongside Hunt's Wharf, on the Shanghai side of the river.

* * *

Tjibadak Sailing

Bound for Macassar, Bali, Soerabaia and Java, via Amoy, Hongkong, Manila and Cebu, the Java-China-Japan Line ss. Tjibadak will sail from Holts Wharf, Pootung at 11 o'clock to-morrow morning; a passenger tender will leave the Customs Jetty promptly at 9.30 a.m. that day. The local agents state that some excellent passenger accommodation is available on the Tjibadak, and through tickets are issued to European, Australian and African ports.

* * *

The mv. Victoria

The first of the Lloyd Triestino line to sail for Shanghai under the new schedule of two sailings a month, the mv. Victoria sailed from Colombo on Wednesday, and should arrive in port on Sunday, August 15, when she will berth at the China Merchants Central Wharf, 880 Broadway. She will sail on her return journey from the same wharf on Thursday, August 19, at 8.30 a.m., bound for Naples and Genoa via Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Aden, Massowah and Port Said. She will also carry passengers travelling overland to London. Heavy luggage will be received at Messrs. Marden & Co.'s godown at 125 Hankow Road during office hours on August 17 and 18. No nailed cases will be accepted unless they are accompanied by a Customs permit, which is obtainable through Marden's against payment of a small fee.

PASSENGERS ARRIVING

K.M.A. Johanne Justesen

From Chinwangtao. Aug. 7. Mr. Cassels, Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Hawkins, Mr. Calcinas, Mr. Keogh, Mr. Hultman, Mr. Leverauts, Mr. Hurter. Capt. Wilkinson.

K.M.A. Kaiping

From Chinwangtao. Aug. 7. Mr. Hotimsky, Adjectant Chef-Mad Migeon, Miss Barnes, Miss Meeker, Mr. Reinhardt, Dr. Rall, Mr. G. H. May, Miss Ethe Legge, Mr. C. Kee, Miss Roots, Mr. C. F. D. Lowe, Miss Murray, Miss Baxter.

K.M.A. Ingeren

From Chinwangtao. Aug. 8. Mrs. Schulz, Miss Sutherland, Mr. Thelin, Mr. Bossu.

K.M.A. Sygna

From Chinwangtao. Aug. 9. Mr. and Mrs. Strong, Mr. and Mrs. Marshal.

K.M.A. Wilford

From Chinwangtao. Aug. 9. Mr. C. V. W. Brook, Mr. R. A. Kreulen.

R. D. President Polk

From New York. Aug. 10. Mrs. S. M. Adams, Mstr. C. H. Adams, Mstr. J. L. Adams, Lt. Comdr. J. B. Anderson, Lt. and Mrs. F. H. Bond, Miss Sara and Sue Bond, Mrs. A. W. Burdeen, Miss Theresa Burdeen, Mr. Y. S. Chin, Mr. and Mrs. Z. S. Chow, Lt. C. E. Coffin, Lt. P. R. Drouihet, Mrs. H. S. Erdahl, Mstr. Richard H. Erdahl, Miss Leta B. Erdahl, Mrs. C. A. Frasier, Miss Barbara Frasier, Lt. and Mrs. T. L. Greene, Miss Mary Jo Greene, Lt. and Mrs. E. C. Hawk, Miss Joan Hawk, Mstr. E. C. Hawk, Mrs. J. W. Head, Miss Maris Head, Mrs. H. E. Hill, Mr. F. H. Jeune, Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. L. E. Kelly, Miss Patricia P. Kelly, Mrs. Aubery Lane, Mr. Donald J. McClanahan, Lt. and Mrs. R. N. Norgaard, Miss E. Norgaard, Mr. Elias Pando, Mrs. Ramona M. de Pando, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Parker, Mr. Gajinder Singh, Mrs. A. L. Tucker, Lt. and Mrs. Frank Virden, Mstr. Stanley Virden, Miss Cynthia Virden, Mrs. T. Weaver, Mrs. T. M. Young.

PASSENGERS DEPARTING

K.M.A. Johanne Justesen

For Chinwangtao.—Aug. 8.—Mr. A. H. Whallon, Dr. Bergeas, Mr. C. Guillemin, Mr. G. G. C. Harper, Lt. K. Carter.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Danae	Br.	Cr.	15/16 B.
Defender H.07	Br.	Dest.	B.N.B.
Duncan	Br.	Dest.	B.N.B.
Falmouth	Br.	Slp.	5/6 B.
Sacramento	Am.	Gbt.	U.S.N.B.
D. de Lagree	Fr.	Gbt.	K.D.
D. d'Urville	Fr.	Slp.	F.N.B.
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt.	8/9 B.
Idzumo	Jap.	Cr.	N.Y.K.M.W.
Kuri	Jap.	Dest.	J.N.J.
Tsuga	Jap.	Dest.	J.N.J.
Ataka	Jap.	Gbt.	J.N.J.
Atami	Jap.	Gbt.	J.N.J.
Futami	Jap	Gbt	M.B.K.U.W.
Hira	Jap.	Gbt.	J.N.J.
Hozu	Jap.	Gbt.	M.B.K.U.W.
Kotaka	Jap.	Gbt.	J.N.J.
Seta	Jap.	Gbt.	J.N.J.
Toba	Jap	Gbt.	M.B.K.U.W.
Yaeyama	Jap.	Gbt.	W.W.

U.S. MARITIME COMMISSION MAKES 23 SETTLEMENTS

Mr. Kennedy Outlines Position With Regard to New Ocean Mail Contracts

The United States Maritime Commission, through its Chairman, Joseph P. Kennedy, announced June 30 the results of the negotiations for the settlement of the claims arising out of the ocean mail contracts which were terminated as of June 30, 1937, by Act of Congress. The Chairman also announced the Commission's programme for granting operating-differential subsidies which are intended to be a substitute for the ocean mail contracts in accordance with the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, which programme becomes effective July 1, 1937 states the "New York Maritime Register."

Chairman Kennedy made the following statement in regard to the settlement of the claims arising out of the ocean mail contracts:

"The Commission has acted under Title IV of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, authorizing the Commission to adjust and settle 'all the rights of the parties under such contract and to substitute in whole or in part therefor' subsidy contracts.

"The Commission has effected settlement with 23 companies holding 32 of 43 foreign ocean mail contracts. The aggregate claims made against the Government by the holders of these contracts approximated $73,000,000. These claims have been settled at a net cost to the Government of less than $750,000.

Balance of Payments

"These claims involve the balance of the payments under the ocean mail contracts which, if they were to remain in effect until their expiration date, would require the Government to pay out over $52,000,000. In addition, claims aggregating over $21,000,000 were asserted and considered in the settlement. These additional claims involve damages arising from reduction in mail pay because of disputes as to the speed of the ships; mileage disputes; reclassification of vessels; inclusion and exclusion of ports of call; additional sailings above the number specified in the contract; substitution of ships; diversion of mail; higher mileage rates; interest paid under protest; purchase, construction and reconstruction of ships; experimental work; designing, drafting and technical services; leases of piers and offices; freight commitments, chartering vessels; and issuance of securities.

Also included in these mutual settlements were numerous claims of the Government involving the question of the validity of the foreign ocean mail contracts, claims for additional interest, failure to complete voyages, failure to meet speed qualifications, and many other irregularities.

Agreements

"The following companies have executed settlement agreements: American Diamond Lines, Inc.; American Scantic Line, Inc.; American South African Line; American West African Line, Inc.; Atlantic and Caribbean S. C. Nav. So; Baltimore Mail S. S. Co., Inc.; Colombian S. S. Co., Inc.; Eastern S. S. Lines, Inc.; Export S. S. Corp. Grace Group: (Grace Line, Inc.); (Panama Mail S. C. Co.); Gulf Pacific Mail Line, Ltd.; Lykes Bros.; Lykes Bros.- Ripley Steamship Co.; Mississippi Shipping Co.; New York & Cuba Mail S. S. Co. Oceanic & Oriental Nav. Co.; Oceanic S. S. Co.; Pacific Argentine & Brazil Line; South Atlantic S. S. Co.; States S. S. Co.; Tampa Interocean S. S. Co.; United States Lines Co.

"A tentative settlement has been reached between the Commission and the Tacoma Orintal S. S. Co., which as yet has not been reduced to formal writing, this company having filed a petition for reorganization under Section 77-B of the Bankruptsy Act.

"Settlement agreements have not been reached with the following companies: American Line Steamship Corporation, a subsidiary of the I.M.M.; Dollar Steamship Lines, Inc., Ltd.; Munson Steamship Line; United Fruit Co; Waterman Steamship Corporation.

"The adjustment of the Munson Line claims has been unusually difficult because the company for a number of years has been in reorganization under Section 77-B of the Bankruptcy Act. Many complications are present because the service is operated through trustees in reorganization proceedings. However, it is expected that a satisfactory arrangement will be negotiated shortly which will result in a settlement of claims.

Dollar Line

"The adjustment of the Dollar Steamship Lines claims has been delayed pending receipt of essential information corcerning the company and affiliated corporations and the completion of the arrangements by the company for providing additional capital.

"Offers of settlement have been received from the three remaining companies, but the Commission regards these offers as unacceptable. Nevertheless, negotiations are being continued for the purpose of reaching some satisfactory basis of settlement.

"As will be explained hereafter, the Commission determined to execute at the outset no subsidy agreement in substitution for the ocean mail contracts for a longer period than six months. Doubt exists in some instances as to whether certain lines can qualify for the long-term subsidy contracts because, among other reasons, they may not be able to arrange for new financing or to discontinue existing foreign flag operations, or to rearrange their corporate structures in order to comply with the provisions of the Act. For these reasons, the Commission has found it advisable in a minority of cases to insert in the settlement agreement a provision allowing the contractor to rescind the agreement within the six months period in the event that a long term subsidy contract is not negotiated. In such case, however, the contractor must return to the Government all mail pay which it received for voyages made between February 1, 1937 and June 30, 1937, as well as the full amount received under any subsidy agreement before suit may be instituted.

Payments to Government

"In a few cases the settlement agreement provides for the payment of money to the Government by the contractor. The total of these payments is approximately $600,000. It should be observed that no inference of improper conduct should be drawn from the fact of these payments. They represent a mutual adjustment on a businesslike basis of conflicting contentions. In accordance with the terms of the statute, the settlement agreement will be referred to the Attorney General and the Attorney General may, if dissatisfied, appeal to the Court of Claims within a period of sixty days from the date the settlement is agreed upon by the Commission and the contractor."

The statement of Mr. Kennedy regarding the operating-differential subsidy is as follows:

"Congress, in its desire to promote the foreign commerce of the United States to aid in the national defence, provided in the 1936 Act a novel method of developing an adequate and well-balanced merchant marine.

"Although subsidies in a variety of forms are granted by nearly all nations to their maritime shipping, no country has adopted the device found in Title VI of the present law.

"Under this statute the Commission is authorized to execute operating differential subsidy contracts with citizens of the United States operating vessels used in essential services in the foreign commerce of the United States. Such governmental assistance is not available to operators in the coastwise trade. To qualify for a subsidy, the contractor must own, or be able to provide, such vessels as may be necessary to meet competitive conditions and promote foreign commerce. In addition, the applicant must be found by the Commission to possess the ability, experience, and financial resources necessary for these essential operations. Finally, the Commission is required as a condition of executing such a contract to determine that the granting of aid is necessary to place the citizen on a parity with his foreign competitor.

U.S. Operating Costs

"An eligible American ship operator of an essential service in the foreign commerce of the United States may be paid an amount not to exceed the excess of the fair and reasonable cost of certain items of expense in which the ship operator is at a substantial ocmpetitive disadvantage with foreign-flag ships. In the main, these competitive disadvantages are a consequence of the higher operating costs of American flag ships necessitated by the higher American wages and standard of living.

"In our study of operating conditions, we found that American steamship operators must meet competition in a world market, without the benefits of tariff protection from foreign flag ships, of nearly all maritime nations including England, France, Germany, Japan, Italy, Norway, Brazil, Denmark, Holland, Sweden, Chile, Belgium and Poland.

Weather, Time and Tide

Wednesday, Aug. 11, 1937 (6th day of 7th moon)	SICCAWEI				GUTZLAFF	
	Aug. 9		Aug. 10		Aug. 10	
	16.00	21.00	4.00	9.00	9.00	14.00
Barometer inches	29.61	29.64	29.66	29.73	29.80	29.81
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	+0.08	+0.08	+0.07	+0.09	+0.11	+0.13
at 32 F.) ,, ,, 12 hrs.)	+0.02	+0.00	+0.05	+0.09	—	—
Wind (direction)	SE	ESE	ESE	SE	SSE	SSE
,, (miles per hour)	17.5	19.3	18.7	21.8	5 force	5 force
Temperature (Fahr.)	83.°3	78.°6	78.°1	82.°6	80.°6	80.°6
Humidity	83	89	90	80	—	—
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	9	8	8	8	10	10
Rainfall inches	—	—	—	—	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report August 9	Mean 1937	24 hours variation	Previous average same period (64 years)
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.62	+0.06	29.70
Temp. Min. 77.°4 Max. 91.°4	84.°4	—1.°1	81.°5
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	24.17	—	29.06

Date	11/8	12/8	13/8	14/8	15/8	16/8	17/8	18/8	19/8
Sun rises at Shanghai	5.16	5.17	5.17	5.18	5.19	5.19	5.20	5.21	5.21
Sun sets at Shanghai	18.42	18.41	18.40	18.39	18.38	18.37	18.36	18.35	18.34
Moon rises at Shanghai	10.06	11.02	11.57	12.51	13.43	14.34	15.21	16.05	16.46
Moon sets at Shanghai	21.26	22.01	22.40	23.22	0.00	0.27	0.57	1.51	2.46
Flood makes Shanghai	13.10	13.40	14.15	15.00	16.04	17.20	6.39	7.40	8.29
Ebb makes Shanghai	6.03	6.40	7.20	8.15	9.23	10.37	12.39	13.28	14.11
H.W. at Woosung Bar	14.58	15.37	16.18	17.06	18.06	6.42	8.12	9.33	10.34

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Vessels Arriving

Due To-day from

Los Angeles.—ss. President Hoover
Kobe.—ss. Shanghai Maru
Tsingtao.—ss. Fooshing
River Ports.—ss. Yohyang Maru
Ningpo.—ss. Hsin Peking

Due at Future Dates

The first date after the ship's name is the date on which she left the port under which she is listed. The last date, that on which she is due in Shanghai.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From LONDON

Rawalpindi	16/7	22/8
Somali	24/7	5/9
Corfu	30/7	5/9

From LIVERPOOL

Stentor	3/7	14/3
Antenor	10/7	17/8
Menelaus	17/7	27/8
Ajax	24/7	31/8
Eurybates	31/7	11/9
Hector	7/8	14/9

From GLASGOW

Stentor	3/7	14/8
Antenor	3/7	17/8
Ajax	17/7	31/8

From COPENHAGEN

India	3/7	4/9

From GOTHENBURG

Deini	—	20/8

From OSLO

Triton	—	12/8
Delhi	28/6	20/8
Tourcoing	—	11/9

From GDYNIA

Teucer	26/6	16/8
Cyclops	14/7	3/9

From ANTWERP

Oldenburg	7/7	14/8
Gneisenau	16/7	14/8
Oder	31/7	31/8

From BREMEN

Meerkerk	—	14/8
Oder	21/7	31/8

From ROTTERDAM

Meerkerk	1/7	14/8

From HAMBURG

Gneisenau	10/7	14/8
Scharnhorst	7/3	11/9

From MARSEILLES

Sikiang	—	12/8
Sphinx	23/7	24/8
D'Artagnan	5/8	5/9

From GENOA

Gneisenau	22/7	14/8
Victoria	22/7	15/8

From TRIESTE

Riv	30/6	15/8
Cortellazzo	29/6	18/8
C. Verde	6/3	29/8
Volpi	21/7	5/9

From VENICE

Arabia	29/7	19/9

From PORT SAID

Castlemoor	30/6	13/8
Oldenburg	20/6	14/8
Scheer	11/6	15/8
Sauerland	19/6	20/8

From MASSOWAH

Riv	16/7	15/8
Volpi	4/8	5/9

From KARACHI

Cortellazzo	25/7	18/8

From CALCUTTA

Victoria	4/8	15/8
Cortellazzo	3/8	18/8
Shirala	1/8	23/8

From MELBOURNE

Nankin	4/8	9/9

From SOURABAIA

Tjisadane	6/8	21/8
Tjisaroea	2/8	21/8

From COLOMBO

Gneisenau	2/8	14/8
Victoria	4/8	15/8
Cortellazzo	3/8	18/8

From SINGAPORE

Castlemoor	25/7	15/8
Victoria	8/8	15/8
Riv	7/8	15/8

From HONGKONG

Tatsuta M.	—	14/8

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From NEW YORK

C. Evansville	14/6	15/8
Maron	27/6	17/8
Birmingham City	—	23/8
Foylebank	6/7	24/8
Potter	—	24/8
Pres. Pierce	8/7	24/8
P. Van Buren	22/7	7/9
Phemius	27/7	13/9
P. Garfield	5/8	21/9
Chinese Prince	—	24/9

From VANCOUVER

Emp. Canada	7/8	24/8

From SEATTLE

P. McKinley	31/7	17/8
Ixion	27/7	29/8

From LOS ANGELES

P. Hoover	20/7	11/8

From YOKOHAMA

Tsukuba M.	—	12/8

From KOBE

Shanghai M.	—	11/8

CHINA PORTS

From DAIREN

Hoten M.	—	12/8
Tsingtao M.	—	13/8

From CHEFOO

Shengking	—	12/8

From TSINGTAO

Fooshing	—	11/8
Daviken	—	13/8

From HONGKONG

Kingyuan	—	12/8
Tsinan	—	15/8
Hunan	—	16/8
Hupeh	—	17/8

From CHANGSHA

Tatung	—	13/8

From CANTON

Norviken	—	16/8

From YANGTZE PORTS

Yohyang M.	—	11/8
Loongwo	—	13/8
Wuhu	—	13/8
Wuchang	—	14/8
Kutwo	—	14/8
Tuckwo	—	15/8
Wulin	—	15/8
Paowo	—	16/8
Whangpu	—	16/8

From NINGPO

H. Peking	10/8	11/8

Yesterday's Arrivals

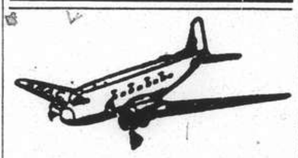
Name	From	Berthed	Consigness
Hsin Kiangteen	Ningpo		C M S N
Ningshin	Ningpo		San Peh
Yunnan	Tientsin	CNCW	B & S
Pres. Polk	Japan	RDW	Robert
Ryoga M.	Tientsin	WW	D K K
Sungpu		PPW	San Peh
Ming Tsu	River Ports	TTCW	M S Ind.
Siangtan	River Ports	WTW	B & S
Chingpu	River Ports	HSWP	San Peh
Ethel Moller	Tsingtao	TKDMW	D K K K
Jap. Gbt. Katata	Cruise		
Chang Teh	Tsingtao	US	L P S S
Sandviken	Tsingtao	HW	Jardine

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Destination	Despatcher
Kiangwah	Chi	River Ports	C M S N
Fooktung	Fr	Chungking	S F du H Y
Kashima M.	Jap	Europe, etc	N Y K
Dah Chong	Chi	Tsingtao	D C S S
Wenchow	Br	River Ports	B & S
Patella	Br	Miri	A P C
C. of Kimberley	Br	London, etc	Lacey & Can.
Sygna	Nor	Chinwangtao	K M A
Ninghai	Br	Chinwangtao	E. Asiatic
Sinkiang	Br	Amoy, etc	B & S
Szechuen	Br	H'kong, etc	B & S
Hsin Kiangteen	Chi	Ningpo	C M S N
Ningshin	Chi	Ningpo	San Peh

Vessels in Harbour

Arrived	Name	Tons	Flag	Berthed
July 11	China Pioneer	2344	Br	Int. DW
July 14	Tungwo	981	Br	BJ
July 17	Yunyang M.	596	Jap	JNB
July 18	Wusueh	1731	Br	YTPDW
July 19	Haven	1791	Chi	PP
July 22	Louise Moller	2637	Br	MEW
July 22	Fouling M.	329	Jap	BJ
July 22	Haean	869	Chi	PP
July 24	Pacific	727	Dan	YTPDW
July 28	Chunghsing	1471	Chi	KNDB 5-6
July 29	Wooling M.	715	Jap	JNB
July 30	Fuhwo	500	Br	YTPD
July 31	Hai Chen	2060	Chi	KNAD
Aug. 5	Maur	650	Chi	TTCW
Aug. 6	Hsingshih	1239	Chi	HSWP
Aug. 6	Hsin Huaan	1115	Chi	2-3 B US
Aug. 6	Tangyang M.	1089	Jap	NKKW
Aug. 6	Memnon	4613	Br	HWP
Aug. 6	Changyang M.	568	Jap	NKKW
Aug. 6	Hoongchen	298	Chi	TTCW
Aug. 7	Fenglee	1257	Chi	Mc W
Aug. 7	Nanyang M.	1968	Jap	NKKW
Aug. 7	Lee Ping	1105	Chi	KNDB 1-2
Aug. 7	Soudan	3477	Br	3-4 B
Aug. 7	Iyang M.	515	Jap	JNB
Aug. 7	Mikage M. 18	2556	Jap	WSW
Aug. 7	Shengking	1492	Br	CNCW
Aug. 7	Kaiping	1605	Br	KMAW
Aug. 7	Ming Hsien	422	Chi	TTCW
Aug. 7	Suiwo	1931	Br	HW
Aug. 8	Chingan	1316	Chi	HSWP
Aug. 8	Pacific Trader	3855	Br	PWW
Aug. 8	Tjibadak	4801	Net	SOCW
Aug. 8	Hai Yuan	2078	Chi	KLYW
Aug. 8	Fausang	1282	Br	ONW
Aug. 8	Changhsing	2121	Chi	HSWP
Aug. 8	Glenbeg	5789	Br	HWP
Aug. 8	Hsinfung	1335	Chi	YKDW
Aug. 8	Hwahpeng	835	Chi	US
Aug. 8	Talyuan	2100	Br	CNCB 1-2
Aug. 8	Yuhsing	571	Chi	McW
Aug. 8	Leesang	972	Br	ONW
Aug. 8	Meian	466	Am	SOCW
Aug. 9	Yuenking M.	496	Jap	NKKW
Aug. 9	Tien Hsing	569	Chi	HSWP
Aug. 9	Wilford	1277	Nor	KMAW
Aug. 9	Shinhwa	884	Br	NTSTSW
Aug. 9	Hohsing	1503	Chi	PPW
Aug. 9	Hwahsung	1284	Chi	US
Aug. 9	Kungping	1742	Chi	KLYW
Aug. 9	Siangyang M.	1634	Jap	NKKW
Aug. 9	Havbor	4563	Nor	APCUW
Aug. 9	San Peh	500	Chi	NSCW
Aug. 9	Suiyang M.	2417	Jap	NKKW
Aug. 9	Peichin	1602	Chi	LPDOW
Aug. 9	Yili	633	Chi	TTCW
Aug. 9	Trave	4890	Ger	SHW
Aug. 9	Loyang M.	2692	Jap	NKKW
Aug. 9	Anlee	978	Chi	US
Aug. 9	Pingtsi	1074	Chi	29-30 B
Aug. 9	Kungwo	2825	Br	HW
Aug. 9	Hsia Ching	316	Chi	TTCW
Aug. 9	Fengyang M.	2803	Jap	NKKW
Aug. 9	Roseville	3507	Nor	PWF
Aug. 9	Hwah Jang	2146	Chi	NTSTNW
Aug. 9	Hsinyang M.	1813	Jap	OSKYW
Aug. 9	Pingwo	1848	Br	HW
Aug. 9	Ahkwang	173	Br	APCLW
Aug. 9	Ningshao	1820	Chi	NSCW
Aug. 9	Woosung	2119	Br	CNWP
Aug. 9	Tanda	4388	Br	ONW
Aug. 9	Aramis	9990	Fr	CMLW
Aug. 9	Yihhsing	2100	Chi	US
Aug. 9	Shinai	1451	Br	US
Aug. 9	Redgate		Br	US
Aug. 9	Hwahshun	1888	Chi	US
Aug. 9	Sygna	2464	Nor	KMAUW



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HANKOW-CHUNGKING LINE

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CHUNGKING-CHENGTU LINE

Daily Service

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Vessels Leaving

YANGTZE RIVER

PINGWO Aug. 11. ICHANG & PORTS.—Sails from Hunt's Wharf on Wednesday, Aug. 11, at midnight. For freight, passage (to Hankow from $45.—up) apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 11-8

SIANGTAN Aug. 11. RIVER PORTS to HANKOW and CHANGSHA.—From French Bund on Wednesday, 11th, at midnight. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel 82020 (French Bund. 11-8

KIANG SHUN Aug. 12. HANKOW and PORTS.—From Kinleeyuan Wharf at midnight. For freight or passage, China Merchants' S.N. Co., Ltd. 12-8

LEESANG Aug. 12. HANKOW & PORTS.—Sails from Old Ningpo Wharf on Thursday, Aug. 12, at midnight. For freight, passage (to Hankow $65.—only) apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 12-8

WOOSUNG Aug. 12. HANKOW and PORTS. — From French Bund on Thursday, 12th, at 6 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 11-8

TAH TUNG Aug. 13. CHANGSHA, HANKOW and PORTS.—From Kinleeyuan Wharf at midnight. China Merchants' S.N. Co., Ltd. 13-8

LOONGWO Aug. 14. HANKOW & PORTS.—Sails from Hunt's Wharf on Saturday, Aug. 14, at midnight. For freight, passage (to Hankow from $45.—up) apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 14-8

WUHU Aug. 15. RIVER PORTS to HANKOW, SHASI and ICHANG. — From French Bund on Sunday, 15th, at 6 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 14-8

KIAN

INWARD FOREIGN MAILS
From Europe by Suez....Gneisenau, left Hamburg July 10, due S'hai Aug. 14
From U.S.A.....Pres. Hoover, left Los Angeles July 29, due Shanghai Aug. 11
OUTWARD FOREIGN MAILS
For Europe by Suez...Rajputana, closes at 12 on Aug. 17, due London Aug. 18
For U.S.A.....Pres. Taft, closes at 21 on Aug. 13, due S. Francisco Aug. 31
For mails by Siberia and by air see page 8

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Tsz-ling-se-pao-yu-han-kung-sze SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 11, 1937 司公限有報西林字

TO-DAY'S ENTERTAINMENTS

			Tel.
Auditorium: Hai-Alai, 8 p.m.	70099	Hongkew: Alibi for Murder	40148
Canidrome: Greyhound Racing, 8.30		Lafayette: Guard That Girl	81200
Capitol: Lawyer Man	17100	Metropol: Beloved Vagabond	93322
Cathay: Closed for Redecoration	73757	Nanking: Smilin' Through	84133
D. D's Night Club: Entertainment	71609	Rialto: Night Must Fall	94110
Grand: Another Dawn	52223	Willies: The Golden Arrow	43982
Grand: The Singing Marine, 9.15	32223		

JOINT INQUIRIES MADE INTO SHOOTING

Bodies of Japanese Officer and Seaman Removed in Early Morning from Monument Road

FORMAL NEGOTIATIONS NOT YET BEGUN

Dead Paoantui Man Encoffined: Mafoo Dies from His Injuries: No Official Statements Issued

SEVERAL points of difference arose between Japanese and Chinese officials who yesterday spent practically the whole day investigating the incident on Monument Road in which Sub-Lieutenant Isao Ohyama and Seaman Yozo Saito of the Japanese Naval Landing Party and Shih Ching-cheh of the Peace Preservation Corps were shot to death. No official statement of the results of the investigations were issued by either side last night, though it was learned from unofficial sources that the Japanese had decided that the Japanese officer did not have a pistol or revolver in his possession at the time, and that the firing had first been started by the Chinese.

Both Chinese and Japanese officials held separate meetings, following the conclusion of the joint investigations at 6 p.m. It was learned that formal negotiations for a settlement of the affair have yet to be started between the two parties. Beyond the investigation, no new development was reported in Chinese official circles.

The death toll mounted yesterday to four, when Yang Chen-ling, mafoo in the employ of Mr. H. F. Seitz, who was wounded by a stray bullet in Hungjao Road at the time of the affray, died of his injuries at 2 a.m. in Chunshan Hospital.

The Mayor of Greater Shanghai, Mr. O. K. Yui, declined last night to make any statement regarding the incident. He pointed out that a joint investigation was being conducted, and it would be highly improper for him to say anything at the present stage, or to rebut allegations that have been circulated by any news agency. He hoped that, after thorough and impartial investigation, the normal procedure will be followed to arrive at a just and mutually satisfactory settlement on the basis of the findings.

Mr. Yui urged that both sides should maintain a calm attitude so that the situation may not be aggravated.

Various Claims

Lieutenant Ohyama was riding in an official motor car with the First Class Seaman Saito at the wheel shortly after 5 p.m. on Monday when the incident occurred. Chinese claimed that the Japanese attempted to make a forceful entry into the aerodrome, resulting in the shooting. This possibility was emphatically denied by official Japanese quarters, yesterday.

According to Chinese information, the weapons belonging to the Japanese, including a revolver and a bayonet, are in the custody of the Chinese. The revolver registered pistol number 6816 was said to have been picked up beside Lieutenant Ohyama's body. Japanese official circles also categorically denied that the officer was armed at the time, saying that a check of his belongings showed that he had left his pistol at headquarters.

Joint Investigation

The joint investigation began yesterday morning, the party leaving the Japanese Consulate at 8.30 a.m. Following the conclusion of the enquiry at 6 p.m., Japanese officials returned to the Consulate and discussed their findings.

In an interview given to the Japanese press, an official claimed that the Chinese had failed to send eye-witnesses and also those officers involved in the incident for enquiries on the scene. The Japanese investigators also came to the conclusion that Sub-Lieut. Ohyama was unarmed, and that the Chinese opened fire first, it was said.

The Japanese investigators expressed appreciation for the sympathetic co-operation extended to them by the Settlement Police. Particular mention was made of Inspr. J. E. M. Watson of Dixwell Road Police Station in this connection.

Representing the Chinese side in the investigation were Messrs. Y. L. Chow and T. Y. Chang, Secretary-General and Secretary respectively of the City Government of Greater Shanghai, Adjutant Chi Wei-sheng of the Shanghai-Woosung Garrison Headquarters, and Captain Wang Tasui of the Police Bureau. The Japanese were: Superintendent K. Kasumi, of the Japanese Consular police, Mr. Noritake Yoshioka, senior Japanese Consul, Mr. Y. Fukui, Chancellor, Lieut.-Commander Minoru Tajiri of the Japanese Naval Attache's Office, Lieut.-Commander Eiichi Yamanouchi, Staff officer of the Japanese Naval Landing Party, and several other Japanese officials. Several detectives from the Shanghai Municipal Police also participated in the investigation.

Admiral's Statement

That "a will to maintain peace and order was lacking among the Chinese" was stated by Rear-Admiral Tadao Honda, naval attaché to the Japanese Embassy in connection with the case.

"Trampling underfoot the goodwill shown by the Japanese government and people in a patient application of the policy of non-aggravation and localization of the North China incident," the officer declared yesterday afternoon, "the Chinese perpetrated a flagrantly illegal act.

"So that the lives of the victims of this outrage may have not been sacrificed in vain," he continued, "the Navy has firmly resolved to regard the incident with all the seriousness which it deserves. At the same time, we shall continue our efforts to reach an amicable settlement by encouraging the Chinese authorities into taking effective measures.

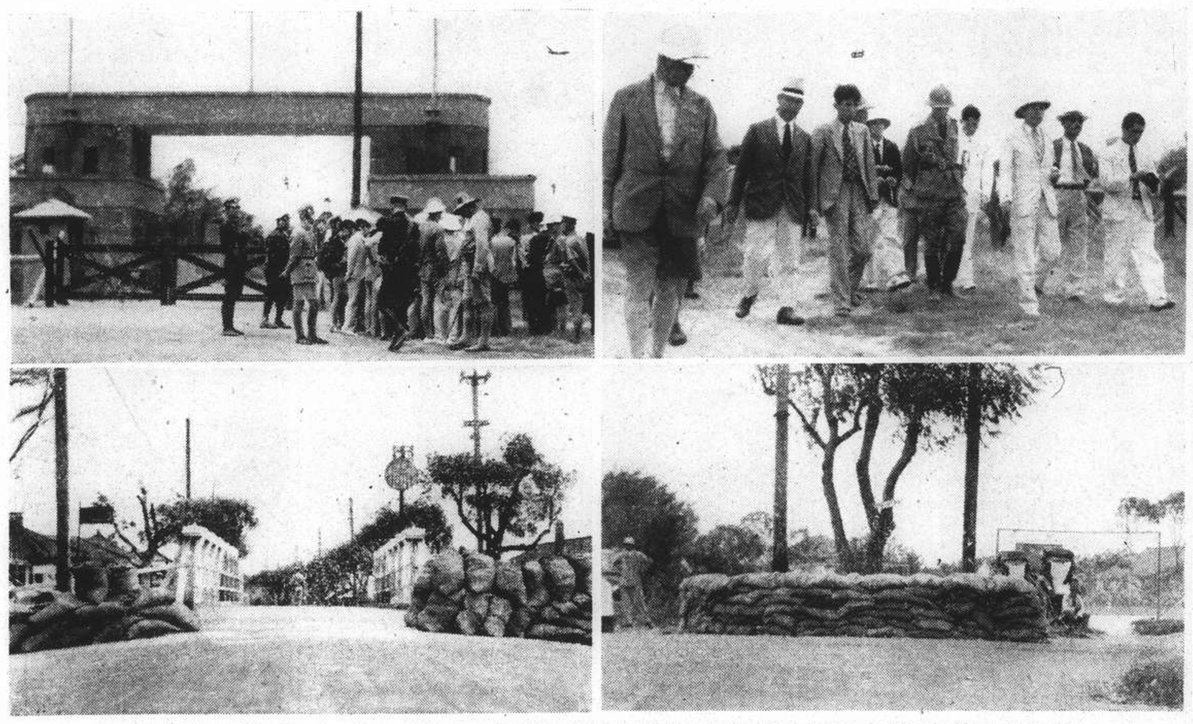
"We shall maintain a close surveillance on the attitude of these authorities, however.

"At this time," he added, "Japanese residents should place faith in the measures taken by their officials, remain serene in mind and adhere to their traditional spirit of unity."

(Continued on page 11)

INVESTIGATIONS CONDUCTED INTO MONDAY'S SHOOTING

"N.C.D.N." Photos.



Scenes in the vicinity of Hungjao aerodrome where two Japanese and one Chinese were killed in the shooting incident on Monday evening. Upper pictures show, left, entrance to Hungjao aerodrome, and right, Japanese and police officials investigating. Below are pictures of two sandbag barricades erected on Hungjao Road, the one on the left being beyond the bridge at Hungjao Golf Club, and the right being farther down the road.

Opposing Troops Face Each Other At Grand Canal

Railway Bridge Barrier South of Tientsin

JAPANESE PLANES FLYING FARTHER SOUTH

Tsinan, Aug. 10.

Following an artillery duel yesterday afternoon, the situation at the front south of Tientsin along the Tientsin-Pukow Railway became comparatively quiet to-day, with Chinese and Japanese forces firmly entrenched in their respective positions.

The damaged railway bridge between Liangwangchuang and Tuliuchen, about twenty miles south of Tientsin, separated the opposing forces across the Grand Canal. Chinese defenders occupied the southern bank while strategic points on the northern bank are guarded by the Japanese.

The Japanese, according to a report from railway circles, had changed their tactics and were adopting defensive measures after the departure yesterday of large numbers of their troops to points along the Peiping-Suiyuan line.

Points further south along the Tsinpu line, it was stated, continued to be visited by Japanese reconnoitring planes, which were sighted above both Chinghai and Tsangchow yesterday. Some of the Japanese planes, reports reaching here stated, went as far south as Tehchow on the Hopei-Shantung border.—Central News.

General Li in Paoting

Paoting, Aug. 10.

Lieutenant General Li Wen-tien, Deputy Commander of the 38th Division of the 29th Army, who directed the defence of Tientsin against Japanese attacks on July 29-30, has arrived in Paoting.

Following his arrival General Li called on General Feng Chih-an, Chairman of Hopei and Commander of the 37th Division, and reported to him on the condition of his troops along the Tientsin-Pukow Railway to the south of Tientsin.

Paoting remains quiet, preparations in the rear, made in the event of major hostilities, having been completed.

In an interview with local pressmen, General Feng Chih-an stated that he was determined to resist foreign aggression to the end under the leadership of the Central Government.—Central News.

More Contributions

Manila, Aug. 10.

The Chinese colony in San Pablo, Laguna Province, have decided to contribute 50,000 pesos immediately to Nanking's war chest. They intend to make further monthly contributions of 20,000 pesos from September 1.—Reuter.

ENGLAND "RAIDED" FROM THE AIR

Huge Night Manœuvres with 400 War Aircraft

London, Aug. 10.

Four hundred aeroplanes are taking part in huge night manœuvres in southern England, including London, in which 176 bombers, opposed by nineteen fighter squadrons, are launching "raids."

Over thirty "raids" were carried out last night, the points apparently successfully "attacked" including the London docks, against which five "raids" were made, and the headquarters of the Royal Air Force.

The defence forces at Uxbridge and Colchester were also "heavily attacked with incendiary bombs."

The Air Ministry, in a communique, states that "two only of the bomber formations were engaged after raiding their targets, the remainder having been intercepted before."

The "raids" will continue for the next two nights.—Reuter.

Jews Expected To Reject The Palestine Plan

Resolution Likely to Give Powers for Parleys

ZIONIST CONGRESS VOTE POSTPONED

Zurich, Aug. 10.

The crucial vote of the Zionist Congress on the resolution defining its attitude towards Palestine, arranged to be taken at the session to-day, has been postponed until about midnight because the resolution has not been finally drafted.

The Jewish Telegraph Agency forecasts that the resolution will empower the executive to negotiate with

Palestine in New Guise

This map shows the partitions of the country as recommended by the British Royal Commission.

the British Government for a clarification of the terms on the basis of which a Jewish state in Palestine would be established.

The resolution, which is expected to be adopted by an overwhelming majority, categorically:

Denies that the Palestine Mandate is unworkable.

Emphasizes that the Palestine Royal Commission's partition plan is unacceptable.

Authorizes the executive to fight, by negotiation, any measures affecting Jewish rights guaranteed by the Mandate and the Balfour Declaration.

Over 500 delegates, representing some 1,300,000 adherents of Zionist organizations throughout the world, are attending the Congress, which marks the fortieth anniversary of the foundation of the Zionist movement in Basle in 1897.—Reuter.

BRITISH SOLDIER'S PENSION OFFER

Further Service Scheme to Let Men Qualify

London, Aug. 10.

New proposals to improve conditions of service for soldiers in the regular army were announced to-day by the War Office.

The proposals, which are experimental and for a limited period allow serving soldiers about to complete their first term of colour service to extend their service and to allow sections A and B reservists to rejoin the colours.

Both classes of men will, on completion of twelve years' service, be eligible to be re-engaged to complete 21 years' service so as to qualify for a pension.

At present, the most common form of enlistment is for seven years with the colours and for five years on the reserve, and it is only in exceptional circumstances that a private soldier is allowed to extend his colour service to qualify for a pension or that reservists are allowed to rejoin the colours.

The experiment will show the extent to which soldiers now serving with the colour or on the reserve desire to adopt the army as a career.—Reuter.

U.S. REPUBLICAN PARTY SEEKS TO ORGANIZE OPPOSITION

Democratic Schism Widens in Bitter Personal Attacks: Wages Bill Likely to Pass

Washington, Aug. 9.

MR. Herbert Hoover, former President, and Mr. Alfred M. Landon, unsuccessful Republican candidate for the presidency in 1936, were reported to-day to be planning a meeting at the estate of Mr. Frank O. Lowden, former Illinois governor, at Oregon, Ill., in September. The meeting will mark the start of a new attempt to revitalize the party. Mr. Hoover has been sounding the sentiment of Republican party leaders toward an early party conference.

Mr. Bertrand Snell, Republican Representative of Connecticut and minority leader in the House, remarked to-day, "It would probably be a good idea to call attention to the records of Republican Congressmen," at a meeting in the winter or spring. Senate Republicans, however, frowned on the suggestion. Mr. John D. M. Hamilton, Chairman of the National Committee, said he was aware of Mr. Hoover's proposal, but declined to comment on it.

Reports from Topeka, headquarters of Mr. Landon, said that Mr. Landon's friends did not believe he would surrender the leadership of the party to Mr. Hoover. They understood that the purpose of the Illinois meeting was to clear up many misunderstandings which had arisen since Mr. Landon's nomination.

The chief objectives of the proposed conference, it was said, would be:

1. The united leadership of the party and support behind anti-New Deal leaders.

2. A two-year anti-New Deal campaign in newspapers, by radio and in magazines.

It was understood that Mr Hoover emphasized that he was not seeking nomination for the presidency in 1940.

Democratic Schism Widens

Emphasizing the lack of harmony in the Democratic party on the eve of the party "harmony dinner" to-morrow, Senator Royal S. Copeland of New York to-day displayed open anger at the President.

Following reports that President Roosevelt had conferred with the Bronx Democratic leader, Mr. Edward J. Flynn, and that afterward Mr. Flynn had intimated that the President was supporting the mayoralty candidacy of Mr. J. T. Mahoney instead of Senator Copeland, the latter remarked, "The President does more in five minutes to destroy party harmony than can be re-established in a generation of Jefferson island picnics and peace dinners."

Senator Copeland declared that the United States Government was "largely personal and dictated by the White House." He said that the President's opposition to his own mayoralty candidacy was directly connected with his fight on the Roosevelt court-reform bill.

Senator Copeland also attacked Mr. Flynn for holding simultaneously the positions of Secretary of State and World's Fair Commissioner, at salaries of $12,000 and $10,000 per year respectively. "He is a political cowboy, lassoeing all salaries for his personal benefit," the Senator remarked.

Bill to Baulk President

Shortly after delivering his denunciation, Senator Copeland introduced a constitutional amendment barring third terms for United States Presidents. The resolution specifies that if a man becomes President in the middle of a term through succession, it shall count as a full term.

The action was considered significant in view of the fact that four governors, under the leadership of Mr. George H. Earle of Pennsylvania, have promoted discussion of a third term for President Roosevelt.

Meanwhile, the White House categorically denied that President Roosevelt was interfering in New York politics, and said that Mr. Flynn was merely one of several guests at a purely social dinner. Senator Copeland retorted, "Isn't it interesting if they did not discuss politics?"

Court Bill in Conference

The House of Representatives to-day sent the judiciary Bill to conference. A quick report is expected, and the measure, which has already been approved by the Senate, will probably be enacted in the next several days.

The bill replaces that originally submitted by President Roosevelt which aroused a furore in Congress and through the nation. As it stands now the measure provides for reform of the lower courts but makes no mention of Supreme Court personnel changes.

Action to block passage of the Adams bill to repeal compensation to the Philippines for dollar-devaluation losses was taken by the Resident Philippine Commissioner, Sr. Quintin Paredes to-day. He requested officers of the House of Representatives to refer the bill, which has already passed the Senate, to the House Committee on Territories and Insular Affairs. He also canvassed members of the Committee seeking their opposition to the bill.

Wages Bill Reported

The House Labour Committee threw its wages and Hours Bill into the congressional arena to-night with the warning that it will bring temporary financial losses and inconvenience to some employers while operating to cure a "tremendous number of injustices."

Anticipating a certain floor attack against President Roosevelt's latest reform measure, the House group attacked "chiseling employers" and sought in advance to refute charges of southern conservatives that the bill would paralyze business growth south of the Mason-Dixon Line.

The Committee said "There is no one panacea" to solve the basic problem of purchasing power and that the pending bill is a "modest and conservative approach" thereto. The Bill is likely to pass.

The Senate to-day passed the substitute municipal bankruptcy bill designed to replace the municipal reorganization statute declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court.

Attack on Sugar Restriction

The Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, to-day attacked all attempts to restrict the importation of refined sugar from outlying areas. In a letter to Senator Pat Harrison of Mississippi, chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, Mr. Hull chiefly objected to the reduction of the Cuban refined sugar quota.

"I believe it is against the public interest," the Secretary asserted, "for the Government to grant a further measure of protection to a group whose record repeatedly indicates that it has resorted to monopolistic practices and conspired to restrain trade."

Senator Harrison announced to-day he would present a compromise sugar bill to President Roosevelt to-morrow. The measure will restrict continental as well as territorial refineries.

Mr. Cordell Hull to-day addressed a letter to Sr. Paredes answering a query of August 3, and expressed the opinion that the sale of Philippine sugar to foreign steamers in Philippine ports for ship supplies was not considered as exports within the meaning of the London Sugar agreement, and that therefore such sales would not be charged to the Philippines export quota.—United Press.

SIAMESE POLITICAL CRISIS ENDED

Re-Elected Regency Council Elects Premier

Bangkok, Aug. 9.

The Council of Regency issued a proclamation to-day declaring that Colonel Phya Phahol has been appointed Prime Minister, thus apparently ending the political impasse precipitated by a fierce debate in the Assembly of the People's Representatives over the sale of the young King's land. The Regency Council was re-elected en bloc last week by the Assembly.—Reuter.

Dr. H. H. Kung Obtains French Banks' Credits

Chinese Finance Minister Now in Berlin

FUNDS WILL SUPPORT NANKING CURRENCY

Paris, Aug. 9.

A financial agreement providing for the grant of a special credit intended to increase Chinese reserves of foreign currencies was signed here to-day by Dr. H. H. Kung, the Chinese Finance Minister, with a group of French banks.

Dr. Kung left for Berlin this evening on his way to Prague and Rome.

Before leaving Dr. Kung said this act of co-operation was inspired by mutual recognition of the fact that Chinese monetary reform had been of advantage to the trade of both countries.

As the countries which he had visited realized more fully the immense possibilities of economic development and its significance in their relations with China, they, one after another, had shown increasing interest and readiness to extend active economic co-operation.

Consequently, Dr. Kung declared, he had been able to conclude important financial and economic arrangements aiming at the promotion of such co-operation.

"The arrangements I have had the satisfaction of concluding with France," Dr. Kung added, "bear concrete testimony to this friendly attitude. As France championed the cause of liberty, equality and fraternity in Europe, so we are struggling to uphold it in the Far East."—Reuter.

Support For Currency

Paris, Aug. 9.

The agreement with a French banking consortium for a large credit to China is said to be Frs. 400,000,000 and is for supporting Chinese currency.

Dr. Kung said he did not consider it necessary at present to draw the total amount, but it would be on deposit here and available for diversified credits.

It was understood here to-day that Czechoslovakia was equally desirous of extending credit to China.—United Press.

Washington Comment

Washington, Aug. 9.

High officials here disagreed today on the significance of the Paris credits to China. Some contended that political motives apparently influenced the bankers, asserting that the sum involved was too small to have any economic or financial significance. Others said that when the details are revealed, they will show that the credit announced to-day was probably a short-term advance on purchases, for which China will eventually pay with francs accumulated by favourable trade balances.

One high official privately suggested that politically significant and influential European groups were making a friendly gesture towards China.—United Press.

Dr. Kung Arrives in Berlin

Berlin, Aug. 10.

Dr. H. H. Kung and his suite arrived here this morning from Paris after a half hour's delay.

He was met at the station by Mr. Cheng Tien-fang, the Chinese Ambassador to Germany, several officials from the Chinese Embassy; members of the Chinese colony here; Mr. Chiang Wei-kuo, son of Gen. Chiang Kai-shek, who is at present studying in Germany; Dr. Chi, Dr. Kung's interpreter; Herr von Schmieden, Chief of the Far Eastern Department of the German Ministry for Foreign Affairs and by several officials from that Ministry.

Because of the Far Eastern situation, Dr. Kung will not take a few days' rest at Bad Nauheim, as was originally planned. He will remain in Berlin for a week and will discuss with Dr. Hjalmar Schacht, Governor of the Reichsbank, means for increasing trade between the two countries.

A luncheon in honour of Dr. Kung will be given to-day by Dr. Schacht at which the Chinese Ambassador and several notable personalities have been invited.—Havas.

Germany Seeks Reprisal Over British Action

"The Times" Correspondent's Replacement Asked

LONDON PRESS BITTERLY RESENTS DEMARCHE

London, Aug. 10.

Following the expulsion of three German journalists from Great Britain, the German authorities are understood to have decided to ask "The Times" to withdraw Mr. Norman Ebbutt, its chief correspondent in Berlin, within a fortnight, failing which his permit to remain in Germany will be withdrawn. "The Times" has been requested to send to Berlin another correspondent "who will carry out his task in a manner more acceptable to the German regime."

Herr Woermann, Counsellor of the German Embassy, called at the Foreign Office yesterday in connection with the expulsion of the German journalists. The nature of his communication has not been made public, but it is described unofficially as being in "restrained terms."

No steps are being taken at present on the British side regarding the expulsion of Mr. Norman Ebbutt, correspondent for "The Times" in Berlin, Reuter learns.

No extra-journalistic activities are charged against Mr. Ebbutt, and the reason given for his expulsion is that he is *persona non grata*.

It is understood that the reason for expelling the three German correspondents from London was that they were damaging Anglo-German relations through their extra-journalistic acts.

"The Times" Own Comment

In a leading article to-day on the expulsion of the three German journalists from Great Britain, "The Times" says it understands that the German Government is considering reprisals, in the form of expulsion of "The Times" principal Berlin correspondent on the ground that he has been critical of the Nazi regime.

If they really decide on such a step, the newspaper declares, there can be no question of replacement of "The Times" correspondent by another more amenable. It would merely confirm in their opinion those people in this and other countries who consider Nazi standards do not accord with the usual courtesies of international life, and would be a serious setback to those working for the improvement of Anglo-German relations.

The German Government knows well that, apart from newspaper work, the three German journalists who have been expelled from England have been spying on German refugees, and threatening and intimidating them, says the diplomatic correspondent of the "Daily Herald." This, he declares, is not a journalist's work; it is not even intelligence work. The action against Mr. Norman Ebbutt should induce the Home Office to tell the facts.

Almost Diplomatic Issue

The "News-Chronicle" says it would be hypocrisy to pretend that "The Times" does not occupy a peculiar position in the British press. To expel a correspondent of "The Times" amounts almost to a diplomatic incident. It is impossible for any self-respecting newspaper to replace an expelled correspondent.

Of the Germans ordered to leave the country, Herr Wrede, colleague of Herr von Crome, chief London correspondent of the "Lokal Anzeiger," and Herr Langen, London representative of the "Graf Reichshach,"—a newspaper agency, have gone. Herr von Crome will leave soon, before the expiration of his current residence permit on Thursday.

These three newspapermen, together with two women secretaries of Herr Wrede and Herr Langen, were not technically ordered deported but were notified by the Home Office that their longer residence in England was considered undesirable in the public interest.—Reuter.

"Constructive Reporting"

London, Aug. 9.

It was learned that the German Government had requested "The Times" to replace its Berlin correspondent, Mr. Norman Ebbutt, by someone who "will pay less regard to what the Government considers trivialities and more attention to constructive reporting."—United Press.

German Statement

Berlin, Aug. 10.

With regard to the German Government's official request to the British Government to use its influence to induce "The Times" to recall its Berlin correspondent, Mr. Norman Ebbutt within two weeks, failing which his permit of residence would be withdrawn, informed quarters here state "This measure is considered necessary because for years past Mr. Ebbutt's reports concerning Germany have been exclusively anti-German and Mr. Ebbutt has therefore abused the hospitality accorded him."—Trans-Ocean.

German Press Takes Up Issue

Berlin, Aug. 10.

The journalistic cudgel has been taken up by the "Frankfurter Zeitung," which complains of the "wantoness" of the British Leftist press, "which for months past has been at pains to throw dirt at Italy and Germany just when an improvement of relations appeared imminent."

Referring to a leader in an English liberal daily on Saturday, the "Frankfurter Zeitung" comments that the attack was all the more irresponsible because it happened at a time when the action of the Home Office against three German journalists created in Germany the impression that British official circles were not inclined to be any too friendly toward the German nation.—Reuter.

FEDERAL AGENTS MAKE NARCOTICS HAUL

Washington, Aug. 10.

Treasury agents in New York today reported a $150,000 narcotics seizure on board the liner Manhattan.—United Press.

TWO JAPANESE DEAD BROUGHT TO SHANGHAI

Official Party Goes Out to Scene of Incident

GRUESOME HOURS

Reporters Spend Night Out at Hungjao

A party of press representatives sat waiting in the Japanese Consulate-General late on Monday night. They had been informed that arrangements had been made for them to accompany the official party going out to Monument Road to bring back the bodies of the two Japanese shot earlier in the evening. The minutes ticked by slowly as Mr. O. K. Yui, newly elected Mayor of Greater Shanghai, conferred with Mr. S. Okamoto, Japanese Consul-General. Mr. Yui, it is understood, gave his permission for the Japanese official party to pass through the Chinese outposts on Hungjao Road, but permission was refused by General Yang Hu, commander of the Shanghai-Woosung Garrison. The request of the Naval Landing Party for a Chinese official to accompany those going to bring back the bodies was also at first refused.

It was well after midnight before permission was finally given, and the long stream of cars bearing the official party, press representatives, police, etc. set off from the Consulate. The party was accompanied by one staff officer from Naval Landing Party Headquarters, and by Mr. T. Y. Chang, secretary to the Mayor of Greater Shanghai. At the head of the line of ten cars was an ambulance from the Landing Party.

Like a funeral procession was this line of cars purring through the night towards the scene of one of the most sensational incidents which has taken place in Shanghai for many months. Headlights lit up the dark roadway, and the whitewashed trees with which it was lined. Few in that party travelling slowly along one of Shanghai's darkest roads knew just how gruesome a sight lay ahead, awaiting horrified looks from fifty pairs of eyes.

Chinese Outposts

Little could be picked out in the darkness, except for sandbags placed at intervals along the road, and one or two dark figures standing guard. At the corner of Hungjao and Great Western Roads the official party first came to a stop. Here there was a Chinese outpost, fully manned by members of the Peace Preservation Corps in field kit, carrying rifles with fixed bayonets. It was some time before the party was allowed to proceed on its way once again. It was stopped once more about a mile further on, and the cars were searched by Japanese and Chinese members of the official party. It was then announced that only seven out of the ten cars would be allowed to proceed any further. Three cars, including one containing a representative of a Chinese newspaper, who was forbidden to visit the scene of the incident, accordingly returned to Shanghai.

After a period of further delay, doors were slammed, and the party, now thinned down, got under way once more. The last stop en route was at the Rubicon Road Chinese Police Station, where another barricade had been erected. Here there was some delay as word had to be passed on to the soldiers further along the road not to fire on the party. Outside the police station were standing grim figures in black, fully equipped, and carrying hand grenades. At the barricade a little further down the road, stood more Chinese soldiers. A quarter of an hour passed before a torch was seen being flashed down the road, and those responsible for giving the word to Chinese near the Hungjao Aerodrome not to fire returned to say that it was safe to proceed.

Under Armed Guard

The last stage of the journey was quickly over, and the official party disembarked outside the entrance to the aerodrome which was heavily barricaded with barbed wire. Here they were met by an armed guard of Chinese soldiers, who marched on either side with fixed bayonets. Lanterns swung and torches flashed as fifty figures, speaking only in low tones, trudged through the darkness along Monument Road. They were going to visit the spot where the Chinese member of the Peace Preservation Corps lay dead. A lone sentry stood guard at the gap in the fencing surrounding the outpost adjoining the aerodrome where the man was shot. He stepped aside to make way for the official party.

The blanket was removed from the body, and officials paused for a few minutes to survey the dead man. The blanket was replaced, and the party then walked for another 200 yards or so along the crude roadway. Then through the darkness there loomed the blue open car in which the two Japanese had been travelling when they were shot. It was standing on the right hand side of the road, where it had evidently swerved, crashed and come to a stop after the driver had been shot. To the right of the car lay another figure covered by a blanket. It was the body of the Japanese officer, Sub-Lieutenant Isao Ohyama, who was sitting in the back of the car when he was apparently spattered with bullets. The body presented a ghastly sight, being covered with bullet wounds. The front seat of the car was literally drenched in blood, while both the windscreen and the rear window had been splintered by bullets. There were many dents and holes in the sides of the car.

The pitch blackness which enveloped the eerie scene, illuminated only by torches and flashlights, was pierced vividly again and again as official and press photographers made pictures. Then a doctor from the Japanese ambulance squad undressed the body, and examined in

(Continued on page 10)

Two Japanese Dead Brought To Shanghai

(Continued from page 9)

detail the wounds. Each one was carefully noted down by another officer. Finally the post-mortem examination was completed.

Then there came an hour or so of suspense in that lonely spot on the outskirts of Shanghai. Mr. Chang was requested by the Japanese staff officer to sign a statement that the man had died from bullet wounds. There was a hush among those who gathered around the two men, facing each other, with an interpreter in between. The Chinese official said that he was not in a position to say that the man had died from bullet wounds, as he was not a medical man. All he could say was that the man was dead.

Two Japanese

The Japanese persisted in his request, and a deadlock followed. The Japanese and Chinese argued in front of the ambulance, waiting to take back the two bodies, while the remainder of the party stood around and wondered what was going to happen next. The first signs of dawn could be seen shedding a faint light over the lonely countryside, and frogs croaked loudly in the fields adjoining the road. It seemed that the party would have to wait until well after daybreak until the difference was settled.

Reporters Trapped

Four or five press representatives, suspecting that they would have to remain another four or five hours at the spot before hearing the result of the dispute, requested permission to return to Shanghai. They suggested that an armed guard of Chinese soldiers should travel on the running boards of the car in order to prevent it being fired on by other soldiers stationed along the road. Permission to travel back was refused, on the ground that a lone car returning along Hungjao Road in the darkness would almost certainly be subjected to fire.

Far ahead there flashed a lantern. Two or three men had already set off to the spot where the third body lay. This was the body of the Japanese bluejacket, Seaman Yozo Saito, First Class. It lay about three-quarters of a mile from where the car had crashed at the side of the road. The bluejacket, whose blood had left a dark red stain all over the front seat, must have run all this distance before finally collapsing in a field off Monument Road.

The body of the Japanese officer was placed in the waiting ambulance, and the party then made its way to where the body of the other Japanese was lying. After walking about a quarter of a mile along the road, the party turned off along a narrow pathway on the right-hand side of the road, and broke into single file. Dogs barked loudly as they wended their way past farmhouses whose occupants were still asleep in their beds.

Body in Paddy Field

Leaving the path, they walked through a paddy field and finally came to the spot where there lay the sailor's body cloaked in a blanket. The dead man's right arm was outstretched, as if he had made some patriotic gesture before collapsing dead on the ground. With the arrival of the medical party, a post-mortem examination was made, and the man's wounds recorded. The most serious wounds seemed to be in the head. There were several bullet wounds on the man's chest.

A coloured marble lay on the ground a short distance from the dead man. It was evidently a lucky charm, and it seemed a little ironical gleaming in the earth a few inches from the motionless figure.

Headlights were seen flashing in the trees which were darkly outlined in the distance. The ambulance was coming up to bear away the dead man. Carried on the shoulders of three of his former comrades, the bluejacket was taken to the roadway where the ambulance was waiting. The body was followed by silent figures who walked softly along the country path leading to the road. By now it was getting light. For many in the party, there was a feeling of relief at the coming of the day. This night was one of the most gruesome which they had spent in their lives. Afterwards, it would seem like a nightmare.

There was a fresh feeling in the air as the party trudged back to the aerodrome. A cooling breeze sprang up as the sun rose higher in the sky. On the way back, the party passed the blue car in which the two Japanese were travelling when they were killed. It was still in good enough condition to be driven away, and it had now been placed in the middle of the road. The comfortable leather upholstery of the rear seat contrasted strangely with the front seat, now covered to hide the bloodstains.

In a few minutes, the party had reached the line of waiting cars. The ambulance set off for Shanghai, followed by the remainder of the party, and soon the spot where the incident had taken place was deserted, except for a handful of Chinese sentries.

MAN TAMPERS WITH SAFETY VALVE

Special District Court Fines Factory Owner

The Shanghai Municipal Council was successful in a prosecution concluded yesterday in the First Special Area District Court against a factory superintendent found guilty under the law governing penalties for police offences.

Accused, Wang Ching-wen, of the I Chong Rubber Shoe Factory, G33A Chaoyang Road, was charged with having on divers dates between February 26 and June 21, 1937, caused to be obstructed the flow of steam from a boiler operating therein by adjusting the weight of the safety valve.

The Industrial Section of the Shanghai Municipal Council, which was the complainant in the case, reported that warnings had been issued to the defendant not to use the boiler at a pressure in excess of 80 lb. per square inch but on one occasion it was found that the boiler was working at 115 lb., and, on another, it was found by calculation that the blow off pressure was as high as 140 lb. Accused was fined $10.

Ramsgate has voted in favour of Sunday cinemas by 4,490 votes to 1,743.

Does Anyone Want An Alligator?

Four Saurians For $30 The Lot

Just what one does with an alligator or two may be open to question, but anyone feeling the need for a grunting Saurian about the place can secure four perfect live specimens for the modest sum of $30 for the lot from some lake fishermen who have taken up their stand in the entrance to the Royal Asiatic Society's building in Museum Road. Possibly the alligators could be used to keep down the flies, for does not the word "alligator" itself come from the Spanish *el lagarto*, the lizard?.

The alligators now on display are not the ponderous looking creatures of the newsreels and jungle films, with yards of nasty teeth and tails that seem to disappear over the horizon. The largest of them, a mother alligator, is probably no more than six feet or so from nose to tail-tip; beside her is her young daughter, a modest little lady not over three feet overall.

Keeping at a good distance from mother and child at the other side of the little hall are the Twins, two alligators which are so much alike as to be almost identical. They are a few inches shorter than the mother alligator, and are far more active. None of the alligators is tied up. A sort of rope muzzle over the head prevents them bringing their teeth into play, but otherwise they are free to move around. If they start to get out of range, however, they are picked up by the tail and carted back to where they started from.

Interviewed by the "North-China Daily News," the fishermen said that although the animals seem quiet now, it took five or more men to capture just one of them, for in their native habitat, the Taihu Lake, they cover a lot of territory in a very short time. Their captors are fishermen most of the year, but every so often they set traps for the alligators, hoping to increase their modest means in this fashion.

Collectors and museums form their chief source of revenue where alligators are concerned. "And what happens if you cannot find a purchaser?" they were asked. "Oh, we sell them to boot and shoe shops," was the reply. "The bootmakers stuff them and use them as advertisements."

SPECIAL ADVICE TO LOCAL JAPANESE

Free Counsel Offered to Those in Doubt

In an effort to alleviate the difficulties of local Japanese caused by the increasing Sino-Japanese tension, free advice will be given by officials of the Japanese Residents' Corporation.

Counsel will be available from 9 o'clock to noon daily at the Northern Primary School, North Szechuen Road, and the Central Primary School, Range Road.

The Japanese Emergency Council, a recently-organized body, yesterday began selling rice to Japanese residents at $8.60 per 100 lb. in order to alleviate a shortage of the staple caused by an alleged Chinese refusal to sell rice to the Japanese.

Sales will be limited to 1,500 lb. per person a day.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN ON HAN RIVER

Hankow, Aug. 10.

Following the recent breach of a dyke on the Han River, the largest tributary of the Yangtze River in southern Hupeh, the Kianghan Engineering Bureau has telegraphically asked the district authorities of Tienmen and Hanchwan, west of Hankow, to take precautions against floods. The water mark of the Han river near Chunghsiang yesterday morning reached 46.04 metres nearing the danger point, and it still continues to rise.—Central News.

Y.M.C.A. FIELD HOSPITAL AT PAOTINGFU

Paoting, Aug. 10.

The National Committee of the Y.M.C.A. has established a field hospital in Paoting. It also opened two ambulance stations at Shihchiachuang and Chenting along the Peiping-Hankow Railway.—Central News.

CYCLONE RAGING AT THE NORTH POLE

Archangel, Aug. 9.

A cyclone is raging in the region of the drifting North Pole station. At 1 p.m. yesterday, the temperature was at zero. There is a west-north-westerly wind with a force of four points which accelerates the drift of the ice-floe, which is located at 87 deg. 57 min. north latitude, 4 deg. west longitude.—Tass.

PERSONAL NOTES

Radio Moscow announced last night that the French Minister of Health, M. Marc Rucard, will leave Paris by aeroplane on Wednesday for the Soviet Union to inspect sanitary institutions in the Crimea.

Arriving this morning from San Francisco are Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Oliver who are returning from a short visit to California to resume their connection with the Young Men's Christian Association of China. They came to China first in 1916 and were with the Hangchow Y.M.C.A. for sixteen years, after which Mr. Oliver entered Government service with the Salt Inspectorate, located at Hangchow. After four successful years with the government he is taking up Y.M.C.A. work again, this time to be located in Shanghai in the post that was filled for many years by the late Mr. W. W. Lockwood. This is as Advisory Secretary of the Shanghai Chinese Y.M.C.A. and Regional Secretary of the National Committee for East China. Two daughters of the Olivers have just returned from Kuling to Shanghai to await their parents. Miss Ruth Oliver is a senior in the Kuling American School, and her younger sister Mary is a freshman in Shanghai American School. The family home will be in the Y.M.C.A. Apartments, 10A Route Winling.

LAWYER SUED IN U.S. COURT

Cancellation of Partnership Agreement Sought

MR. WINKELMAN ASKS RETURN OF MONEY

A civil action was started yesterday in the U.S. Court for China by Mr. J. L. Winkelman against Mr. Roy G. Allman for an order cancelling and rescinding a co-partnership agreement between the two lawyers dated September 30, 1936, and for the recovery of U.S.$6,500 plus interest since May 17, 1937, plus costs and attorney's fees. The case is being heard by Judge Milton J. Helmick. Mr. Winkelman is being represented by Mr. H. G. Nelson while Mr. H. D. Rodger is acting as counsel for the defendant.

The complaint alleges that the defendant requested the plaintiff to pay him U.S.$6,500 as a consideration for entering into the agreement when the defendant knew or should have known as an attorney at law that the agreement was contrary to the laws of the United States. The complaint further alleges that the defendant fraudulently concealed such facts from the plaintiff.

The defendant led the plaintiff to believe that he, the defendant, then had in his office legal business of such a volume that plaintiff's share of the net profits of the co-partnership would average Shanghai $1,000 per month during the first year, the complaint alleges.

The complaint further alleges that the plaintiff, believing that the agreement was in every respect valid, performed the duties and obligations imposed upon him by the agreement and that it was not until May 16, 1937 that the plaintiff, on seeking legal advice, discovered that the agreement was invalid and unenforceable.

Alleged Fraud on Court

In the second cause of action in the complaint, it is alleged that about November 16, 1936, Judge Helmick requested the defendant to dissolve the co-partnership arrangement, and that soon thereafter the defendant changed the name of the co-partnership from "Allman & Winkelman" to "R. G. Allman & Co." The defendant is alleged to have done this without making any effort whatever to comply with the Judge's request to dissolve the co-partnership and, according to the complaint, this conduct constituted a fraud on the U.S. Court for China. Another allegation in the complaint is that the defendant concealed from the plaintiff the Judge's request.

The first witness called by Mr. Nelson was Mr. Henry Martin Wolf, a Netherlander like the plaintiff. He testified on the examination that his occupation consisted largely of bringing people together on business matters, that he had known the defendant for years, and that he had introduced the plaintiff to the defendant after suggesting that a partnership be formed. Mr. Roy Allman had told him that his income was S.$60.000 a year, he said, and asked him to pass the information along.

Cross-Examination

During cross-examination, Mr. Rodger elicited the testimony that after the papers of agreement had been signed, the plaintiff had cancelled a debt of $200 owed to Mr. Wolf saying "We are square." Mr. Wolf further testified that the plaintiff had acted for him in making collections of debts after the agreement with defendant was signed but had never paid him one cent.

Mr. Rodger then turned to the subject of a tiffin interview at the American Club between the defendant and the witness on Monday, August 9, 1937. The witness admitted that he had telephoned to Mr. R. G. Allman to arrange the interview. He said that at that interview the defendant said that he (the defendant) had treated him (Mr. Wolf) wrongly and was willing to pay him $1,000 as a commission for services rendered in bringing in a partner with $20,000. He testified that he had asked for that commission long before but had never gotten it.

Mr. Rodger then announced that a detective had been listening to the entire conversation and had taken it down on paper. Mr. Wolf then talked rapidly and when interrupted cried out "Let me talk." Asked if the word "commission" was once used, Mr. Wolf replied "No, I prefer 'for services rendered.'"

Second Witness

In the afternoon session, Mr. Nelson first called Mr. Herman Vanderee to the witness stand and he testified briefly that Mr. Winkelman had tried ineffectually to make a collection from him for Mr. Wolf. In the cross-examination, Mr. Rodger brought out that Mr. Winkelman had acted for both Mr. Wolf and the witness at different times.

The plaintiff then took the stand and gave details of his education at Hague, of his previous experiences in Shanghai, and of his meeting with defendant through the introduction by Mr. Wolf. He said that he had been led to believe that defendant's income was in the neighbourhood of S.$60,000 a year and that as a partner he would make S.$12,000 per year. He said that defendant had told him that he (Mr. R. G. Allman) might be appointed District Attorney of the U.S. Court for China or Consul for Mexico. He said that he tried to evade paying Mr. Allman U.S. $7,000 in cash without security but that the attitude was "take it or leave it."

On October 1, 1936, the plaintiff paid U.S. $6,500 to the defendant who had drawn up the agreement which was signed at that time by both parties.

According to the plaintiff's testimony, the only way he could ascertain the name of the firm was by the heading on the firm's stationary and the name on the door of the office at Hamilton House. First it was "Allman and Winkelman" and then about the first of December it was "R. G. Allman & Co."

When the witness was asked what had happened to certain fees collected by the firm, he replied that he had taken them. When there was money in the firm's account "Mr. Allman said 'Bang, that's mine' so I said 'Bang, that's mine'" the witness continued. The case was adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

The Bishop of Willesden has received just over £600 in response to his appeal on behalf of Mrs. Sykes, whose husband, the Rev. C. W. Sykes, was killed in a shooting tragedy at Tottenham, and the fund is now closed.

JAPANESE VICTIMS OF SHOOTING INCIDENT

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

Sub-Lieut. Isao Ohyama and Seaman First Class Yozo Saito, who were killed in the shooting incident on Monument Road on Monday evening. Below is the spot in Monument Road where the shooting occurred in which a Paoantui man was also shot dead.

GERMANY WELCOMES U.S. PEACE PLAN

Early Convocation of World Parleys Looms Nearer

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT MAY SPEAK ON ISSUE

Berlin, Aug. 10.

Germany's reaction to the peace proposals made by the American Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, on July 16, was officially determined yesterday. Quarters close to the Government say it is favourable, Germany's fundamental aim being to settle her international relations through peaceful understanding with other nations. This point of view is fully consonant, they observe, with Mr. Hull's suggestion of peace through economic co-operation.—Havas.

Conference Prospects Bright

Washington, Aug. 10.

Hopes of the early convocation of a world peace conference have been revived by the almost unanimous acceptance of the statement issued by Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, laying down points for the promotion and preservation of world peace.

Although Japan and Italy are among the few nations which have hitherto not replied, it is stated that the leading statesmen of these countries had previously welcomed such a conference.

There are indications in Washington that President Roosevelt may reveal his attitude in a speech on August 18 at Roanoke Island, North Carolina, where the Chief Executive intends to have a breathing spell from domestic troubles, like the industrial strife and the Supreme Court debacle.

Wall Street learns that the current informal talks in London on war debts and a trade pact, which may be transferred shortly to Washington, are making satisfactory progress and may culminate in the resumption of token payments and the removal of the Johnson Act. Such an outcome, it is believed, would revive world trade and prosperity and facilitate a world peace conference.

In his statement, which was issued on July 17 after an interview with Dr. C. T. Wang, Chinese Ambassador, Mr. Hull advocated national and international restraint and abstinence, by all nations, from the use of force as a political instrument and from interference in the internal affairs of other nations. He also advocated the faithful observance of international treaties.—Reuter.

SIR ERIC DRUMMOND BACK IN ENGLAND

Preliminary Anglo-Italian Rapprochement Talks

London, Aug. 10.

Sir Eric Drummond, just back on vacation from his post in Rome where he is H.M. Ambassador, went to the Foreign Office yesterday and was received by Lord Halifax, Lord President of the Council in charge of foreign affairs during Mr. Anthony Eden's holiday and Sir Robert Van Sittart, Permanent Under-Secretary.

The conversation bore on the projected Anglo-Italian rapprochement, inaugurated in recent communications between London and Rome and to be continued the first week in September by Anglo-Italian parleys in Italy.

It was of a preliminary nature only, for more extensive discussion will take place before Sir Eric returns to Rome to interview the Italian Foreign Minister, Count Galeazzo Ciano.—Havas.

Count Grandi in Rome

Rome, Aug. 9.

The Italian Ambassador in London, Count Dino Grandi, has arrived here to spend a lengthy leave in Italy. Count Grandi will report to Sig. Mussolini on his most recent conversations with British statesmen and later, before his return to London, he will collaborate in the preparation of an understanding with Britain.—Trans-Ocean.

JAPANESE RESERVISTS TO TEACH SCHOOLS

Tokyo, Aug. 10.

Reserve Army officers were qualified to instruct in military science at high schools and colleges in a special Imperial Ordinance promulgated to-day.—Domei.

FRANCO-GERMAN WAY TO PEACE BASIS

Iron Ore Bargain to Bolster Economic Stalemate

Paris Aug. 9.

Closer Franco-German collaboration in rawstuffs supply, especially iron ore, is advocated in the noted economic and financial organ "Le Capital."

The poverty of the German soil in iron ore is described as the "Achilles heel of military Germany." Theoretically, it is admitted, it is true the new Hermann Goering Company will be able to overcome this but the nature of the mining work, says "Le Capital," will preclude any establishment of an independent ore basis in Germany in less than ten years.

The paper proposes that this period which would mean world peace, should be used in interesting Germany in the ore production of Western France which would be of far greater economic use to Germany than her own low content of ores.

The best way of realizing these aims in practice would be to allow Germany to acquire from France the right to mine these ores for herself and to transport and export them freely to Germany. In this way the German raw material problem that even German chemistry cannot solve, would be overcome.

If Germany refuses to accept this solution, which the paper believes would at the same time be one more guarantee of peace, then France ought to make herself independent of Ruhr coke and not deliver one single ton of iron ore to Germany.—Trans-Ocean.

PARIS STIRRED BY U.S. SHIP-LEASE PLAN

Berlin Sees Profound World Significance in Move

Paris, Aug. 9.

Reports that the United States might rent destroyers to Brazil created a sensation here to-day.

The newspaper "Le Soir" greeted the news as an indication that the United States "would not tolerate German intrusion in South America."

A bill pending in Congress would permit the United States to lease destroyers, on terms satisfactory to the United States, to any American nation. Thus far Brazil is the only nation applying for such facilities.—United Press.

Berlin Comment

Berlin, Aug. 9.

The "Tageblatt" to-day referred to the ship-lease proposal of the United States as "bound to have a profound influence on world politics."—United Press.

BRITISH PLANE BRINGS MAILS TO BERLIN

First Arrival from London in Midnight Service

Berlin, Aug. 10.

The first British Imperial Airways plane to take part in the regular night airmail service between London and Berlin arrived here this morning. Although belonging to the British firm, the plane has a Junkers machine.

A regular night airmail service between the two capitals has been carried on summer and winter since March, 1933, by the German Lufthansa.

The planes operating on this service leave Berlin daily shortly before midnight and after intermediary landings at Hannover and Cologne, reach London at 5.40 a.m. G.M.T. so that the mails can be delivered at breakfast. A similar service is operated in the other direction so that mail from London reaches Berlin in time for the early morning delivery.—Trans-Ocean.

AIR DEFENCE MANŒUVRES AT MALTA

Malta, Aug. 10.

All naval units stationed here, together with H.M.S. Hood, London and Repulse, took part in the air defence manœuvres here on an extensive scale yesterday.—Trans-Ocean.

THE RADIO

To-day's Short Wave Programmes

Wave-lengths are given in metres; to convert into kilocycles or vice versa divide 299,820 (300,000) by the known figure thus:—

299,820 (300,000) ÷ 21.45 metres = 13,931 k/cs.

Daventry, England:—From 12.30 to 13.45, Trans. 1, GSG, 18.86; GSD, 19.76; GSB, 31.55, 18.45 to 21.55 Trans. 2, GSJ, 19.93 GSH, 13.97; GSG, 16.86. (on two transmitters one designed specially for the Far East). From 22.00 to 1.00 Trans. 3, GSJ, 13.93 GSH, 13.97; GSG, 16.86 (on two transmitters).

Via Hongkong:—ZBW3, 31.49

Berlin, Germany:—From 19.00 to 24.00 DJB, 19.74; DJE, 16.89; DJN, 31.45; DJQ, 19.63. N.B.—At 22.00. News in English over DJE-N-Q in Netherlandish over DJB.

Rome, Italy:—From 19.43 to 21.20, and 22.00 to 23.30, 2RO, 25.4.

Victoria, Australia:—From 16.30 to 21.30. VK3LR, 31.34.

Paris, France:—From 17.00 to 18.00 TPA2, 25.24; from 19.00 to 00.05, TPA2, 19.68; from 00.15 ot 7.00, TPA3, 25.24; from 7.15 to 14.00, TPA4, 25.60.

Manila, P.I.:—From 6.30 to 9.00 and 19.00 to 23.00, KZRM, 25.38; 31.35; Sundays, 18.00 to 24.00.

Tokyo, Japan:—From 21.00 to 22.00, JZJ, 25.42, JZK, 19.79.

America:—High-lights of the short-wave programmes from the United States are incorporated where they fall within the hours of local reception the figures following the various items give the wave-length of that particular programme.

The letters after the following items indicate the station (see above) from which the broadcast is made. An asterisk after a Daventry item indicates that it is an electrical recording.

Items in italics are relayed from Hongkong.

19.00 "Wales and the Empire" (D)
13.50 Grieg's Chamber Music, 3 (D)
14.10 World Affairs* (D)
14.25 News (D)
14.45 Silvester's Ballroom Orches.* (D)

18.45 "World Affairs"* (D)
19.00 BBC Theatre Orches. (D), Travel letter (V), Concert (B)
19.10 Melbourne prog. (V)
19.43 Varied, till 22.00 (R)
22.00 *"Variety"** (D), News (B), (P), 31.3 (BO), "Sing, Neighbour, Sing," 13.9 (PT)
20.15 Concert (P)
20.25 News, 19.5 (S)
20.30 News (V), Coventry Hippo. Orches. (D)
20.45 Talk on French Events (P)
20.55 News, 16.8 (NY)
21.00 *"Students' Songs"* (D), News in German (B), Concert (P)
21.15 The new month (B), News, 13.9 (PT)
21.30 *News* (D), in French (P)
21.40 News, 13.9 (NY)
21.45 Cymbalo: Light music (B)
21.55 News, 31.3 (BO)
22.00 News (B), Talk (P), Rome, till 23.30:—News, organ recital, talk, folk songs, "Post Box," etc.
22.15 BBC Empire Orches. (D), Sound pictures (B)
22.30 Concert (P), Light play (B)
22.40 News, 13.9 (NY)
22.55 News, 19.5 (S)
23.00 Jolly folk music (B), News, 16.8 (NY), 19.7 (PT), 31.3 (BO)
23.15 "Music Hall"* (D)
23.45 Press review (B)
00.15 News (D), in French (P)
00.35 Dance music (D)
01.00 Concert (P), News, 19.7 (PT), 31.3 (BO)

Art and Culture

1400 Kilocycles

12.30.—*1ère partie*: Concert de musique: Indigo, Peer Gynt, Le Barbur de Seville, Dolce minuetto; *2ème partie*: 1/2 enfantine: Conte, Sur le bassin des Tuileries, Mirhton prend un bain Sketch, Malbrouk sabir (chanson sabir), Le joie de chant er; 1/ Le pot de confiture 2/ La bulle de savon 3/ Le fecteur 4/ La souris 5/ L'hiver 6/ Les pompiers 7/ Les bavards 8/ Gérard le petit boxeur, C'est la fête a Tante Aurore; *3ème partie*: Chansons, diction, Musique de danse: Ce sont toujours les mêmes mots, Fumée, Muchacha (Fox-trot), Une chanson d'amour, Visite à Ninon, Cancio del Mar (Tango), Silhouette de femme (L. Daudet), Dans le jardin de mes rêves, Marina (Valse), Du vent dans les voiles (chanson de Marins), Donde Hay un mango (Ranchera), Dans Paris y a une dame.

18.30.—*1ère partie*: Tangos chantés, musique de danse: Sur la butte (Pasodoble), Tu souris, Lorsque tu me reviendras, Console moi, C'est ici qu'on embarque, With all my Heart (Fox-trot), Vogue mon coeur, Rien qu'une rose, Chanson pour ma brune (Marche), Dans le soir qui soupire, Bulletin Météorologique; *2ème partie*: Concert de musique: Danse Slave No. 4 en ia majeur (Dvorak), Sadko (R. Korsakoff) 1/ Cluny 2/ Le Louvre 3/ Carnavalet 4/ La Tour Saint Jacques-La Fontaine Médicis; *3ème partie*: Chansonnettes humoristiques, parodie: Toutva très bien, Manon (Massenet): parodie, La rencontre, En Dio Moana, Je voudrais bien me marier, Le vieux sorcier, Dimanche à la petite ville, Le chapeau de Zozo.

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During the hot summer months a surplus of energy and vitality are necessary—to offset the heavy strain imposed by the climate. When energy flags, health suffers. And during the heat something more than rest is needed to restore lost energy.

Science has proved that with the aid of Sanatogen you will be able to keep your nerves and body always at concert pitch, even under the most difficult conditions. For Sanatogen, the true tonic food, restores vitality by infusing into the body the very elements that are wanted. Start your course—to-day!

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'One of the best parties I've ever been at!' That's what he said the night before. The next morning told a different story. Of course, the moral is 'Go slow', but should you feel like this young man — take 'GARDAN'. It will quickly clear your head.

BAYER

'GARDAN'

against pain and discomfort.

NEW KODAK BANTAM SPECIAL

1. Lightning-fast f.2 lens
2. 1/500 Compur-Rapid shutter
3. Die-cast, machined aluminum body
4. Coupled range finder—built in

You have never seen a miniature camera like this superb, new Eastman masterpiece — Kodak Bantam Special. It's altogether different in design, equipment, operation.

Beautifully streamlined, amazingly compact, its body is lightweight, high-strength, die-cast and machined aluminum. Closed, it gives complete protection to equipment and lens. Fittings are of modern stainless steel.

Eastman's new super lens, Kodak Anastigmat EKTAR f.2, places this remarkable little camera right up with the leaders in lens power. Its shutter is the 1/500 Compur-Rapid. Military-type, split-field range finder, coupled with focusing mount.

From pocket to picture takes but a moment with Kodak Bantam Special. It opens at the touch of a button....no fumbling with case or lens cap. It sets quickly, easily. Focuses in an instant. You can view as you focus.

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Be sure to see this latest—and finest—of Eastman miniatures at your dealer's. It is a real "buy" at $300.

Only Eastman Makes the Kodak

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185 Yuen Ming Yuen Road Shanghai

Joint Inquiries Made Into Shooting

(Continued from page 9)

Calling on Mr. Stirling Fessenden, Secretary-General of the Shanghai Municipal Council, at 11 o'clock yesterday morning, Mr. Suemasa Okamoto, Consul-General for Japan, drew his attention to the increased activity by Chinese troops on extra-Settlement roads.

Special emphasis was understood to have been placed by the Consul-General on the self-attributed right of the Peace Preservation Corps to interfere with traffic on extra-Settlement roads and to construct barricades on such thoroughfares.

This Chinese activity, Mr. Okamoto was reported to have pointed out, resulted in the shooting and killing of a Japanese naval officer and a sailor on Monument Road on Monday afternoon.

The Japanese official also reminded Mr. Fessenden that he had previously warned the Settlement authorities against permitting Chinese armed forces to invade Council property.

Bodies Cremated

The bodies of the two Japanese removed by the Japanese were reported to have been cremated last evening. The body of the Chinese Paoantui man was encoffined. At a late hour yesterday afternoon, the coffin was still lying outside the side entrance to the aerodrome in Monument Road, awaiting transportation to Chenju for an examination by a judical doctor.

Tension in Nantao which prevailed the previous night eased yesterday following the withdrawal of sentries stationed at important street crossings. The exodus from Chapei and Hongkew, however, continued on a small scale. In Dixwell Road, a group of Japanese families moved.

Area Visited

A representative of the "North-China Daily News," who visited Hungjao and Monument Roads at 6 p.m. found the area quiet. Two sandbag barricades were found in Hungjao Road. The first in the shape of a horse-shoe, was placed in the middle of the street, sufficient room being allowed for traffic. No guard was found in the vicinity, however. The second was found near the Hungjao Golf Course. Several members of the Corps, together with the Settlement police officers, stood on guard.

The China General Omnibus Co. continued to run to the bridge, near the golf course. Residents and press representatives crossing the bridge were allowed to pass, while others were questioned and often not permitted to go further.

Peace also reigned beyond the bridge all the way to the aerodrome. Indicating the easing of the situation, a foreigner was seen on horseback in Monument Road in front of the aerodrome.

Gates Closed

The gates of the aerodrome facing Hungjao Road were closed and surrounded by barbed wire. Behind the barricades and in front of the gates stood a solitary armed Paoantui man. About 200 metres from the entrance and in Monument Road is the side entrance of the airfield, where the fatal shooting was said to have taken place. It was here the coffin containing the body of the killed Paoantui man was found lying. At the side of the coffin were several flower baskets and fire crackers. A lone policeman, armed with a rifle, stood on guard there.

As it grew dark, several members of the Peace Preservation Corps made their appearance in the aerodrome at the side of Monument Road. The policeman advised this journal's representative to leave the scene as more rigid precautionary measures were to be taken in the evening. The latter in turn communicated the advice to the foreigner on horseback riding in the vicinity and both left almost immediately.

Eighteen Wounds

The body of Lieutenant Ohyama, a Japanese spokesman said yesterday, bore eighteen bullet and bayonet wounds. The first bullet, he added, apparently lodged in the right loin. The officer's head was battered until the brains fell out.

Lieutenant Ohyama, the announcement asserted, was deprived of his sword, shoes, wristwatch and pocket book.

Seaman Saito, was killed by a bullet that went through the base of the skull and came out through the nose.

The spokesman stated that the officer, being in command of the Western detachment of the Landing Party, had to make the rounds of the Japanese industrial establishments in the Western district. A check of his belongings, the announcement said, showed that he had left his pistol at the headquarters on the fatal day.

"Another Bombshell"

Tokyo, Aug. 10.

The incident is regarded in Japanese circles here as "another bombshell in the tense Sino-Japanese situation."

The spokesman of the Admiralty, in a statement to-day, said he could not foresee developments resulting from the incident until a full investigation had been completed.

The Cabinet, at a meeting this morning, heard a report on the affair from Admiral Yonai, Minister of the Navy, who is understood to have asserted that the incident was a very serious one. The Admiralty, he added, was pursuing a cautious attitude and was taking adequate measures to deal with the situation after an investigation of the case had been completed.

"Too Much Wilfulness"

The Minister of War, General Sugiyama, in a statement to-day, said that "too much wilfulness deserves a good whipping."

Japan had borne what could be borne, but her "patience and self-restraint has been met by bad faith on the part of China."

Japan, he declared, was anxious for a fundamental readjustment of Sino-Japanese relations which could be effected "if China gives up her anti-Japanese attitude and manifests sincerity in co-operating with Japan."

General Sugiyama expressed regret that China "persists in her provocative attitude against Japan and pushes on war preparations feverishly by concentrating large forces of troops in North China in violation of the Ho-Umetsu and Chi-Doihara agreements."

Japan, he contended, must therefore not relax her vigilant watch on China's movements, and must be firmly determined to meet the "worst eventuality."—Reuter.

REPORTED CONCERN BY BANKS

$70,000,000 Foreign Money Bought by Depositors

The continued purchase of foreign currencies by Chinese depositors and others was reported yesterday by a Chinese news agency to be causing concern among Chinese banking circles. For the purpose of discussing this situation, a meeting is to be held by bankers shortly when remedial measures are to be devised.

An unconfirmed Chinese report placed the amount of foreign currency purchased since the development of tension in the north at $70,000,000. Deposits were reported to have been withdrawn from Chinese banking institutions and placed in foreign banks in foreign currency.

The third bank to suffer from the present crisis is the Heng Li Commercial and Savings Bank, 100 Tientsin Road, which has temporarily suspended business pending a general meeting of its shareholders to be held on August 30. The bank closed its doors following a run of depositors, it was reported.

The other two banks were the Teh Tai Shing native bank in Nantao and another Chinese bank which is planning to resume business in the near future.

MATTSON KIDNAPPER SUSPECT HELD

Cleveland Man Arrested for Questioning

Lorain, O., Aug. 9.

Police to-night held for investigation a man whose description they said fitted that of the kidnapper and slayer of ten-year-old Charles Mattson of Tacoma, Wash.

The suspect, who said he lived in Cleveland, was arrested last night at the suggestion of a railway detective who believed he had identified him as the man wanted for the Mattson kidnapping of last December 27.

Federal Bureau of Investigation agents questioned the suspect and were checking his story to-day. Police said he was about thirty years old and that his general description corresponded to that contained in circulars describing the kidnapper.—United Press.

EX-KING ALFONSO TO ATTEND WEDDING

Niece Will Marry Polish Prince in Lausanne

Geneva, Aug. 10.

Ex-King Alfonso XIII of Spain, is at present in Lausanne where he will assist at the forthcoming wedding of his niece Maria Dolores de Bourbon and Prince Czartoryski of Poland.

The presence in Switzerland of a few Spanish politicians, Sr. de Madariaga, and the Gil Robles family, started rumours that they had held political conversations with the ex-King. Though the royal entourage contradicted these rumours, it is certain that the problem of candidacy for the Spanish throne will be discussed privately.

It is improbable that the ex-King will take any initiative in the matter. —Havas.

MOSQUITOES PLAGUE NETHERLANDS

Motorists Held Up by Swarms During Heat Wave

Amsterdam, Aug. 10.

Owing to the continuance of the heat wave in Holland the mosquito and gnat plague in the neighbourhood of the Yssel Sea, ie. the remnant of water remaining after reclaiming the Zuider Zee, has grown so bad that motor traffic along the dyke road has had to be partially suspended. The Royal Netherlands Automobile Club has moreover been obliged to set up a series of stations along the dyke route where motorists may obtain information about the present position of the insect swarms. —Trans-Ocean.

ADMIRALTY TAKES OVER FLEET AIR ARM

Rear-Adm. J. H. Cunningham Given New Post

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Aug. 9.

The decision that in future the Admiralty will control the Fleet Air Arm has resulted in the creation of a new post, namely, Assistant Chief of Naval Staff (Air).

Rear-Admiral John H. D. Cunningham, formerly A.D.C. to the King, has been appointed to the post.—Reuter.

OBITUARY

Dr. Edwin Smith

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Aug. 9.

Dr. Edwin Smith, Coroner for West London, died to-day at the age of 66. He was educated at Perth Academy, Dundee High School and St. Thomas's Hospital, London, and was called to the Bar in 1908.

Formerly Deputy Coroner for Westminster and Southwest London and Coroner for North East London, he was known for his outspoken criticisms of road users and his advocacy of the lethal chamber for incurable sufferers.

He was keenly interested in magic and served as chairman of the council of the Magic Circle.—Reuter.

FIRE BEHIND NANKING THEATRE

Fire broke out shortly after midnight last night in a Chinese shop off Route Marco Polo, just behind the Nanking Theatre. Machines of the French Fire Brigade responded to the alarm and within half an hour, brought the fire under control, but not until three shop premises had been badly damaged. The Nanking Theatre building remained intact as it is separated from the shop premises by a lane.

No Trace of Missing Plane Crew

No trace has yet been found of Mr. George Ohrnberger, co-pilot of the China National Aviation Corporation's 'plane Chekiang, and the Chinese radio operator and steward, who are missing as a result of the forced landing of the 'plane ninety miles north of Hongkong while on her way to Shanghai on Sunday morning, inquiries revealed at the C.N.A.C.'s local offices last night. A message received in Shanghai from the south at 6 p.m. yesterday stated that several vessels were engaged in the search for the missing men among the isles. Bad weather was blamed for the air-liner's forced landing.

LAST JAPANESE TO LEAVE HANKOW

Consular Officials, Police Sailing To-day

Hankow, Aug. 10.

The complete evacuation of Japanese nationals from Hankow will be accomplished by to-morrow afternoon when remaining local and up-river Consular officials and their staffs, including Consular police, will leave port.

A large number of Japanese left at 9.30 this evening in the Indo-China ss. Loong Wo and the China Navigation ss. Wuchang, while the remainder will be evacuated by a Japanese vessel sailing at 4 p.m. to-morrow. The last batch will include Mr. Matsudaira, the Acting Consul-General.

Meanwhile many Chinese have returned to their homes in the Japanese Concession, which, except for the strict vigilance kept by the Chinese police, who are patrolling the area and posted at all the approaches, appears to be very quiet.—Reuter.

YUGOSLAV CONCORDAT MAY BE DROPPED

Sanguinary Clash with Police in Demonstration

Belgrade, Aug. 10.

In the little town of Bijeljina in the district of Drina, the police had to resort to arms to disperse a crowd demonstrating against the Government's Concordat with the Holy See.

The Deputy, Dr. Vjislav Janjitch, and a number of Serbian Orthodox priests led the manifestation which the authorities had prohibited. Dr. Janjitch delivered a fiery speech after which his audience rushed out into the street, hurling stones at the gendarmes who tried to disperse them peaceably. One was seriously injured. The police fired, killing one and wounding another of the crowd, successfully breaking up the demonstration.—Havas.

Concordat May Be Dropped

Belgrade, Aug. 9.

Sources close to the Government were reported to-day to have decided to drop their attempts to obtain Senate ratification of the proposed Concordat with the Vatican.—United Press.

KWANTUNG ARMY GENERAL IN TIENTSIN

Nanking, Aug. 10.

Major-General Sagaki, Chief of Staff of the Kwantung Army, has arrived in Tientsin, according to information received here to-night. His 5th Division is due to arrive in North China within the next five days. Concentrating her major forces along the Peiping-Suiyuan Railway Japan will mobilize fourteen divisions in North China, eight of which have already arrived. These "expeditionary forces" will either be commanded by General Terauchi, former Minister of War, or Lieutenant-General Koisho, Commander of the Korean Garrison force, it is reported.—Central News.

PROTECTION TRIBUNALS FOR GERMAN YOUTH

Berlin, Aug. 10.

Dr. Guertner, the German Minister of Justice, has decreed that for the better protection of young persons special "Youth Protection Tribunals" be established, commencing work on September 1.—Trans-Ocean.

THREE DIE IN ANOTHER U.S. AIR CRASH

Daytona Beach, Fla., Aug. 10.

Three persons were killed and six others seriously injured here to-day when an Eastern Airlines transport plane struck a high tension wire and nose dived into a crash shortly after taking off.—United Press.

POLITICAL CHANGES FOR RUMANIA

General Elections Likely to Favour Liberals

Bucharest, Aug. 10.

Rumanian political circles believe that important events will take place shortly in the domestic politics of the country.

It is believed that M. George Tatarescu, the Premier, will tender his resignation at the next royal audience.

Members of Parliament, elected in 1933, will shortly complete their period of service, and the present members of the Cabinet will have to retire to prepare for the forthcoming general elections.

Recent departmental and communal elections have shown that the Liberal Party obtained the largest number of popular votes, while the National Peasant Party were a close second while the Rightist groups received practically the same number of votes as the National Peasant Party. However, the Rightist groups are divided, and a coalition of these groups is not foreseen for the time being.

The Nationalist Peasant Party has a considerable chance of being asked to take part in the future ruling of the country.

Government circles believe the crisis will only take place after the conference of the members of the Little Entente at Sinaia on August 19.—Havas.

JAPAN'S UNFAVOURABLE TRADE BALANCE

Excess Imports Total Huge Sum of Y.744,134,000

Tokyo, Aug. 10.

Japan's unfavourable trade balance since January to-day totalled Y.744,-134,000 as imports exceeded exports by Y.23,847,000 in the last ten days.

Ministry of Finance figures placed imports for the ten days at Y.95,472,-000 and exports at Y.71,625,000.—Domei.

SIX CHIMPANZEES ESCAPE CLINIC IN NAPLES

Naples, Aug. 10.

Not particularly interested, six chimpanzees escaped from the clinic here, where operations are practised according to the principles of Dr. Voronov. They took refuge in a 120 ft. high pine tree in the garden of the royal villa of Capo di Monte. Special armed gendarmes are mounting guard at the foot of the tree. The animals, who fled just as the operation was about to begin, are too valuable to be shot, so the police are waiting until hunger forces the sextette to come down to earth.—Havas.

EARL BALDWIN DECLINES CANBERRA INVITATION

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Aug. 10.

Earl Baldwin of Bewdley has expressed regret that he is unable to accept the invitation of Mr. J. A. Lyons, Prime Minister of Australia, to visit the Commonwealth on the occasion of the centenary celebrations.—Reuter.

Salzburg Crowds Hoaxed Over Football Myth

Vienna, Aug. 10.

Thousands of visitors staying at Salzburg for the annual music festival, were victims of a hoax yesterday.

Posters had appeared on a number of hoardings in the morning announcing a football match between a team composed of prominent film actresses including Marlene Dietrich, Paula Wessely and Attila Hoerbiger, and one drawn from members of the Vienna Philharmonic Orchestra. Those perpetrating the hoax succeded in enticing a huge crowd to the playing field which become the scene of a tumultuous uproar when after half an hour's patient waiting, not a single player appeared. The matter will have its sequel in the local law courts.—Trans-Ocean.

IL DUCE WATCHES MANŒUVRES

Sig. Mussolini in Sicily: Reassurance Given

Messina, Aug. 10.

An impressive display of coastal defence, in which 16,000 men took part, was witnessed here to-day by Signor Mussolini.

Escorted by a cruiser and six destroyers, Il Duce arrived in his yacht, the Aurora, this morning and watched the unusual military manœuvres, which were intended to discover to what extent the armed forces of the island could resist invasion in the event of war.

The theoretical invaders of Sicily used a new type of naval barge in an attempt to land 16,000 men on the rocky coast during the night.

It was Signor Mussolini's first visit to Sicily in sixteen years. After being conducted through the public buildings he briefly addressed the crowd. He promised to make a speech at the conclusion of the manœuvres, but said:

"To dispel any absurd fears, I will declare that the objects of my trip are both pacific and constructive.—Reuter.

WARNING AGAINST RECRUITING

Prosecution Threatened by Los Angeles Official

Los Angeles, Aug. 9.

A warning to Lieutenant General Russell L. Hearn, once aide to Marshal Chang Tso-lin of China, that "anyone recruiting Americans for the Chinese or any other foreign Army will be prosecuted" was issued to-day by the Assistant District Attorney, Mr. Hal Hughes.

General Hearn's reported enlistment of a Foreign Legion to aid China against Japan was said to have brought several thousand applications from every section of the nation.

A Denial

Later to-day, however, General Hearn denied reports that he had been recruiting for the Chinese Army and warned against the use of his name by agents soliciting public funds for the Chinese cause.

The Chinese Government meanwhile was reported to have contracted for 20,000,000 gallons of American aviation gasoline at an estimated cost of $2,778,780 and to be delivered at Shanghai "as soon as possible."

A dozen large tankers, it was estimated, would be required to transport the reported order, the largest in the history of the California oil basin. Mr. Robert Allan, President of the Pacific Petroleum Corp., was reported to have arranged the sale.—United Press.

MISS HELEN KELLER ON WAY HOME TO U.S.

Kobe, Aug. 10.

Completing a protracted stay in Japan, Miss Helen Keller, the world-famous deaf, dumb and blind authoress and social worker, left here to-day for San Francisco in the mv. Chichibu Maru. She was accompanied by Miss Polly Thomson, her secretary for the past twelve years. A vast throng of officials, educationalists, social workers and school children saw Miss Keller off.—Domei.

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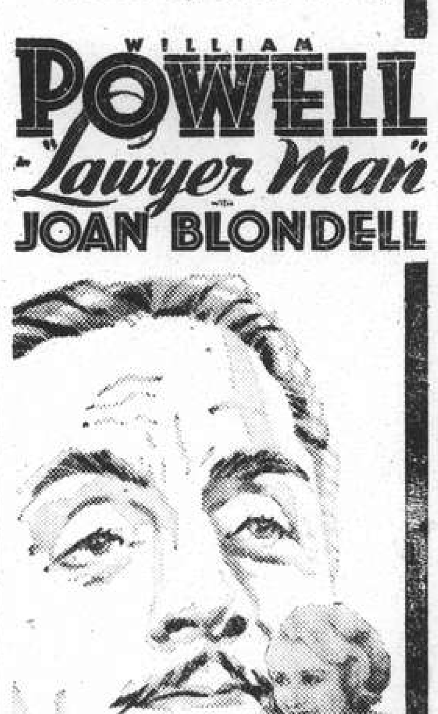

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Rowers Beat Porpoises

WATER POLO LEADERS LOSE IN EXCITING STRUGGLE

S.R.C. Strokeside Team in Joint Lead After Narrow 2-0 Victory in Great Match Before Enthusiastic Crowd

CHAMPIONSHIP PLAY-OFF PROBABLE

BY playing up magnificently, the Rowing Club Strokeside team climbed into the joint leading position in the water polo league as a result of their victory over the hitherto acknowledged league leaders, the Foreign Y.M.C.A. Porpoises whom they defeated yesterday evening by two goals to nil in the Oarsmen's pool before a large and enthusiastic crowd of spectators.

Strokeside's victory makes it necessary for the two teams to have a play off for the championships if both teams conclude their league engagements without a loss, and as both have only one more game to play, this is practically certain. The play off will probably take place on the opening night of the interport gala, August 26, tentative arrangements being made to hold the match on that day at the Cercle Sportif Francais pool which is a neutral venue, and necessary for such a deciding game.

In the first round of the league, the Foreign Y.M.C.A. team defeated their rivals from the Rowing Club by the odd goal in five in the game played at the Y.M.C.A. pool, and yesterday's return fixture played at the Oarsmen's pool saw the home team gaining the victory which placed them as joint leaders in the standings. Undoubtedly the play off will attract a large crowd, and some very close and interesting play is expected.

Two other games were run off in the league, the Association Sportif Francais defeating the Shaforce by four goals to nil in the Rowing Club pool, while the Foreign Y.M.C.A. Walrusses were at home to the Rowing Club Bowside team, and after a hotly contested engagement, the score was recorded as a goal all—a draw.

The Big Match

The senior match of the day attracted a large gathering of spectators to the Oarsmen's pool. Play was extremely close throughout, the deciding factor of the day being the superior play of the Oarsmen's backs who gave their opposing forwards no scope whatever, and were able to put their own forwards away with some fine passes.

The hero of the Rowing Club side was E. J. Muir who scored the second goal barely thirty seconds before the match ended. Muir swam away with the ball and going right into the goalmouth, deftly flipped the ball past Bradley, the Y.M.C.A. goalkeeper, with a clever shot. Prior to that A. C. Sinclair had been given a penalty in the first half with which he scored.

The Rowing Club defence was impregnable. E. J. Palmer, in goal, saved two grand shots by coming out straight at the attacking forward and deflecting the shot for a corner. Apart from this he played a very sound game, while A. W. Wagstaff and Y. J. Turner at backs were able to hold A. Gavriloff and L. Oliveira, despite the latter's speed. Neither of the two Y.M.C.A. stars were given the slightest chance to swim away. B. Lambken, the oarsmen's centre half, who is incidentally playing his last game of water polo in Shanghai this year as he is being transferred to Newchwang, was the best exponent of handling the ball. His deft manipulation of the ball, enabled him to create openings for his forwards, and his strong shooting from a distance out kept Bradley on the alert. A. C. Sinclair was the outstanding forward, and despite close marking was able to put in some fine shots, being unlucky not to have been more successful, while Muir's goal was the talk of the day.

Losers' Weak Defence

The Y.M.C.A. team played up very strongly against their opponents but their weakness lay in their defence, the contrast between the two sets of backs being marked. Gavriloff, Logan and Oliveira among the forwards were very fast, but they got few passes from behind, and had on many occasions to forage for themselves. Bradley played a fine game in goal, and the backs worked hard. The teams were:

ROWING CLUB STROKESIDE: E. J. Palmer, A. W. Wagtaff, Y. J. Turner, B. Lambken, A. C. Sinclair, H. G. Fabian, E. J. Muir.

FOREIGN Y.M.C.A. PORPOISES: J. Bradley, E. L. McAllister, S. Brandt, E. Smith, A. Gavriloff, H. A. Logan, L. Oliveira. Referee: John Huxley.

From the swim off the Oarsmen attacked and Sinclair was prominent with a hard shot from a distance out that Bradley stopped. The Y.M.C.A. forwards went away to a passing movement but Gavriloff's effort was smothered by Turner and Palmer passed to Lambken who again sent Sinclair away, the latter swimming away from McAllister, but being sunk in possession of the ball.

Sinclair Opens Scoring

Play was kept in the Y.M.C.A. half and Bradley saved successive shots from Sinclair and Fabian, Muir attempting to swim the ball into the goal unsuccessfully. A breakaway by the Y.M.C.A. saw McAllister swimming down the side of the pool and taking a powerful backhand shot that hit the outside of the upright and rebounded out of play. Lambken put Sinclair away, and the latter swam in towards the Y.M.C.A. goalmouth, being fouled by McAllister inside the four yard area, with the result that the latter was put out of the pool, and Sinclair given a penalty throw with which he scored.

Upon resumption, the Rowing Club pressed again, but without success and in the concluding minutes of the first half, the Y.M.C.A. forwards were very much in evidence. Gavriloff coming very close to scoring with a hard shot that just went over the bar.

Winning Goal

The second half produced even closer play, and the marking became very rigid. The Y.M.C.A. pressed strongly and the home team had to play a defensive game for a good part of the half, Sinclair being prominent in coming back to assist the defence twice in stopping E. Smith from scoring. Just towards the end of the half, Wagstaff sent a long pass to Fabian, the latter slipping the ball to Muir, who was unmarked and this swimmer made the most of his opportunity, and swam into the goalmouth to beat Bradley with a grand shot. There was not sufficient time to reach the ball from the swim off when the bell for full time sounded.

Prior to this game, the A.S.F. defeated Shaforce by four goals to nil, Hans Park again being prominent with his long shots and accounting for two goals, while Eidil and Veir scored the other points. The Army team played a good defensive game, but their forwards were up against a fine defence and could not get past them. The teams were:

A.S.F.: G. Boisesson, P. Bell, V. Ruffio, H. Park, R. C. Veir, J. Eidil, H. Peneguel.

SHAFORCE: Rowlands, Anderton, Rimmer, Newton, Cook, Ingham. Referee: John Huxley.

Walrusses v. Bowside

The third game took place at the Foreign Y.M.C.A. and here the home Walrusses scored their only goal in the opening half through Kohnert, while L. Fabian retaliated with the equaliser in the second session, the match being very closely contested. The teams were:

WALRUSSES: F. Brandt, Aquino, Jump, G. Figueredo, L. Kohnert, J. Dudley, J. A. Figueredo.

BOWSIDE: F. R. L. Carey, A. J. Orton, L. Fabian, W. Vennewitz, J. Sbodnikoff, H. Farmer, A. Pressler. Referee: L. Bright.

AMERICA'S PATH TO THE DAVIS CUP

Bitsy Grant congratulating Gottfried von Cramm on his victory in the first singles of the Davis Cup Inter-Zone Final at Wimbledon last month.

EVENTS AT S.R.C. GALA TO-NIGHT

Heats for several of the club events to be held at the Rowing Club annual swimming gala on Saturday night will be swum off this evening commencing at 9 p.m. in conjunction with an interesting programme of events for both men and women.

The club events down for decision this evening are the one length free style handicap, (heats), and the 50 yards free style handicap (heats); tub races for both men and women being included in the programme. The Club's 100 yards free style championship will be the outstanding event of the evening.

HITLER CONGRATULATES DANISH SWIMMER

Copenhagen, Aug. 10.

Chancellor Hitler has telegraphed his congratulations to Jenny Kammersgaard, the young Danish swimmer, who swam the 90 kilometres across the Kattegat in 29 hours.

The papers here point out that this is the first time that the head of a state has sent a congratulatory telegram to a successful foreign sports celebrity.—Trans-Ocean.

STARTS GOLF TOURNEY WITH RECORD 67

San Francisco Aug. 10.

Don Erickson, a 25-year-old telegraph operator from Alhambra, C., fired a record shattering round of 67 here to-day to take the lead in the first half of the qualifying in the Nation Public Links Golf Championship here.—United Press.

There is a possibility that Ginger Foran, the Liverpool contender for the British featherweight championship may shortly make a tour of America. Foran, recently knocked out Johnny McGrory, the feather-weight champion.

SWIMMING TITLES AT S.R.C. GALA

Heavy Entries Necessitate Heats in Two Events

PRELIMINARIES FIXED FOR TO-MORROW NIGHT

Final entries for the five Shanghai swimming championships to be held at the Rowing Club gala on Saturday, August 14, have been received and in view of the heavy entry list in two of the events, heats will be necessary. Seven names have been received for the 100 yards men's free style, and six have entered for the women's 50 yards free style, this heavy entry list necessitating heats being swum off. These heats will take place at the Rowing Club pool on Thursday evening at 6. p.m.

The following is the final entry list:—

Men's 100 yards free style:—L. Oliveira; H. Farmer, A. Gavriloff, T. Britton, Cpl. Anderton, Y. T. Ho, and H. A. Logan.

Men's 880 yards free style:—E. L. McAllister, H. A. Logan, A. Gavriloff, W. Reilley.

Men's 100 yards breast stroke:—R. J. Dudley, R. Hall, Kan Yee Kit, K. C. Woo and S. S. Chung.

100 yards junior free style (boys):—R. A. Dodd, R. Hall, J. A. Figueredo, E. Copley.

50 yards women's free style:—Misses F. Tsukasaki, E. Whitehead, Diana Cannan, Stephenie Prabner, Lin Mei-Ling, and A. Dudley.

Don Smith, Non-Starter

It is learned that Don Smith, the youthful American swimmer who has just returned from a vacation in Tsingta, and in that Smith won the half mile championship last year and clipped no less than 41 2/5 sec. off the old record, it is to be regretted that he has not entered for this year's contest, as A. Gavriloff and H. A. Logan are reported to be swimming the half mile in under 12 min. the contest between the three swimmers would produce some particularly good racing.

TOURING U.S. ATHLETES WIN IN BRUSSELS

Brussels, Aug. 9.

The ten-man United States track team touring Europe romped off with nine of eleven first places in their second European track and field meeting here to-day.

Jack Patterson, of Rice Institute, Dallas, Tex., was the individual star of the American team, capturing the first place in the 400 metre low hurdles and second in the 110 metre high hurdles and the high jump. He broke the tape in 54 sec. in clearing the low timbers.—United Press.

Mid-Day Sun Fancied for St. Leger

London, Aug. 10.

Mrs. G. B. Miller's Mid-Day Sun, the Derby winner, is the favourite for the St. Leger, the classic which will be run at Doncaster on Sept. 8, in the latest call-over. The odds quoted to-day are:

3-1 Mid-Day Sun offered, 100-30 taken
9-2 Peritox offered, 5-1 taken
100-6 Solfo offered, 100-8 taken.—Reuter.

LEICESTER'S FIRST WIN IN 21 GAMES

Big Score by Berry Helps Defeat of Hampshire

London, Aug. 9.

Led by Berry, their leading batsman, who made 153, Leicester to-day scored their first victory of the season in the County Championship.

Their victims were Hampshire, who were beaten by nine wickets.

As a result of Berry's substantial contribution, Leicester, winning the toss, made 404. In reply Hampshire scored 180 (Flamson, six for 61) and, following on, 254.

Leicester hit off the 32 runs necessary for victory for the loss of one wicket.—Reuter.

RISING YOUNG STAR OF BASEBALL

Bob Feller of Cleveland Drawing the Crowds

New York, July 15.

Baseball's new magic name is Bob Feller: This 18-year-old schoolboy from an Iowa farm who was raised by his father to become a Big League pitcher has been more widely-publicized and has more box office appeal than any freshman player in baseball annals. He's the Shirley Temple of the diamond—the story-book ball player who has the turnstiles humming.

In his first full season with the Cleveland Indians, Young Feller is more of a sensation than was Babe Ruth during the Bambino's first six years in the majors. Feller stepped from obscurity to fame in seven-league boots. The great Ruth was with the Boston Red Sox six years before the New York Yanks bought him and ballyhooed his home-run hitting into baseball's biggest attraction.

Box Office Draw

Already Feller is rivaling Ruth's box office records. During an exhibition tour throughout the provinces during spring training, Feller was advertised three times as the starting pitcher, and three times the playing field was jammed. On April 4 he pitched three innings against the Giants at New Orleans, and drew 15,000. Four days later he worked three innings against the Giants at Fort Smith, Ark., and 5,900 turned out. Then on April 11 against Little Rock in packed 5,600 spectators.

Fans yell, "I drove 150 miles to see you, Bob. Don't fail me! Strike him out!"

His youth, his modesty and his natural ability without cockiness have made him popular. He never argues at an umpire's decision. He just gets out there and pitches.

The youth's personality is best described by this incident. He was misquoted in recent Sunday papers as follows: "Every game I go in I expect to win." He was almost broken-hearted when a newspaper man showed that "bragging statement" to him.

"Please correct that," Feller pleaded. "What I said was: 'I'll try and win every game I pitch.'"

Opposition Camps' Praise

Ball players are doing Feller's talking for him. Mel Ott, New York Giants' home run king, said: "Feller has more stuff on his fast one than any one I've ever seen."

"He's the greatest kid pitcher I ever saw," Bill Terry, manager of the Giants, said "He's faster than Walter Johnson was when I batted against him, but, of course that was when Johnson was slipping."

Wally Schang, Cleveland coach who caught Walter Johnson, Smokey Joe Wood and Bullet Joe Bush, three of baseball's fastest pitchers, said: "Feller has more speed than Wood or Bush and as much as Johnson."

What of Feller's flaws? Inclined to wildness, inability to hold runners on bags and mediocre control of slow stuff. But every day he is out on the practice mound or in the bull-pen toiling to perfect those weaknesses.—United Press.

SCHMELING'S HOPES FOR WORLD TITLE FIGHT

Berlin, Aug. 10.

The German sports press confirms the reports that Max Schmeling who is leaving here to-morrow for America to attend the fight between Joe Louis and Tommy Farr on August 26 in New York does not intend to return to Germany until after his fight for the world title which is now scheduled for the beginning of October.

It is also reported here that the German boxer Walter Neusel will return shortly to London to go into training for his encounter with the South African heavyweight Maurice Strickland who has come much to the fore since his victory over the Finnish boxer Gunnar Baerlund.—Trans-Ocean.

TO-NIGHT 8.30

(Trials, 7.45 p.m., weather permitting)

HAI-ALAI

DELANTERO and ZAGUERO in feature doubles

Five Strong Teams

Events No. 8-9:

1. CAREAGA — BERRONDO
2. AZUMENDI — LORENZO
3. HERNANDO — IBARRA
4. ARGOITIA — GARATE
5. URIZAR II — PRUDENCIO

Events 1-7:	*Events 10-16:*
1. CAREAGA	1. GARATE
2. URIZAR II	2. LORENZO
3. ICHASO	3. BERRONDO
4. AZCUE	4. CUBANO
5. AZUMENDI	5. PRUDENCIO
6. ARGOITIA	6. HERNANDO

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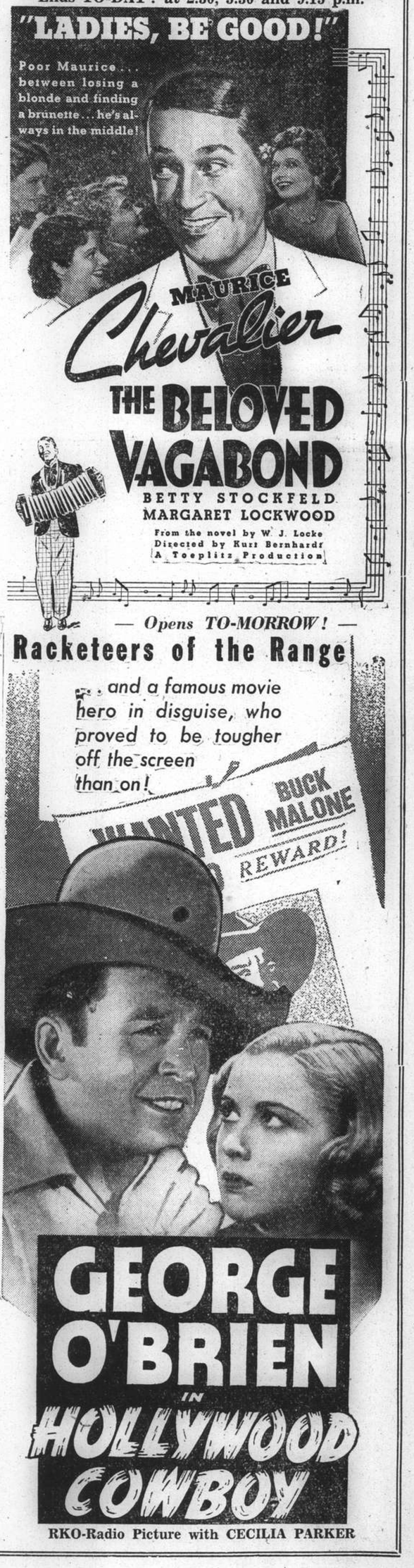

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Protests Follow Matthews' Test Selection

BOWLED REMARKABLY WHILE HOLIDAYING FROM TEACHING

Denis Compton, Other New Test Selection for Saturday, Described as Best Young Bat Since Hammond Was Boy

QUICK HONOUR FOR 19-YEAR-OLD BAT

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Aug. 9.

SURPRISE, mingled with a certain amount of protest, is expressed in the newspapers to-day over the selection of Austin Matthews to play in the Test opening on Saturday, when England meets New Zealand in the third and final match.

Matthews and Denis Compton, 19-year-old Middlesex player, will be making their first appearances in a Test. Matthews is 32 years old, a fast-medium bowler, and a professional. He was the coach at Stowe School after several seasons with Northants.

Free from his school duties, he returned to his native county of Glamorgan a fortnight ago, taking 22 wickets in three games. He dismissed Bradman twice in one match in 1934.

Denis Compton, the other newcomer to Test play, is a forcing bat who entered first class cricket only last season, appearing for Middlesex. He is also an Arsenal football player.—Reuter.

Team for Saturday

London, Aug. 9.

Brown, who bowled well in the second Test and top scored with 57 in England's disastrous second innings, Smith and Wellard, have been dropped from the team which beat New Zealand at Manchester last month in a game which must have given the selectors a long-drawnout headache. The re-appearance of Kenneth Farnes will be welcomed. He is rather in the same category as the much-discussed Matthews, another bowler whose merit was a hidden quality until released for County play by school holidays. England's team—the 12th man has not been announced as yet—reads as follows.

R.W.V. Robins (captain), K. Farnes, Hammond, Goddard, Barnett, Ames, Paynter, Hardstaff, Hutton, Matthews and Denis Compton.

Compton in his first year for Middlesex finished second to Hendren in the batting averages.

Sir P. F. Warner, of the Test Match Selection Committee, paid him a deserved tribute last year when he described him as "the best young batsman who has come out since Walter Hammond was a boy."

Besides being a sound bat, he is also a fieldsman of conspicuous merit and a left-hand bowler of some pretensions.

Of the two Tests already played, England has won one and drawn one.—Reuter.

CRUCIAL BASEBALL PHASE NEARS

U.S. Major League Teams Travel to Big Games

CHICAGO CUBS AWAITING PITTSBURGH INVASION

New York, Aug. 9.

Major league baseball teams prepared to-day to enter the crucial phases of their pennant races, with second, third and fourth place teams closely bunched and determined to erase the margins of the leaders.

The Chicago Cubs, with a six-game advantage in the National League, sat back at Wrigley Field and awaited the invasion of the Pittsburgh Pirates. Having polished off the Boston Bees in three games of a four-game series, the Cubs were ready to take the Pirates in stride and to increase their margin of leadership over the New York Giants.

Giants Need Wins Badly

The Giants, after a streak of bad luck against the Pirates, prepared to cross bats with the Boston Bees. Only four games ahead of the St. Louis Cardinals, the Giants will need all three of their games with Boston to stay in the runner-up position. The Cardinals take on the Cincinnati team at Sportsmen's Park, and figure on improving their league standing at the expense of the Reds. The remaining games are of interest only to residents of the two cities involved, as Brooklyn and Philadelphia battle at the Quaker City. The Phils at present occupy the league cellar, and the Dodgers are determined to stay out of it.

Yankees May Be Halted

The New York Yankees enter the next series with the longest lead they have enjoyed this season—nine and one-half games. Their opponents, however, will be the Boston Red Sox, now in the midst of a sensational performance in which they have lost only one game in their last thirteen starts.

A scant one and one-half games behind the Red Sox are the Detroit Tigers, who are ready to profit by any Boston faltering but who themselves will be well occupied by the Chicago White Sox. The Sox, a short while ago in second place, now rest in fourth, two and one-half games behind the Tigers; they will battle grimly to recover lost prestige, and this week's games in the American league may see a wholesale revision of the league standings.

Down in the Cellar

Cleveland, suffering from the worst luck of any American League team this year, will cross bats with the St. Louis Browns, while the Philadelphia Athletics will strive to lift themselves from the tail-end position in the league at the expense of the Washington Senators.—United Press.

INQUEST ON CRICKET WICKETS

Groundsmen Forbidden to Use Doped Pitches

London, July 15.

County Clubs are now taking matters into their own hands in the effort to provide the spectator with his money's worth.

There was a recent case at a county ground where a groundsman was brought before the secretary and reproached for making a wicket that was too good.

The groundsman has a difficult task these days. He must produce a wicket that is neither too bad nor too good. But it is a hopeful sign that County Committees are at last objecting to the wicket which is too good.

The use of "dope" which became almost universal several years ago, made pitches so good that bowlers almost went out of the game completely. Groundsmen competed with each other with the result that pitches got together which would have lasted for nearly a fortnight.

All that is to stop. Most of the counties have already forbidden their groundsmen to use "dope"—a preparation made from marl, cow manure and water.

In the future groundsmen can expect inquests not only on bad wickets they prepare but also on those which are too good.

It would not have been in the spirit of the game to have wickets prepared especially to suit the star bowler on the home side, but it is equally unfair to have wickets which counteract the ability of the best bowler.—Reuter.

INTERNATIONAL CHESS TOURNAMENT

Stockholm, Aug. 10.

The position of the national teams at the end of the thirteenth round of the international chess tournament are; Poland 35 points with one game to play, U.S.A. 33½ points with four games to play and Holland 32 points with three games to play.—Trans-Ocean.

VICTORIES FOR DERBY AND MIDDLESEX

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Aug. 10.

By lunch time to-day two more decisions had been reached in the County cricket round—a Middlesex victory over Surrey by three wickets, and a Derbyshire win over Northants. Yorkshire are in sight of victory over Warwickshire.

Notable deeds were accomplished by two of the Test players for Saturday's match. Both blows were struck for Gloucester against Worcester. Goddard took 10 wickets for 117 in the second innings, and Hammond made 142 not out in a great second innings stand of 225 for two. Lunch time scores were:—

AT THE OVAL.—Middlesex beat Surrey by three wickets. Surrey, 170 and 209; Middlesex, 151 and 230 for 7.
AT CHESTERFIELD.—Derby beat Northants. Northants, 253 and 159; Derby, 409 and runs.
AT LEEDS.—Warwick, 205 and 180; Yorkshire 292 and 2 for nil.
AT CHELMSFORD.—Essex, 256 and 239; New Zealand, 368 and 14 for 1.
AT HASTINGS.—Sussex, 552; Kent, 294 and 317.
AT NOTTINGHAM.—Lancashire, 437; Notts 191 and 286 for 6.
AT WESTON-SUPER-MARE.—Glamorgan, 243 and 191; Somerset, 191 (no play before lunch).
AT CHELTENHAM.—Worcester, 310 and 202 (Goddard, 10 for 117); Gloucester, 196 and 225 for 2 (Hammond, 142 not out).

BREASTSTROKE RECORD BROKEN AGAIN

Paris, Aug. 9.

The Russian swimmer, Boitchenko, established a new world record for the 100 metres breaststroke to-day when he covered the distance in 1-min. 8.8/10 sec.

Shortly before this performance Jacques Cartonnet, a Frenchman, broke the breaststroke record for the same distance at Toulouse by using the "butterfly stroke." He was timed in 1-min. 9 sec., improving on the mark of 1-min. 10 sec. by Higgins.—Reuter.

GIANTS SELL CANTWELL TO DODGERS

New York, Aug. 9.

The management of the New York Giants, National League baseball team, to-day sold Ben Cantwell, a pitcher, to the Brooklyn Dodgers. The price involved was not announced.

Cantwell was acquired by the Giants' this year from the Boston Bees. He has not seen action in a single game this year.—United Press.

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WORLD-FAMOUS MOTORCYCLIST KILLED

J. Guthrie, a Scot known all over the world for his prowess as a racing motorcyclist, was killed on Monday when leading the field near the finish of the German Grand Prix. He had won six International Isle of Man Tourist Trophy races, this photograph—with Stanley Wood congratulating him—having been taken on the occasion of his sixth win last June.

HOW TO PLAY GOLF.—15

A series of articles written especially for the "North-China Daily News" every Wednesday.

By Charles U. Putnam

MR. Putnam will be glad to answer enquiries from golfers regarding their play. Questions should be as concise as possible and should be addressed to the *Golf Editor, "North-China Daily News."*

Golf Editor, N.C.D.N.

At the end of my swing I find myself finishing well to the left of the line of flight. Would this be the cause of my consistent slicing?—D. U. B.

A. Hitting outward from the top of your swing, causing the club to travel in a half circle around you, and finishing low outside of your left shoulder is unquestionably the main cause of your slicing. For the club to finish in the position which you describe it would be impossible for you to be hitting through the line of flight and travelling *upward* to the finish.

The only way to correct this fault is to practise first with short approach shots. On the downward swing keep your club head travelling well inside the line of flight before contact with the ball, and finish on a direct line with the flag. It is very important to remember that after the club head travels 30 inches past the point of contact with ball, it matters not in what position you finish the swing, as the follow through does nothing more than rhythm the power which has been applied.

When practising, keep in mind that you cannot build the finish first, but graduate your practice from the short swing out through your complement of clubs to the full finish.—C.U.P.

Golf Editor, N.C.D.N.

*While most of my shots are quite straight, I am not getting the distance with any of them that I think I should. Would this be because I am not applying correct wrist action?—*Short.

A. The thing that most golfers analyze as "lack of wrist action" is nothing more than the loss of your natural power through applying it to the wrong part of your swing. When your club reaches a horizontal position at the top of the backswing your wrists are in the one perfect position for the application of so-called wrist action. It is here that many golfers lose that natural power by anxiously or unconsciously hitting directly *out*, which straightens the wrists and uses the greater percent of that power in the first two feet of the downswing.

The hitting area, or the part of the golf swing where all experts strive to apply the real use of their hands and wrists is from the waistline in the downswing to that same balanced distance in the follow through. The start of the downswing must be made by shifting the weight from the right foot on to the left. This action accomplishes three distinct things, i.e. (1) getting the weight into the swing; (2) getting the body out of the way of the swing; and (3) conserving the value and power of the wrists until we have reached the hitting area. From here let your wrists break or uncock in a natural downward hitting motion, swing directly over and upward as though on a hinge. On the follow through cock your wrists again the same as in the backswing and let your club and arms swing up to your own natural finish.—C.U.P.

Golf Editor, N.C.D.N.

*If my ball is lying from 1 to 3 yards from the edge of the green is it good practice to use a putter to approach with?—*Puzzled.

A. The grass on the fairway is always much heavier and stiffer than that on the green, making you apply a lot more power to the stroke than you would if you were putting the ball the same distance. Continued practice of this will develop habits of jabbing or hitting at the ball when on the green breaking up entirely the smoothness of your putting stroke. Any one of several different clubs may be used for this shot with much greater success than the putter, playing in the same manner you would a longer approach shot.

1937 LEAGUE TENNIS ENDS TO-DAY

Fine Contribution of C.A.C. to Local Sport

COLUMBIANS ASSURED OF SECOND PLACE

The typhoon having blown over the final standings in the men's First Division League Tennis series will be definitely decided with the conclusion of the competition to-day. The championship crown has already been won by the County Athletic Club squad who lead the Columbia Country Club, at present in second place, by the wide margin of twenty sets. This represented the second consecutive success in senior division league tennis for the formidable Chinese combination.

Headed by the tennis enthusiast Mr. S. S. Hu, the County Athletic Club in the past two years has encouraged and trained a group of Chinese youths mainly from the local universities, and although unable yet to boast of any individually brilliant tennis players, they give promise of producing some first-class talent in the near future. As a team they rank far above any of the local clubs, and some of the players are already becoming well-known locally. T. C. Chang and Ronald Ma were chosen to represent Shanghai against Tientsin but unfortunately they will not be able to show their prowess owing to the cancellation of the Interport Tennis series. Other County players of promise are S. K. Hu, son of Mr. S. S. Hu, K. F. Li and K. C. Chow, all having shown good promise in the recent County Championships.

Columbians Should Be Second

The Columbians are also assured of their second place, as the Recs who are trailing them by six points, are up against the leaders in to-day's engagement and are sure to slide heavily in the standings. Not until after the dusts of the local league tennis battles lift to-day will it be known whether Clube Lusitano, Cercle Sportif Francais or the Shanghai Cricket Club will occupy the third rung.

The second division teams have had a busy time endeavouring to play off their postponed matches from last Wednesday. The Shanghai Cricket Club were ruthless on Monday, whitewashing the J.A.C. "B" squad 15-0, while the Waterworks also showed their best form to date to take 14 sets to 1 from the Cathedral Tennis Club. In a stern battle the J.A.C. seniors ousted the Recs by 8-7, while the A.S.F. continued to show strength with an 11-4 victory over Clube Lusitano. The remaining matches are due to be played off this week.

To-day's fixtures with the first named at home:—

First Division

Cercle Sportif Francais *v.* Country Club; Clube Lusitano *v.* Japanese Tennis Club; Shanghai Cricket Club *v.* Columbia Country Club; County Athletic Club *v.* Shanghai Recreation Club.

Second Division

Swiss Club *v.* A.S.F.; Sokol *v.* Bramtoco; Recs *v.* Cathedral; C.S.F. *v.* Cricket Club; Russian Tennis Club *v.* Lusitano; German Garden Club *v.* Police; Japanese Tennis Club *v.* J.A.C. "B"; J.A.C. "A" *v.* Waterworks.

S.C.C. 15: J.A.C. "B" 0

Orr and Pote-Hunt beat Gulamali and Pettersen, 7-5, 6-1, 6-4.
Gardiner and Read beat Tay and Collaco, 6-2, 6-2, 6-0.
Crickmer and Kendall beat Waller and Villas, 6-1, 6-0, 6-4.
Ewing and Palmer beat Silva and Costa, 7-5, 6-3, 6-2.
Payne and Woolley beat Marques and Ferras, 6-2, 6-2, 6-2.

Waterworks 14: Cathedral 1

Pintos and A. Fonseca beat Peach and Lawrence, 6-4, 6-2, 6-2.
J. Fonseca and Baker beat Blackwood and Hood, 6-3, 6-3, 7-5.
Flory and T. Collaco beat Nolting and Parker, 5-7, 8-6, 6-5.
A. C. Collaco and Wolnizer beat Wilkinson and Blackwood Jnr., 8-6, 6-4, 6-4.
Burford and G. B. Collaco beat Snoad and Fletcher, 6-3, 6-2, 6-0.

J.A.C. "A" 8: Recs 7

Cobarrubias and MacDonald beat Neugebauer and Noodt 6-3, 6-10, 6-4.
T. Murray and Marques beat Kermani and Kew, 6-3, 4-6, 6-3.
Baker and Goularte lost to R. C. Murray and Krass, 4-6, 4-6, 4-6.
Silva and Britto beat Davis and Barrera, 14-12, 6-4, 6-3.
Zee and Marcal lost to Harris and Hutchinson, 8-6, 3-6, 4-6.

A.S.F. 11: C.L. 4

Marcal and Bell beat A. Sousa and Silva, 6-2, 6-4, 6-4.
Bossuet and Graziani lost to Remedios and M. A. Sequeira, 8-6, 3-6, 3-6.
Ouyang and Aynie beat A. M. Sequeira and Vietal, 6-4, 3-6, 6-4.
R. Favacho and Bossuet beat E. Sousa and V. Sousa, 6-4, 7-5, 3-6.
H. Favacho and Fabre beat Aquino and Ozorio, 7-5, 6-3, 6-1.

Mr. Bat Masterson, the Irish racehorse owner, has died as the result of an accident while riding at Killarney races. He was closely identified with the horse breeding industry at Kildare.

MIKE JACOBS ON TOM FARR'S FUTURE

New Jersey, Aug. 9.

Mike Jacobs, the famous boxing promotor, promised to-day to give Tommy Farr, the young British contender for world heavyweight honours, a return bout with Joe Louis in London at the end of October, provided Farr lasts the distance and proves himself a worthy opponent when they meet at the end of this month.

Jacobs was given control of all its boxing promotions by the Madison Square Garden on August 5, leasing its indoor and outdoor arenas to Jacobs until 1940.—Reuter.

BRADDOCK AND HIS WINNINGS

Newark, New Jersey, July 15.

James J. Braddock, who lost his heavyweight title to Joe Louis in Chicago, has formed a company through which to invest his winnings. It goes by the name of The Braddock Holding Company, Inc., and is licensed to acquire freehold property.

Braddock is chief shareholder with 93 shares. Tex Sullivan, his publicity representative, and Samuel B. Gould, a lawyer, are the other shareholders, each owning one share.—Reuter.

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LUNCHEON IN A SCRAP-YARD

Subtle Joke Understood by The Metallurgists

HELPING THE INDUSTRY'S CAMPAIGN

The cry of "Any old iron?" has lately become an appeal of national importance because of the demand for scrap by the British steel industry. To help the Iron and Steel Federation in its campaign to encourage the flow of scrap to the steelworks, a luncheon was given recently by Messrs. George Cohen, Sons and Co., Limited, in their scrap-yard at Wood Lane.

A pavilion had been erected among dumps and wagon-loads of metal. The menus were printed on sheet-iron, and there was also irony in the names of some of the dishes. "Cantaloup Chêne Rond" conveyed an allusion to Lord Dudley, chairman of the Earl of Dudley's Round Oak Works, Limited, who presided. "Poularde Marchand de Ferrailles" was served with "Salade Mitraille." The sweets included "Petits Fours Martin"—a more subtle joke, but understood by the metallurgists present.

Sir T. Inskip's Message

Messrs. Cohen are among the four leading firms of scrap merchants who are the link between their own industry and the Iron and Steel Federation. They act as technical advisers to the federation and administer the scheme which, under the direction of the federation's Raw Materials Committee, governs the relations between the two industries.

Lord Dudley read a message from Sir Thomas Inskip, Minister for the Co-ordination of Defence, commending the campaign, which was stated to have already shown substantial results. "The demand for steel from many directions is very pressing," he wrote, "and it is essential, if the full resources of the country are to be used, that the supplies of steel should be not maintained but increased. One way in which the industry may be assured of better supplies of raw material is by the collection of scrap iron and steel."

Lord Dudley said that the nation had to arm to maintain the peace of Europe. The sooner it was armed, the sooner that peace would be ensured. "Beat your ploughshares into swords, and your pruning-hooks into spears" must be the motto.

Supply Drying Up

Mr. I. F. L. Elliott, managing director of the British Iron and Steel Federation and Corporation, said that early this year they were confronted by a situation even more dangerous and alarming than many had realized. The world demand for scrap had reached such a level and the drain on the scrap-exporting countries had become so great that embargoes were being imposed in many countries and were threatened in others. It looked as if the supply of scrap, except for domestic markets, would dry up, and it became incumbent on the British steel industry to meet the situation by organization. The agency firms came to their aid and submitted themselves to voluntary restraints. They had given the Federation magnificent service, and the great body of scrap merchants were working admirably to the same end.

Mr. Ashley Ward, of Thomas W. Ward, Limited, one of the agency firms, said that the scheme was working to-day successfully, and that was its greatest recommendation. Mr. Hale, president of the National Federation of Scrap Iron and Steel Merchants, said that lying about the country were hundreds of old howitzers and tanks which he hoped would find their way to the scrap-yards. Captain. H. Leighton Davies, chairman of the Raw Materials Committee, suggested that local authorities, Boy Scouts, and Girl Guides might all play their parts in the campaign. The appeal was reinforced by Mr. Lawrence Levy, chairman of George Cohen, Sons and Co., and by Mr. V. C. Faulkner, editor of the "Foundry Trade Journal."

U.S. EXPORT COPPER PRICE ADVANCING

New York, Aug. 9.

With export copper continuing its advance, domestic producers have been stampeded with insistent orders, as the belief is increasing that the 14 cents level will not last much longer.

Scrap dealers have advanced the price to the equivalent of the refined basis of $14.25 with a view to offsetting bids from abroad.—Reuter.

FARM BILL TO COME UP AT NEXT SESSION

Washington, Aug. 9.

The Senate Agricultural Committee voted unanimously to-day that the report on the General Farm Bill should be delivered within a week after the convening of the next session of Congress, whether it is a special session or in January next.—Reuter.

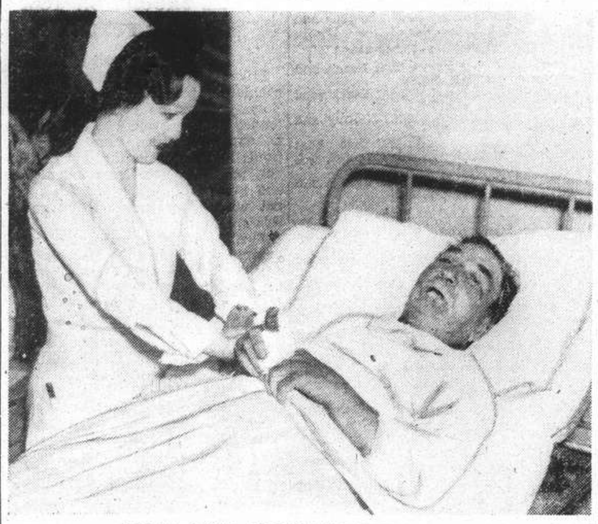
U.S. STEEL MILL ACTIVITY

New York, Aug. 10.

Steel mill activity for the week ended August 7 was placed at 84.6 per cent. of capacity, according to the American Iron and Steel Institute, in its weekly report just published.

This represents a drop of 0.9 per cent. compared with the previous week, but shows a gain of 14.6 per cent. over the same period last year.—Reuter.

DISMISSED from her post as headmistress of Chapel-le-Dalt school, near Ingleton, Yorkshire, because she was married, Mrs. Ada Burrows, aged 57, of Chorlton-cum-Hardy, Manchester, brought an action at Leeds Assizes alleging wrongful dismissal. The action was settled and Mr. Justice Humphreys entered judgment without costs for the defendants—the Rev. Edward J. Francis Davies, vicar of Chapel-de-Dale, and other school managers. Mr. N. L. Macaskie, K.C., for Mrs. Burrows, said that she was now "re-established as an efficient headmistress."



LIVES AFTER "HIGHEST" TEMPERATURE

Mr. Daniel Long pictured in Bellevue Hospital, New York, the day after his temperature of 109.8 degrees Fahrenheit had been recorded on July 12. Mr. Long was on the road to recovery when this picture was taken, despite the mark recorded which is said to be the highest in medical history.

THE GREEN BELT IN LONDON

Special Legislation Proposed By Parks Committee

BIG ENFIELD PURCHASE SCHEME

In order to ensure that all the lands acquired for the Green Belt around London shall be preserved as such in perpetuity, the Parks Committee are recommending the London County Council to seek special legislation. This would enable the lands to be declared as forming part of the Green Belt; provide that none can be sold; enable the Council and the contributing authorities to enforce covenants; remove any doubts as to the Council's powers of making financial contributions; and make clear the right of holding for agricultural or other approved purposes. It is proposed to seek these powers in the coming Session of Parliament.

At a meeting of the Council the Parks Committee was to ask for £81,700 towards the cost of acquisition under the Green Belt scheme of over 2,000 acres on the north side of Trent Park, Enfield. This land forms part of the estate of the Duchy of Lancaster known as Enfield Chase. It is undulating, wooded, and mostly let for agricultural purposes. The public would, under the scheme, be allowed the use of certain footpaths, and the question of throwing open 92 acres of woodland is under consideration. The committee say that the preservation of such a large area of land is an important step forward in the Green Belt scheme. The cost of the purchase to the Middlesex County Council, with legal charges, is £318,000.

Minimum Gas Charges

Dealing with the report of the Joint Parliamentary Committee on Gas Prices, the General Purposes Committee recommend that in any legislation promoted to give effect to the recommendations of the Joint Committee, opportunity should be given from time to time to object to the "published price" then current, and that gas companies should not be authorized to impose minimum quarterly charges for gas.

It is pointed out by the Public Control Committee that the Joint Committee recommend that an aggregate increase in price by 12½ per cent. in any period of three years should be allowed without the approval of the Board of Trade. No provision is, however, suggested whereby a reduction in the "published price" could be enforced if manufacturing costs fall. The Public Control Committee think that an opportunity should be given to local authorities to object from time to time to the "published price" then current; and that "strong representation should be made against the inclusion of the proposal to impose minimum quarterly charges in any legislation to give effect to the recommendations of the Joint Committee."

The Highways Committee of the Council have accepted a tender for the execution at a total cost of £38,365 of the street works included in the Vauxhall Cross improvement scheme. Altogether this scheme, which provides for traffic on the roundabout system, will cost £336,000.

Supplies of Food

Last year the expenditure of the Supplies Department, which provides for a population of over 113,000 patients and staff at the Council's hospitals and homes, and for the requirements of over 800,000 teachers, students, and school-children, amounted to nearly £4,400,000. The cost of food was £1,430,000, including over 1,400,000lb. of bacon, and 4,400,000lb. sugar. Over 3,000,000lb of English beet granulated sugar was bought. Some 26,500,000 pints of milk and cream were supplied to the 900 different establishments under the Council's control.

The scheme for the purchase of bulk supplies of fittings for the Council's new houses has resulted in economies. During the period nearly 16,000 baths, about 26,500 grates and 60,000 doors were bought. Of 157 cases where tenders for goods of foreign origin were lower than those for Empire goods, preference was given in 60 cases to goods produced or manufactured within the Empire.

The Finance Committee asked the Council to approve of the borrowing of £244,018 by the Greenwich Borough Council for a new town hall and municipal buildings.

U.S. SUGAR RECEIPTS ANNOUNCED

Washington, Aug. 9.

For the first seven months of 1937 the United States imported 593,000 tons from Hawaii, as compared with a quota for the year of 976,000 tons, the Agricultural Adjustment Administration announced to-day.

The Philippines sent 676,000 tons, as compared with a quota of 1,035,000 tons, including full-duty sugar. Puerto Rico has shipped 816,000 tons of its 831,000 quota and Cuba 1,611,000 out of 1,922,000 tons.—United Press.

OIL HYDROGENATION PLANT IN S.F.

High Grade Aviation Spirit To Be Produced

Berlin, Aug. 9.

News has been received here from the Standard Oil Company of California that the construction of an oil hydrogenation plant in San Francisco for the generation of high grade aeroplane petrol has been decided upon.

The high pressure hydrogenation process will be employed. The patent rights concerned are held in the United States by the Standard I. G. Company founded jointly by the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey and the German I. G. Farbenindustry A. G. (German Dye Trust).

The Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey already runs oil hydrogenation plants in the states of New Jersey and Louisiana for manufacturing a variety of oil products.

Other oil companies are said to be planning the construction of similar hydrogenation plants using licenses of the Standard I. G. Company.—Trans-Ocean.

RETURNS OF FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

New York, Aug. 9.

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, in their report for the week ended August 9 respecting the entire body of reporting member banks of the system, revealed an increase on total loans amounting to $124,000,000 compared with the previous week and of $1,592,000,000 compared with the corresponding period of last year.

Investments showed a decrease of $29,000,000 from last week and of $1,559,000,000 compared with the same period last year.

Total loans during the period under review were given as $9,908,000,000 and investments $12,470,000,000.—Reuter.

GOVERNMENT LOAN AMORTIZATION

Public drawing for the amortization of the 25th Year (1936) Consolidation Loan, Class A Bonds (Fourth Drawing) was held yesterday at 10 a.m. at the premises of the Shanghai Chinese Bankers' Association.

The proceedings were conducted under the supervision of the representatives of the Ministry of Audit, the Shanghai Bankers' Association, the Shanghai Native Bankers' Guild, the Shanghai Chamber of Commerce, and the National Loans Sinking Fund Administrative Commission. Mr. C. S. Tao, Director of the Loan Department of the Ministry of Finance, officiated.

The terminal numbers drawn are: 037, 142, 244, 379, 419, 536, 645, 780, 891 and 937; the amount of principal to be redeemed is $1,500,000.00 and that of interest to be paid $4,414,500.00, making a total of $5,914,500.00.

Payment of the drawn bonds will be made on and from January 31, 1938 through any of the offices of the Central Bank of China and its designated agencies, the Bank of China, the Bank of Communications and the Central Trust of China throughout the country.—Kuo Min.

GOOD CROPS IN ENGLAND

London, Aug. 9.

Reports from different parts of the British Isles show that after a good hay crop pastures are growing well, and although the cold, wet spring affected corn in parts of Eastern England, the wheat yield of the country as a whole is expected to show slight improvement on that of last year.—Wireless through Reuter.

RELIEF FOR H'KONG FACTORIES

Concession Made Regarding Textile Quotas

SHIPMENT EXTENDED TO END OF OCTOBER

Difficulties faced by Hongkong weaving factories have now been removed. On receipt of the intimation that the Secretary of State had requested other colonial governments to waive new textile quota regulations if goods were shipped from Hongkong before the end of July, the Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce wrote to the Hongkong Government suggesting there must have been some misapprehension of circumstances.

"It is needless to waste time or words," wrote the Chamber of Commerce, "enlarging on the fact that a notice received in the last few days of the month does not make it possible to ship in many directions before the end of that month. A merchant would be fortunate if he could find space in even one ship at such short notice.

"From the Government's point of view, also, it would be a physical impossibility to verify in such a short time the documents which would have to be inspected before it could be certified that all the orders were placed before July 7."

It was mentioned in the letter that the Secretary of the Chamber of Commerce visited all the weaving factories on Monday, August 2, and took a rough "census of production." The factories had waiting for shipment cloth stacked or in cases totalling 358,710 yards (worth approximately $125,000). The unused stocks of non-Empire yarn amounted to 201,740 lb., though the factories had much more than that quantity of Indian yarn on the premises. It had been the practice hitherto in many cases for cloth to be made of a mixture of Indian and Japanese yarn—the one for the warp and the other for the weft. Therefore, if, permitted to use up stocks of non-Empire yarn, the factories would also consume Empire yarn and, in a short time from now, be using nothing but Empire yarn.

A Safeguard

The letter continued: "With the safeguard that the Hongkong Government has to be satisfied that the business was booked before July 7, there seems no need for a time limit in this particular matter. Clause (b) in the Government's letter would be completely effective and, at the same time, fair to all concerned if it read:

'(b) Any goods shipped on subsequent dates if accompanied by a certificate from this Government that the order was placed before July 7.'

"The Chamber of Commerce desires to reiterate its previous representations and to press most strongly that traders be given an opportunity to clear up existing commitments. Three months has already been mentioned as a reasonable time-allowance, and if the Secretary of State considers a time limit essential, 'the end of October' is suggested.

"The Chamber requests the Government to cable the Secretary of State on the following lines:

'Referring to your telegram dated 28th July, it was impossible for manufacturers to complete shipments by end July or for this Government to verify books and issue certificates by that time. Suggest requirements waived for goods certified booked before 7th July if shipped before end October. Request immediate reply.'"

Satisfactory Result

The Government took immediate steps to forward these representations by cable, endorsing the suggestion that an extension from the end of July to the end of October be granted for goods certified to have been booked before July 7.

Last Friday afternoon, the Colonial Secretary informed the Chamber of Commerce by telephone that a cable had been received from the Secretary of State stating that he was requesting other Colonial Governments to admit all shipments of Hongkong piece-goods made before the end of October, if accompanied by a Government certificate that the order was placed before July 7.

This highly satisfactory news was circulated among Hongkong manufacturers, and was received by them with the liveliest expressions of gratitude. The workpeople, also, were much relieved, for many of them have been unemployed for the past month awaiting the final decision from London.

MORE EMPLOYED IN BRITAIN

Half a Million in Jobs More Than Last year

London, Aug. 9.

The Ministry of Labour estimates that on July 26 the number of insured persons in employment in Great Britain, exclusive of persons within the agricultural scheme, was approximately 11,517,000, or 511,000 more than a year ago.

At the same date the number of registered unemployed was 1,379,459, comprising 1,069,180 wholly unemployed, 246,615 temporarily laid off, and 63,664 normally in casual employment.

The total, which included 1,074,474 men, 40,392 boys, 221,400 women and 43,193 girls, was 22,861 more than on June 21, but 772,613 less than a year ago. The increase on the June total is almost the same as the figure of 22,042 juveniles registered for the first time on leaving school at the end of the summer term.

There was a reduction, contrary to seasonal trend, in unemployment in the coal mining industry. The analysis shows that 575,000 or 46 per cent. of the total registered unemployed had been without work for less than six weeks.—Wireless through Reuter.

BRITISH RUBBER STOCKS SHOW INCREASE

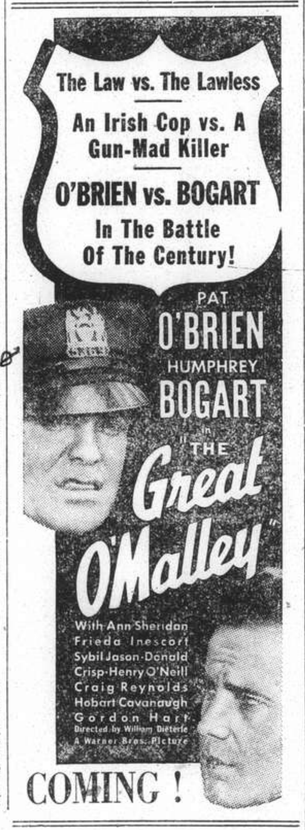
London, Aug. 9.

Stocks of rubber in Great Britain on August 7 were estimated at 42,253 tons, showing an increase of 197 tons over the previous week.

The stock of rubber in London on August 7 totalled 22,601 tons, showing an increase of 27 tons, while the stock at Liverpool was listed at 19,652 tons, revealing an increase of 170 tons.

British rubber deliveries during the week ended August 7 totalled 1,053 tons, compared with 1,366 tons during the previous week.

Deliveries in London during this period amounted to 813 tons, compared with 769 tons during the week before—an increase of 44 tons. Liverpool deliveries, with a total of 240 tons, showed a decrease of 357 tons from last week.—Reuter.



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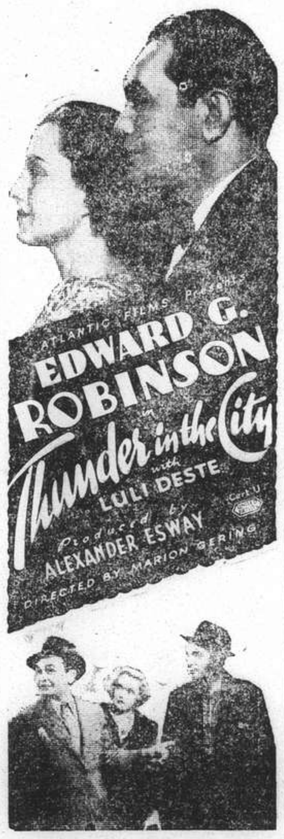

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Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturdays 10 a.m. to noon.
A. S. HENCHMAN, *Manager*

BANQUE BELGE POUR L'ETRANGER (EXTREME-ORIENT) S. A.
(Affiliated to the Societe Generale de Belgique)
CAPITAL: Frs. 30,000,000
Head Office: BRUSSELS
Branches:
SHANGHAI, TIENTSIN, HANKOW, HONGKONG
Correspondents in all parts of the world.
H. LAMBERT, *General Manager.*

YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED
(Established 1880)

CAPITAL (fully paid-up)	Y.100,000,000
RESERVE FUND	Y.132,650,000

Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN
Shanghai Branch: 24 THE BUND
Branches:
Alexandria, Bangkok, Batavia, Berlin, Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Dairen, Hamburg, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Honolulu, Hsinking, Karachi, Kobe, London, Los Angeles, Manila, Moji, Mukden, Nagasaki, Nagoya, New York, Osaka, Otaru, Paris, Peiping, Rangoon, Rio de Janeiro, Samarang, San Francisco, Seattle, Shanghai, Singapore, Sourabaya, Sydney, Tientsin, Tokyo, Tokyo (Marunouchi), Yingkow, Tsingtao
K. YABUKI, *Manager*

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA
(Incorporated in England by Royal Charter, 1853)

CAPITAL	£3,000,000
RESERVE	£3,000,000

Shanghai Branch: 18 The Bund
Head Office: 38 Bishopsgate, London
Agencies and Branches:
Alor Star (Malay States), Amritsar, Batavia, Bombay, Bangkok, Calcutta, Canton, Cawnpore, Cebu, Colombo, Delhi, Haiphong, Hamburg, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Iloilo, Ipoh, Klang, Karachi, Kobe, Kuala Lumpur (Malay States), Kuching (Sarawak), Madras, Manila, Medan, New York, Peiping (Peking), Penang, Rangoon, Saigon, Samarang, Seremban, Shanghai, Singapore, Sitiawan (Malay States), Sourabaya, Tientsin, Taiping, Tongkah (Bhuket), Tsingtao, Yokohama, Zamboanga (Philippine Islands)
Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted. Correspondents in all parts of the world.
The Bank undertakes to act as Executor and Trustee in approved cases.
R. D. MURRAY, *Manager*

MONEY & EXCHANGE

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank
TUESDAY, AUGUST 10, 1937

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10.00 A.M.
£1 @ 1/2 7/16 ..... $ 16.88
U.S. $100 @ 26 1/2 ..... $338.98

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10.00 A.M.
£1 @ 1/2 5/16 ..... $16.7685
U.S. $100 @ 25 11/16 ..... $336.84
London—demand 1/2 5/16
4 months' sight credits 1/2 5/16
4 months' sight docts 1/2 3/8
6 months' sight credits 1/2 11/16
6 months' sight docts 1/2 11/16
New York—demand ..... U.S. $29 3/4
4 months' sight credits 29 3/4
4 months' sight docts 29 7/8
Paris—4 months' sight docts Fcs. 818

CLOSING RATES
Sterling ..... 1/2 1/4 U.S. $29 13/16

Canadian Exchange
The Chartered Bank of India, Australia & China opening selling rate yesterday:—
Can. $100 at 29 3/8 = C.S.$340.43

Netherlands Trading Society
BUYING
Java Guilders C.S.$100 ..... 53 5/8
Netherlands Guilders C.S.$100 ... 53 3/4
SELLING
Java Guilders C.S.$100 ..... 53 7/8
Netherlands Guilders C.S.$100 .... 53 1/4

National City Bank of New York
MARKET SELLING RATES 10 A.M.
U.S. $1 = C.S.$3.3970 Stg. £1 = C.S.$16.916
MARKET BUYING RATES 10 A.M.
U.S. $1 = C.S.$3.3684 Stg. £1 = C.S.$16.769

Italian Bank for China
It. Lire 5.55 = C.S.$1 Swiss F. 1.27 3/4 = C.S.$1
Tourist Lire 6.17 ..... = C.S.$1

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger
Belgas 1.75 1/4 = C.S.$1 Belgas 29.51 = £1

Deutsch-Asiatische Bank
OPENING SELLING RATES
Berlin-H'burg T.T. C.S.$100 = Rm. 73 1/4
C.S.$100 = Registermark 122.00

Central Bank of China
Equalization charge 5 per cent.

	London	New York
Bar silver spot	20	44 3/4
Bar silver forward	20	—

Bar Gold, per fine oz. £6.19.4 U.S.$35.00
Shanghai gold bar basis $1,133.00
Native interest ..... .13
Customs gold unit $2.248
" " versus £ Stg. 32.59375 Pence
" " versus U.S. $ 67.75 Cents
Central Bank's opening official rates for T.T.

London ...	1/2 1/2	Berlin	73 1/2
New York .	30	Japan	103*
Paris	803	Hongkong .	95 1/2

*—Nominal.

Subsidiary Coin Exchange
Kiangnan silver 20cts. a.m. 500 = $83.33.
Canton silver 20cts. a.m. 500 = $83.33.
Copper:—a.m. 300 coppers = $1
5 silver 20cts. and 36 coppers = $1
26 coppers = 10cts. silver
10cts. silver and 3 coppers = 10cts. big money.

LOCAL EXCHANGE REPORT

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK SEPTEMBER DELIVERY

	Highest	Lowest
£	1/2 3/8	1/2 3/16
U.S. G.$	29 1/4	29 3/16
Yen	101	100 3/4

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

Cash	SELLING	August	BUYING
£ T.T.	1/2 3/16	4 m/s. l.c.	1/2 5/16
G.$ T.T.	29 1/2	4 m/s. l.c.	29 1/16
Fcs. T.T.	786	4 m/s.	813
Rs. T.T.	78 3/8	7 d/s.	79 1/8

BAR SILVER

	Ready	For'd
London pence per std. oz.	20	20
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	44 3/4	—
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	51.14	—

Bombay offtake 25 bars. Market steady.

London silver at 20d. ready and forward was unchanged from the previous day. The market was reported as featureless, closing quiet. After the official fixing the market remained quiet but idle, with prices unchanged. New York and Bombay quotations at 44 3/4 cents and Rs.51.14 respectively were unchanged.

The local inter-bank exchange market opened yesterday morning with sellers at 1/2 1/4 sterling, 29 17/32 U.S.$ and 101 7/8 yen. The market was quiet during the day with little business passing.

Gold Bar Quotations

	Morning	Afternoon
Opening	$1,140.20	——
Highest	1,140.50	——
Lowest	1,137.00	——
Closing	1,138.00	——

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Bombay Rupee T. T. on: Aug. 9.

Japan	77 1/2	London	1/6 3/32
New York	26 1/8	2 mths	
Shanghai	79 7/8	,, (sellers)	1/6 3/32
Hongkong	83 1/4	,, (buyers)	1/6 1/8

London £ Sterling T. T. on:

New York	498.92	Shanghai	1/2 3/8
Paris	132.81	Bombay	1/6 1/8
Berlin	12.29 1/4	Hongkong	1/2 13/16
Amsterdam	9.04 1/2	Singapore	2/4 3/32
Brussels	29.62 3/4	Yokohama	1/2
Madrid	86.50 N.	,, (buying)	1/1 93/128
Milan	94.77	C'Slovakia	143.00
Berne	21.72		
Bangkok	1/10 1/4		

New York U.S.$ T. T. on:

Berlin	40.24	Japan	29.09
Spain (Mad.)	6.00	Shanghai	29.65
Holland	55.15	Austria	18.86
Paris	3.75 3/4	C'Slovakia	3.49
Brussels	16.84	Hungary	19.75
Italy	5.26 1/4	Rumania	0.74
S'zerland	22.97	Yugo Slavia	2.33
Sweden	25.72 1/2	Greece	0.91 1/2
Norway	25.07 1/2	Bulgaria	1.35
Denmark	22.27 1/2	Finland	2.20 1/2
Montreal	100	Poland	18.93
Brazil	8.41		

London
,, Demand 4.98 3/4
,, Bankers' 60 days bills 4.98 7/8
,, Commercial 60 days bill 4.97 5/8
Buenos Aires Paper 30.95
Buenos Aires Paper, market rate 30.35
Montreal on London 4.98 13/16
—Reuter.

FOREIGN MONEY RATES

London: Aug. 9.

Fine Bank Bills,	3 months	0 3/8%
Bank Bills,	6 ,,	0 11/16%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 ,,	2 1/4%
Fine Trade Bills	6 ,,	2 3/4%
Call Money		0 1/2%

New York:

Bankers, Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months	0 1/16% B
	0 1/16% A
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months	0 3/8% B
	0 1/2% A
Call Money	1%

—Reuter.

JOINT RESERVE BOARD

Member Bank Clearings

Inter-Member Bank Clearings	$29,062,847.06
Member Bank Transfer	$47,206,670.08
Collections From Non-Member Banks Native Banks and Firms	$ 6,333,480.74
Total	$82,602,997.88

Yesterday's Discount Rates

Bankers Acceptance (90 days) per day per $1,000	12 cts.
Call Money Against Joint Reserve Notes per day $1,000	11 cts.

JAPANESE GOVT. BONDS

Osaka, Aug. 10.

Kogo 5%	Y.101.10
3rd Series, 5% (Red. 1985-88)	101.30

—Reuter.

SHANGHAI STOCK EXCHANGE

STOCKS	OPENING QUOTATIONS AUG. 10. Buy.	Sell.	Nom.
BANK & LOANS			
Central Properties $	—	—	15
ChinaBond&Share ,,	—	—	15
China Finance .. ,,	—	—	.40
H. & S. Bank Hk.$	—	—	1857½
Int. Inv. Trust.. $	—	—	3.20
S'hai Loan & Inv. ,,	—	—	3.20
Union Mobiliere. ,,	—	—	20
Yangtsze Finance ,,	—	—	6.05
INSURANCES			
A.A.U. (ord.) .. $	—	—	10
Asia Life Ins. .. ,,	—	—	18
As'ce Fr. As. Fcs. ,,	—	—	90
Int. Ass. Co.,Ltd. ,,	—	3.90	—
Union Ins... Hk.$	—	—	625
LANDS			
Anglo-Fr. Land $	—	190	—
Cathay Land .. ,,	—	—	3
China Realty .. ,,	—	—	.70
Fonciere& Im... ,,	—	—	190
Metro Lands 'A' ,,	—	7	—
Metro Lands 'B' ,,	—	7	—
S'Sing Properties ,,	—	10	—
S'hai Land .. ,,	—	—	8.70
Tientsin Land .. ,,	—	—	84
DOCKS, WHARVES TRANSPORT			
New Eng. (ord.). $	—	3.25	—
S'hai Dock .. ,,	—	—	107
S. & H. Wharf . ,,	—	—	160
Wheelock .. ,,	—	—	16.20
UTILITIES			
C. G. Omnibus . $	—	13	—
S'hai Gas Co., Ltd.,,	—	—	9.75
S'hai Telephone . ,,	—	—	78
Trams (Reg.) £1 ,,	—	—	36¼
,, (Bearer) £1 ,,	—	—	37
S.W.W.'A' £20.. ,,	—	—	625
S.W.W.'B' £1... ,,	—	—	25¼
S.W.W.'C' £1... ,,	—	—	25¼
MISCELLANEOUS			
Auto Palace .. $	—	—	5¼
Bakerite Co. 'B'. ,,	—	10	—
B.A.T.(Securities)'A'	95	—	—
Caldbeck, Mac. . $	—	—	16.20
C.I. & E. Lumber ,,	—	—	13
Chin. E. & M. Co. ,,	—	—	17¼
Chosen Corp. Ld. ,,	—	—	10
Dairy .. ,,	15	—	—
Exploration .. ,,	—	—	2
Fr. Race Course. ,,	—	—	27
F. R. Course Non ,,	—	—	27
F.R.C.(Founders) ,,	—	—	50
Hall & Holtz .. ,,	—	—	4½
H. & S. Hotels Hk.$	—	—	7
Kelly & Walsh.. $	—	—	18
Mark L. Moody . ,,	—	—	6
Metal Ind.ofChinaLd.	—	8½	—
Millington, Ltd. $	—	1.45	—
Office Appliance ,,	—	—	2½
S'haiVac.Cleaning ,,	—	—	7½
S.W.W. Fittings ,,	—	—	1½
Union Brewery . ,,	—	—	5
BONDS & PREFS			
A.Asiatic Und.8% $	—	—	90
,, ,, 7% ,,	—	—	75
Caldbeck, Mac.8% ,,	—	17.40	—
China Finance 8% ,,	—	—	4
Ewo Mills 8% .. ,,	—	170	—
New Eng. 8% . ,,	—	6.90	—
S'hai Power Co.. ,,	—	129½	—
S'hai Tugs 7%.. ,,	—	—	66
S.W.W. 7% .. ,,	—	—	16
S.W.W. 6½% .. ,,	—	—	15.80
COTTONS			
Ewo Mills (CumR.) $	—	—	14.40
,, ,, (Ex. R.) ,,	—	—	14.10
,, ,, (Rights) ,,	—	1.40	—
S'hai Cotton .. ,,	—	103	—
Zoong Sing .. ,,	—	—	37
PLANTATIONS			
Alma .... $	—	—	20
Anglo-Dutch ... ,,	8½	—	—
Anglo-Java .... ,,	14.30	—	—
Ayer Tawah ... ,,	—	—	5¼
Batu Anam ... ,,	1.12	—	—
Bute .... ,,	4.35	4.80	—
Chemor United . ,,	1.27	—	—
Cheng .... ,,	—	.80	—
Consolidated .... ,,	4.25	—	—
Dominion ...... ,,	—	—	6¾
Gula (Bearer) .. ,,	—	—	32
Java Cons'ted .. ,,	2.07½	2.12½	—
Kapayang ..... ,,	—	—	34½
Kedah .... ,,	—	—	6
Kota Bahroe ... ,,	3.10	—	—
Kroewoek ..... ,,	1.04	—	—
Langkat ...... ,,	—	—	8¼
Padang .... ,,	—	—	1.55
Permata ...... ,,	—	—	.80
Repah .... ,,	.88	.92	—
Rubber Trust, Ltd.	3.30	—	—
Samagaga ..... ,,	—	—	.90
Semambu ..... ,,	—	—	.92
Senawang ..... ,,	1.02	—	—
S'hai-Kelantan .. ,,	.38	—	—
S'hai-Klebang .. ,,	—	—	.75
S'hai-Malay (ord.) ,,	—	—	25
S'hai-Malay (pref.) ,,	—	—	34
S'hai-Pahang ... ,,	3.10	—	—
S'hai Seremban . ,,	—	1.50	—
Sua Manggis .... ,,	1.47	—	—
Sumatra ...... ,,	—	—	13.50
Sungala ...... ,,	—	—	5.75
Sungei Duri .... ,,	—	—	36
Tanah Merah .. ,,	2.12½	—	—
Tebong .... ,,	.98	—	—
Ziangbe ...... ,,	—	—	13.90

BRITISH COMMODITIES

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, Aug. 9.

Rubbers maintained their position well, but cotton prices fell sharply following the publication of the United States Bureau report placing the crop at 15,593,000 bales, which was above expectations.—Reuter.

London Rubber: Spot, buyers 9 +1/16; sellers 9⅛ +1/16; Sept. del. buyers 9 1/16 unch; sellers 9 3/16 +1/16.

London Sugar (Buyers): Aug. 6/7¼ unch; Dec. 6/7¾ unch; Mar. 6/8¾ unch.

Liverpool Wheat: Oct. 8/5⅞ —½; Dec. 8/6½ —⅞; Mar. 8/4½ —⅞.

Liverpool Cotton: Amer. Futures: Oct. 5.79 —22; Dec. 5.79 —23; Jan. 5.82 —23; Mar. 5.86 —23; Egyptian Futures: (Sakels. F.G.F.): Aug. 8.83 —20; Sept. 8.98 —20.

London Metals: Copper, Standard, cash sellers £60⅜ +1; 3 mths sellers £60 9/16 +1⅛; Electrolytic, buyers £66½ +1; sellers £67½ +1; Tin, Standard, cash sellers £270¾ +¼; 3 mths sellers £268½ +½; Lead, Foreign, official prices, sellers £24 1/16 unch; 3 mths delivery sellers £24 5/16 +⅜; Spelter, Ordinary, official prices £26 1/16 +1⅛; 3 mths delivery sellers £26¼ +1⅛.—Reuter.

CHINA COMMODITIES

Yesterday's Quotations

		Opening	Closing
Cotton, Aug.	pic.	37.90	37.95
January		39.95	40.10
Yarn 20's Aug.	bale	254.90	253.30
January		249.00	249.40
Flour, G. W. Sept.	bag	—	—
November		—	—
Wheat, Aug.	pic.	—	—
November		—	—
Soya-bean, Aug.	pic.	—	—
September		—	—
Sesamum		—	—
Bean-oil, Aug.		—	—
September		19.10	—
Bean-cake, July	piece	—	—
August		—	—
		Chinese	**Saigon**
Rice, best retail	pic.	13.80	12.00
good retail		12.80	11.00
ordinary		12.00	10.00

MANILA GOLD SHARES

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz and S. E. Levy & Co.

(Closing Bids in Pesos)

	Aug. 9	Aug. 10
Acoje	.12	.12
Antamok	.77	.75
Atok	.22	.21
Baguio Gold	.19	.19
Batong Buhay	.012	.012
Benguet Consolidated	10.00	10.00
Benguet Exploration	.08	.08
Big Wedge	.16	.15
Coco Grove	.52	.52
Consolidated Mines	.022	.022
Dayaka	.09	.08
Demonstration	.50	.48
East Mindanao	.18	.17
Gold Creek	.13B	.11
Ipo	.15	.15
Itogon	.64	.61
I X L	.66	.64
Masbate	.18	.18
Mineral Resources	.19	.18
Mother Lode	.04	.04
Paracale Gold	.11	.10
Paracalegamus	.32	.33
San Mauricio	1.00	1.00
Suyoc	.27	.26
United Paracale	.70	.69
Universal Exploration	.10	.09
	Steady	Steadier

B—Bid. A—Asked.
Monday's turnover: 12,809,120 shares.
S. C. and F. Index: closing prices 108.35.—Reuter.

Yesterday's Business

Trading was very slow on the local share market to-day. There was a feeling of nervousness following the local incident in the Sino-Japanese dispute, both investors and operators remaining out of the market pending further developments.

Morning Session

OFFICIAL

		CASH
900 Tram (Bearer) £1		$ 37.00
60 Ewo Mills Rights		$ 1.00
100 Power 5½% Debs.		$ 88.50
1,000 Power 5½% Debs.		$ 88.00
200 Tram (Bearer) £1		$ 37.00
2,000 Kelantan		$ 0.39
1,000 Sua Manggis		$ 1.50
1,000 Java Consolidated		$ 2.12½
1,00 Sua Manggis	Aug.	$ 1.50

UNOFFICIAL

900 Tram (Bearer) £1		$ 37.00
£5,000 Hukuang L. P. N. Y. Stpd. Drawn	L.D. £	61½
G.$15,000 Gold $ Bonds 1925	L.D. £	95⅛
£4,000 S. N. R. Rly.	L.D. £	71¾
£6,000 Hukuang N/G. Stpd.	L.D.	£61/-/-

Afternoon Session

OFFICIAL

		CASH
18 Telephone		$ 70.00
2,000 J. Consolidated	Aug.	$ 2.12½
200 Ewo Mills Rights		$ 1.00

UNOFFICIAL

373 Ewo Mills Rights		$ 1.00

	Shares	Bonds
Morning Session	7,060	461
Afternoon Session	2,591	—
Total	9,651	461

CHINESE EXTERNAL AND RAILWAY LOANS

Close prices yesterday were:—

		Buy.	Sell.	Nom.
5% Gold 1912 (Crisp)	£		83½	
5% Reorganization Loan 1913:—				
,, British	£			90½
,, French (S)	£			88
,, Belgian (S)	£			87
,, German (S)	£	85½		
,, Russian (S)	£			86
5% G.$ 1925-47:— (French Boxer) (S.D.)	G.$			94
6% G.$ 1928-41:— (Belgian Boxer) (S.D.)	G.$			97
5% S'hai-N'king Rly. (S)	£		72	
S.N.R. Net Profit Cert.	£		9	
5% Tientsin-Pukow Rly. Loan:—				
,, 1908 British (S)	£			61
,, 1908 German (S)	£			61
,, 1910 British (S)	£			61
,, 1910 German (S)	£			61
5% Honan Rly. 1905	£			71
5% Hukuang Rly. Loan:—				
,, 1911 L.P.N/Y (S)	£		63	61*
,, 1911 German (S)	£			60
5% Lunghai Rly. 1913 (S)	£			35½
8% Lunghai Treasury Notes:—				
,, Dutch (U)	Gld.			28
,, Belgian (U)	Fcs.			28
5% Canton-Kowloon Rly. Loan. ,, 1907 British (S)	£			50
8% Chinese Govt. Treas. Notes:—				
Vickers (S)	£	36		
Marconi (S)	£	36		
6% Chi. U.S. $ Loan, 1921	£	65		
6% Gvt. Int. 1934(Sh') (U)	£			100
6% S.H.N.R. Com. (S)	£			94
6% S.H.N.R. Com.(Sh') (U)	£			92
6% Skoda Loan	£			16

S—Stamped. U—Unstamped.
S.D.—Shanghai Delivery.
*—Business Done.

OFFICIAL INDEXES

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

	Aug. 9	10	Changes
S'hai Gen. Stock	44.52	44.32	Off 0.20
S'hai Rub. Share	259.99	260.69	Up 0.70
Chi. Gov. Bond	101.69	101.68	Off 0.01

U.S. COMMODITIES

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, Aug. 9.

Cotton prices early advanced on higher Liverpool advices, and reports of unwanted rains and continued hot and dry weather. Later, the market broke sharply on general selling. Liquidation and the unexpectedly large Bureau crop figures, with prospects of a record yield per acre. However, trade buying checked the decline, and prices again rallied moderately on the possibility of an early action on loan cotton to close steady with quotations ranging from 28 to 42 points down from Saturday's levels.

The rubber market held steady in sympathy with London, whilst trading was chiefly to dealers. Traders are anxiously awaiting the estimate of Malayan shipments for August. At the last call-over, quotations were from 1 to 4 points up from the previous final levels.

Prices in the Chicago wheat pit sagged on heavy receipts, hedge pressure, the lightness of the export demand and liquidation on the visible increase. However, there was fair mill absorption on the decline. At the final bell, losses ranging from 2⅜ to 2½ cents were registered.

Early irregular trading was featured in the sugar market. September 1937 was being liquidated, whilst Cuban operators were buying and covering in distants. Towards the close, however, the market steadied up on covering. At the close, No. 4 contract ranged from ½ point down to half-a-point up.

Silk prices declined on speculative liquidation, the weakness of Japanese markets and the sentimental influence of the mill strike. There was some trade buying against previous sales. Closing quotations revealed losses of 2½ to 3 cents from Saturday.—Reuter.

New York Cotton			New York Rubber		
Oct.	10.42-42	—42	Sept.	18.76 B.	+ 02
Dec.	10.37-42	—38	Dec.	18.89-89	+01
Jan.	10.41-41	—38	Mar.	19.00-00	+04
Mar.	10.50-51	—34	May	19.08B-12A	+03
May	10.53-53	—31			
July	10.56 N.	—28			

New York Sugar	New York Silk
Sept. 1.21-21½ unch. B/A	Sept. 1.79½-80 —3

Chicago Wheat	Chicago Corn
Sept 110½-110⅜—2½	Sept 103⅛-103¼+1½
Dec. 111⅜-111⅛—2½	Dec. 67¾-67⅞—1⅛
May 113-112⅞—2⅜	May 69¼-69¼ —¾

Winnipeg Wheat	Montreal Silver
Oct. 122⅝-122¾—2⅜	May 121½-121½—2⅜
Dec. 119¾-119¾—2⅜	Sept. 44.75-5.15 unc. B/A

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Local U.S. Cotton Quotations

Messrs. Anderson, Clayton & Co. quoted the following prices for American Cotton of August 10:

Ex Wharf	$ per picul
Strict Middling ⅞	69.75
Middling ⅞	67.75
Strict Low Middling ⅞	66.00

DOMESTIC BONDS

Yesterday's Quotations

	Opening	Closing
Consolidated "E," Aug.	70.00	70.00
September	70.70	70.70
Consolidated "D," Aug.	70.00	70.00
Consolidated "C," Aug.	71.50	71.50
September	72.20	72.20
Consolidated "B," Aug.	73.50	73.50
September	74.20	74.20
Consolidated "A," Aug.	76.00	76.00
September	76.70	76.70
96 Million, Aug.	9.10	9.00
17th Year Currency	—	—

JULY RUBBER OUTPUT

	lb.
Shanghai-Kelantan	27,000

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

SHANGHAI midnight last night= LONDON 3 p.m. Yesterday.

Midnight Bulletin

London, Aug. 10.

Irregular conditions were witnessed on the London foreign exchange market this morning.

After opening with a gain of five points from yesterday's New York on London close to 498.80, the cross-rate on New York declined thirteen points to 498.67 during the next hour. At 1 o'clock a further drop of twelve points to 498.55 was recorded.

French francs moved up three points to 132.84 at the outset, but reacted two points to 132.82 an hour later. No further change was registered throughout the morning.

Fine gold advanced a penny to 139/5d.

The silver market ruled steady, with prices fixed for "spot" at 19⅞d. and for forward at 19 13/16d., down ⅛d. and 1/16d. respectively. Speculators sold, while India bought and sold.

Easy conditions prevailed in the rubber market. At 1 p.m. Oct./Dec. contract declined ⅛d. to 9 1/16d. per lb. —Reuter.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS

Liverpool, Aug. 10.

Liverpool wheat opened firm on bullish Canadian Bureau report; adverse Australian weather advices offsetting weakness of overnight American advices. Later the market ruled quietly steady. At 1 o'clock October option was quoted at 8/7½d. per 100 lb., up 1⅝d. from the previous final level.

American cotton futures ruled inactive and quiet. December delivery at 1 p.m. was listed at 5.78 pence per lb., a loss of one point from yesterday's close.—Reuter.

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, Aug. 9.

The increased activity which, it was anticipated the new account would witness, failed to materialize, and prices consequently fluctuated narrowly, though small gains outnumbered losses.—Reuter.

The following are middle closing prices in London. Quotations are subject to confirmation.

By Courtesy Swan, Culbertson & Fritz and Benjamin & Potts through Reuter

	Aug. 6	9
War Loan 3½% (Red.)	£100⅛	100⅛
JAPANESE BONDS		
Japan 5% Stg. Loan, 1907	77	74½
Japan 6% Stg. Loan, 1924	82½	81½
COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL		
Allied Ironfounders	29/6	30/-
Armstrong, Stevens	10/9	10/9
Assoc. & Elec. Indus.	49/6	49/6
Austin Motors, ord.	44/3	44/3
Bristol Aeroplane, ord.	54/6	54/6
British-American Tob.	125/-	125/-
Cable & W., New Form	85½	85⅝
Cammell Laird, ord.	15/9	15/6
Courtaulds	53/3	54/3
Distillers	111/6	111/3
Dunlop Rubber	35/7½	35/9
General Elec. (Eng.)	85/6	85/9
Guinness (A) Son & Co.	131/-	130/-XD
Hawker Siddeley Aircraft	34/-	33/6
Imp. Chem. Indus.	39/1½	39/1½
Imp. Tobacco	155/-	153/9
Leyland Motors	100/-	99/4½
Marks & Spencer "A" ord.	65/7½	66/10½
O.K. Bazaars	44/4½	45/-
Pressed Steel, com.	26/9	26/10½
Rolls-Royce	106/3	108/1½
Smethwick Drop.Forgings	22/9	23/3
Tate & Lyle	86/7½	86/-
Turner & Newall	98/3	98/9
United Steel	32/3	32/3
Vickers, ord.	32/10½	32/9
Woolworths	73/3	73/4½
MISCELLANEOUS		
Anglo Dutch	41/-	41/3
Rubber Pltn. Invests.	39/6	39/6
MINES		
Burmah Corp.	20/4½	19/6XD
Commonwealth Min.	6/-	6/-
Exploration Co.	3/-	3/-
Marsman Investments.	28/-	28/-
Randfontein Ests.	52/6	51/3
Sub-Nigel	207/6	205/-
Tanami Gold Min.	10½d.	10½d.
OILS		
Anglo Iranian	88/1½	88/1½
Burmah	133/1½	133/1½
Mexican Eagle	16/4½	15/9
Shell Trans. & Trad.	113/9	113/9

XD—Ex dividend.

Benjamin & Potts, S. E. Levy & Co. Swan, Culbertson & Fritz and White, White & Co. through Reuter

CHINESE EXTERNAL LOANS, ETC.

	Aug. 6	9
4½% Gold Loan of 1898	£99	98
4½% Anglo-French Loan	99	99
5% Crisp Loan, 1912	84½	83½
5% Reorg. Loan, 1913	91½	91
5% Gold Bonds, 1925-47	96½	95
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly.	70	71
5% T'tsin-Pukow Rly. B.	61	61
5% ,, ,, G.	61	61
5% ,, ,, (Supl. Loan) B.	61	61
5% ,, ,, (Supl. Loan) G.	61	61
5% Honan Rly., 1905	72	71
5% Hukuang Rly., 1911	62	61
5% ,, ,, (Ger. Is.)	60	60
5% Lung Tsing U.H. Rly.	36½	35½
5% Canton-Kowloon Rly.	51	50
8% Stg. Notes, 1925	36	35
Un. Ins. Soc. of Canton	37½	37½
S'hai Waterworks "A"	36	35
S'hai Elec. Construction	45/-	42/6
Chinese Eng. & Min.	20/9	21/-
H. & S. Bank (Ldn. Reg.)	111½	111½
Chartd. Bank of I. A. & C.	14¾	14¾
Chosen Corp.	10/6	11/-
Pekin Syndicate	6/6	6/6
Gula Kalumpong Rubber	42/6	43/9

CANADIAN WHEAT YIELD ESTIMATE

Ottawa, Aug. 9.

The Dominion Bureau of Statistics, Agricultural Branch, to-day issued the following preliminary estimate of the yield of Autumn wheat in Canada:

	bushels
1937	17,248,000
1936	11,637,000
1935	13,267,000
1934	7,022,000
1933	14,143,000

—Reuter.

MENTOUKOU MINES

Messrs. George McBain have received information from the Mentoukou Mines that the production of coal for the month of July was 18,750 tons, and that sales amounted to 22,600 tons.

SILVER QUOTATIONS

London, Aug. 10.

Silver prices declined to-day the quotations being:—

	Aug. 9	Aug. 10
London spot	20d.	19⅞d.
,, forward	20d.	19 13/16d.
London/New York:		
One pound U.S.	$4.98 13/16	$4.98 7/8
One U.S. dollar	48.102d.	48.138d.

—Reuter.

Shanghai Exchange (Closing)

One Chinese dollar	1/2¼
do.	U.S.$0.29 13/32
do.	Yen 1.01⅞

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

SHANGHAI twelve o'clock midnight=NEW YORK Noon yesterday.

Midnight Bulletin

New York, Aug. 10.

Profit-taking caused weakness at the initial call of the stock exchange to-day. Steels were under fairly substantial liquidation and lost over one point. On the other hand, oils held steady. As trading progressed, the market gradually steadied with short-covering in evidence. At the end of the session reviewed, however, most sections still showed small losses, with the exception of motors and oils which gained fractionally.

Fairly heavy liquidation was witnessed at the opening of the cotton market, December delivery dropping ten points from previous final call to 10.27. Short-covering and trade demand was attracted at the lower levels, with the result that December option regained seven points of the original loss to 10.34.

Weakness of foreign advices depressed rubber prices at the outset, with December contract declining nineteen points from yesterday's close to 18.70 on general realizing. Selling continued unabated and December delivery lost a further ten points to 18.60.

Heavy demand was persistent during early trading in the Chicago wheat market. At the initial call, a substantial rise was recorded in December contract of 2⅛ cents from last closing figure to 113¼. The market continued to improve and December option registered another gain of ¾ cent to 114. Corn prices improved with wheat at the opening, December delivery advancing 1¼ cents to 69. On profit-taking making an appearance, the December quotation receded ¼ cent to 68¾.

Silver futures futures on the Montreal exchange showed an easy tendency, with September option declining ten points at the outset to 44.65 bid and 45.05 asked.—Reuter.

"Wall Street Journal" Comment

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz and S. E. Levy & Co.

New York, Aug. 10.

The "Journal" reported to-day that the Street expected stronger and more active markets. The public is developing interest in low priced issues. Traders are more bullish toward General Motors.

The west continued to buy mail order shares with some chartists expecting both Mongomery Ward and Sears-Roebuck to advance. There is considerable long pull buying of radio common.

Tuesday's Opening Quotations

	Mon. night Close	Tues. a.m. Open	10.30	11.00
Anaconda Copper	62⅞	62¼	62¼	62⅞
Baltimore & Ohio	29¼	27⅞	27⅞	28
Bethlehem Steel	101⅜	100⅜	100⅞	101⅛
Chrysler	115½ XD	115½	115⅜	115⅝
Elec. Bond & Sh.	19⅞	19¾	19¾	19⅞
Gen. Motors	68⅜	58	58	58⅜
Int. Tel. & Tel.	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞
New York Central	40⅞	40⅜	40¼	40⅜
St. Oil of N.J.	68⅛	68¼	68⅜	68⅞
U.S. Steel	119⅛	118	118⅛	118⅞
Cotton Dec.	10.37-42	10.27-28	10.28	10.34
Rubber Dec.	18.89-89	18.70-67	18.63	18.60
Wheat C. Dec.	111⅛-111⅛	113¼-114	—	114
Corn C. Dec.	67⅞-67⅞	69 - 69	—	68⅞

XD.—Ex. Dividend.—Reuter.

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, Aug. 9.

Prices on Wall street to-day advanced from fractions to about two points with steels, coppers, rails and specialities very prominent. News from the market's point of view was little changed, but very optimistic estimates of Autumn business prospects had a stimulating influence. Steels were well supported, while the publication "Steel" says that all signs point to heavy buying for the remainder of the year. The turnover to-day amounted to 750,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	187.33	186.06	186.75	+0.34
20 Rails	53.62	53.09	53.28	+0.33
20 Utilit.	29.19	28.90	29.03	+0.11
40 Bonds	—	—	101.26	Unch.
11 Commod.	—	—	65.64	—

	Aug. 8	9
Adams Express	18½ B	18⅝
Alleghany Steel	34¾ B	35
Allis Chalmers	68⅛	68⅝
Amer. Can	109	111
Amer. Cyanamid "B"	34⅝	34¾
Amer. & For. Power	9⅛	9¼
,, ,, $7 cum.	57	58½
Amer. Locomotive	46	48
Amer. Metals	56¾	58
Amer. Radiator	22	22
Amer. Rolling Mill	40	40¼
Amer. Smelting	96¾	97⅞
Amer. Sugar Ref.	42⅛ B	43
Amer. Tel. & Tel.	170⅜	170¾
Amer. Tobacco "B"	83¾	82*
Amer. Waterworks	19¾	20⅜
Anaconda Copper	63	62⅞
Atchison Topeka	78½	79¾
Atalantic Ref. Co.	29	28⅞
Atlas Corp.	15½	15⅜
Auburn Auto	19 B	17½
Baldwin Loco. $7 cum.	86¼ B	87¼ B
Baltimore & Ohio	27¾	28⅛
Barber Co.	30¾	31⅜
Barnsdall Oil Co.	25	24⅞
Bethlehem Steel	99¾	101⅜
Boeing Airplane	34⅞	35¼
Borden Co.	24¾	24¾
Briggs Manufacturing Co.	45⅛	45¾
Bklyn-Manhattan	22¾	22¾
,, ,, $6 cum.	64¾ B	64⅞
Canada Dry.	24⅝	24¾
Case, J.I.	184	183
Canadian Pacific Rly.	12⅝	12½
Celanese Corp.	39⅜	38½
Cerro de Pasco	75⅞	76
Chase Nat. Bank	49½ B	49¼ B
Chesapeake Corp.	69 B	71½
Chesapeake & Ohio	52⅞	53
Chrysler	117	115⅛*
Columbia Gas & Elec.	13¾	13¾
,, ,, 6%	92⅜ B	93
Commercial Credit	64⅞	65⅜
Commercial Solvents	14	14⅛
Comm. & Sthrn. (ord.)	2¾	2¾
,, ,, $6 cum.	55¾	55½
Consolidated Edison	37	36⅝
Consolidated Oil	15¾	15¾
Continental Can	58	58
Continental Oil	47⅜	47⅞
Corn Products	65⅞	66
Coty	7¾ B	7⅝
Curtis Wright (Com.)	6	5⅞
,, ,, "A"	19¾	19⅝
Delaware & Hudson	36¾ B	37¼
Delaware, Lackawanna	15⅝	15⅝
Deere Co.	136½ B	139¼
Distillers Corp.	22⅜	23⅛
Douglas Aircraft	56½	57
Du Pont de Nemours	160⅞	161
Eagle Picher Lead	22¾	23¼
Elec. Boat Co.	11½	11⅝
Elec. Bond & Share	19¾	19⅞
,, ,, $5 pfd.	63¼ B	64½ B
,, ,, $6 pfd.	75 B	74 B
Elec. Power & Lt.	22⅛	21⅞
,, ,, 7%	78⅛ B	77 B
Fed. Dept. Stores	33½ B	34
Flintkote	30⅞	30⅜
Gen. Cigar	35⅝	36⅜
Gen. Elec.	57⅝	57¼
Gen. Foods	37½	37
Gen. Motors	58	58⅜
Gen. Rail. Signal	42⅞ B	43¾
Glidden	42	42¼
Godchaux Sugar	41 B	41
Goodrich (B.F.)	39½	39⅜
,, $5 pfd.	80¼	80
Goodyear Tire & Rubber	43	42¾
Great Northern Rail.	49⅞	50¾
Great Western Sugar	34½ B	34½
Greyhound Corp.	15½	15½
Hecker Products	11¾	11⅝
Humble Oil	82⅝ B	83 B
International Nickel	65⅝	66¼
Int. Tel. & Tel.	11⅝	11¾
Interstate Department	26⅞	26⅞
Kennecott Copper	63¾	64
Lambert Co.	19¼ B	19¼
Libby Owens Ford Glass	70	70
Lockheed Aircraft	13¾	13¾
Loew's Inc.	85	86½
Lorillard	21¾	21½
McKesson & Robbins Inc.	44⅝ B	45
Martin, Glenn L.	23⅛	23⅞
Missouri Pac.	3⅝	3⅜
Monsanto Chemical	102½ B	102¾ B
Montgomery Ward	63⅜	63⅞
Mountain City Copper	11¼	11⅞
Nat. Bond & Investment	27¼ B	27½
Nat. Cash Register	35¾	35¾
Nat. City Bank	45¼ B	45⅛ B
Nat. Dairy Products	19⅞	20
Nat. Distillers	30	30
Nat. Power & Lt.	10¾	10¾
Nat. Steel	98⅜	98¾
Nat. Supply Co.	41⅛	39⅝
New York Central	40¼	40¾
Niagara Hudson & Power	14⅛	13⅞
North Amer. Aviation	11¾	11⅝
North Amer. Co.	27¼	27½
Northern Pacific	29	29¾
Pacific Gas & Elec.	31½	31⅞
Pacific Lighting	44⅞	45
Packard Motors	9	9
Paramount Pictures Inc.	21¾	22⅛
,, ,, 1st pfd.	151 B	150 B
Pennsylvania Rail.	37½	37⅞
Phillips Petroleum	61¾	62
Public Service Of New	43	43
Pure Oil	20¾	20⅞
Radio Corp. of Amer.	10½	11
Republic Steel Corp.	39⅜	39⅜
Revere Copper & Brass	39¾	39
Reynolds Tobacco "B"	52¾	52¾
Schnley Distillers	42¾	43
,, ,, 5½% pfd.	93 B	93 B
Sears Roebuck	96⅝	97
Shell Union Oil	27	28
Socony Vacuum	22⅛	22⅛
South. Calif. Edison	24¼	24¼
Sthrn. Pacific	48⅛	48
Sthrn. Rail.	29¾	29½
,, ,, $5 pfd.	44½	45
Standard Brands	12	12
Standard Gas	8⅝	8¾
,, ,, $7 pfd.	48½ B	49½
Standard Oil of New	68½	68½
Sterling Products	65¼	66
Studebaker	13¼	13¼
Swift International	32½	32⅞
Technicolor	28¾	30
Texas Corporation	64⅜	64⅛
Texas Gulf Sulphur	38¾	39¼
Tide Water Associated	21½	21⅛*
Timken-Detroit	24¼ B	24½
Transamerica	16¼	16⅛
Twentieth Century-Fox	36⅜	35½
,, ,, pfd.	45 B	44 B
Union Carbide & Carbon	101	100¾
Union Pacific	125	125 B
United Aircraft (New)	29¼	28⅞
United Air Lines	16⅛	16⅛
United Corp.	5⅝	5¾
,, ,, $3 cum.	39	39½
United Gas Corporation	9¾	9¾
United Gas Improvement	13¾	13¾
United Light & Power	6½	6⅝
U. S. Industrial Alcohol	33¼	33½
U. S. Rubber	59⅞	60⅝
,, ,, 8%	96¾ B	97¼
U. S. Smelting, Ref.	90¼	91½
U. S. Steel	118¾	119¼
Vanadium	32¼	33
Warner Bros. Pictures	14	14⅜
Westinghouse Air brakes	41½	42
Westinghouse Elec.	154¼	154½
Woodward Iron	29 B	29½ B
Youngstown Sheet	90¾	93¼
BONDS		
Amer. & For. Power	80 B	80
Anglo-Chilean Nitrate	36¼ B	32¾
Brazil	43¾	43¼
Cities Service Power	68⅛	67¾
Int. Tel. & Tel. 5s	77	77¼
New England Gas	72⅛ B	72
Peru 6s 1961	19⅛	19
Rio Grande de Sul	26 B	26½
Standard Gas & Elec.	70¼	70¼
Chic. Mil. Stp.	23¼	22¾
Int. Tel. & Tel.	93¼ B	94

B—Bid. *—Ex. Dividend.—Reuter.

BERLIN BOURSE

Berlin, Aug. 9.

The listlessness that marked the share market business on Saturday continued into the new week so that the condition of a standstill prevailed. Bank customers placed only the smallest of buying orders and in the absence of concrete prospects of a new activity operators too remained passive. Many shares for the want of actual transactions were not noted at all while in other cases the market was so restricted that the small chance of buying orders often resulted in big rises, giving a quite misleading impression. Minings were offered beyond the market demand hence prices sagged. Machine works were weak, other sections of the share market erratic.

On the fixed interest securities market Reichs Old Liquidation Loan closed unchanged at 128¼. Communal Funding Loan stood also unchanged at 94.90. In industrial bonds German Dye Trusts declined ⅛ to 2 134. Harpener Mining weakened ¼ to 130¼. Many city loans improved ⅛. Gold mortage and communal bonds were hardly dealt in because of the scarcity of stock but the demand was as keen as ever.

[1] Call money stood at 2⅜ to 2⅝ per cent.

Reichsbank 215 down ½. German Dye Trusts 168 down ⅛, Salzdetfurth Potash 162½, Saturday unquoted, United Steel Works 120⅞ up ⅛, Mannesmann Pipes 125¼ down ¾, Harpener Mining 180 up ⅜. German Mineral Oil 131¼ up ½. Rhenish-Westphalian Power 134¾ down ⅛, Hamburg America Line 89⅜ up ⅜, North German Lloyd 92½ down ½, Bemberg Rayon 152¼ down ¾, Deutsche Bank 125¼ down ¼. Deutsch-Asiatische Bank 895, Saturday unquoted, Young Loan unquoted Saturday 105.

Reichsmark quotations without guarantee:—New York 40.225, Paris 1071.—, Amsterdam 72.94 to 72.97, London 12.4025.

Paris quoted sterling at 132.82 to 132.87 and the U.S. dollar at 126.6175 to 126.6225.—Trans-Ocean.

U.S. SILK INDUSTRY STRIKE

60,000 Workers Walk Out At Patterson, N.J.

Patterson, N. J., Aug. 9.

As a result of the strike in the silk industry called by the T. W. O. C. to-day, it is said that more than 60 per cent. of the workers in New Jersey, Pennsylvania, New York and New England areas have quit work.

A spokesman of the Silk and Rayon Manufacturers Association, newly organized among the larger mills, said that his organization was giving passive approval to the strike. They were waiting, however, to see the actual strength of the union.

Meanwhile, the smaller mill owners claim that the majority of workers are still working.

In the Patterson area approximately 60,000 workers walked out. Despatches from Pennsylvania, however, indicate that only half of the 35,000 workers in that district have struck, while New York and Boston have been practically unaffected, since the majority of mills have already signed contracts with the T. W. O. C.—Reuter.

DOLLAR WEAKNESS CAUSE SOUGHT

Attributed to Selling Japan Gold to United States

London, Aug. 9.

The weakness of the dollar to-day is attributed by the City to heavy sales of Japanese gold to the United States in connection with the Far Eastern situation.

After touching 4.9925 the dollar recovered on commercial demand, but quite substantial selling orders were reported slightly below the level of 4.9880.

The suggestion that the Senate would pass the Wages and Hours Bill caused selling of dollars, owing to fears of an increase in costs in the United States. These fears, however, were dismissed because it is too early to estimate the effects of the Bill on United States economy.

There were no signs of control operations.—Reuter.

U.S. COTTON ESTIMATES

Washington, Aug. 9.

The Crop Reporting Board of the United States Department of Agriculture issues the following estimates in its second crop report of the 1937 season. The Bureau of the Census of the Department of Commerce also issues its first ginning report of the season as given below:—

Season	Production 500 lb. Bales	Condition as of Aug. 1 per cent.	Yield per acre pounds	Ginnings prior to Aug. 1 Running Bales
1937	15,593,000	81.3	223.3	143,000
1936	12,481,000	72.3	199.7	41,000
1935	11,798,000	73.6	198.3	94,241
1934	9,195,000*	60.4	170.0	100,000
1933	12,314,000*	74.2	208.5	171,000
1932	11,306,000*	65.6	173.3	71,000

*—Running bales.

Final reports of previous seasons:—

	Production 500 lb. Bales	Yield per acre pounds
1936	12,399,000	197.9
1935	10,638,000	184.2
1934	9,636,000	171.6
1933	15,049,000	212.7
1932	13,003,000	173.5

The next crop report will be issued on September 8 and the next ginning report on August 23.—Reuter.

PARIS BOURSE

Paris, Aug. 10.

The majority of shares were excellently affected yesterday on the Bourse. National bonds gained over their previous quotations, while other French counters likewise soared in varying proportions. Internationals were more irregular, but their trend was satisfactory.—Havas.

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ANIMALS

FOUND Cair Terrier (male) vicinity Columbia Road. Owner telephone 22253 between office Hours. -1122

GERMAN police puppies, 2½ months old, for immediate sale. Owner leaving. View any time 224 Route Vallon. -1113

LOST Scotch Terrier, vicinity French Club, answering to name of Sandy. Finder please telephone Cody during office hours 16853, home 70773. 8861

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MISCELLANEOUS

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WANTED TO PURCHASE

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SUMMER RESORTS

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Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

LADY gives general and reducing electric massage, from 3 p.m. to 8 p.m. 147 Paul Henry, Apartment 14, third floor, Telephone 77327. 8745

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REMINDER

The following replies are being held at this office, and the owners of the undermentioned Box Numbers are requested to call for same before Aug. 14, 1937, after which date they will be destroyed. Nos. 84, 90, 97, 118, 141, 202, 288, 336, 348, 350, 377, 390, 395, 415, 433, 449.

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SOVIET PURGE OF KOLKHOSES

Collective Farming Groups Administrators Held

KULAKS CARRY ON OWN INDIVIDUAL UNITS

Moscow, Aug. 10.

M. Joseph Stalin's purge of the Soviet administrative bureaux and party ranks has taken a decided turn in recent days in the direction of the collective farms where ruthless measures are being taken to weed out "enemies of the people."

In many cases, it is being discovered, the directors have had little difficulty in persuading the peasants to return to the old system of every man for himself and have thus repartitioned the Kolkhoses among themselves instead of continuing to exploit them as a community enterprise.

M. Danilov, chairman of the Yaroslav region, the president of the Executive Committee of the Communist Party in the same area, and five other officials guilty of liquidating three collective farms since 1934 in this fashion, have been given sentences ranging from two to ten years in prison.

Many Farms Taken Over

Many other Kolkhoses have been disorganized in other regions, such as the Svoboda and Volia farms in the Uglitch region; while in Voroneje, under the very eyes of the local authorities the "First of May" farm was partitioned among the farmers with all its property and furnishings.

"Trotskyist spies and rightists" have been expelled from Moghilev and many other areas in White Russia, amounting in the former to 493 families, or about 2,000 individuals.

In other areas, the Kulaks have taken possession of lands of their own accord.

"Pravda" declares, for example, that there are still at least 3,000 individual farms in Moghilev, whose proprietors have been left in ignorance of the joys of the Kolkhose system.—Havas.

Action Against Comintern

Aug. 10.

The action of the Ogpu against certain Comintern circles was extended yesterday to numerous Communist refugees from Austria living in the Soviet Union.

At Charkov the Ogpu arrested two members of the management of the Austrian Protection Federation and sixteen members of the organization itself, who after the defeat of their revolt in Vienna by the late Federal Chancellor, Dr. Englebert Dollfuss, had fled to Soviet Russia. The Ogpu continued its arrests among the Soviet-Ukraine officers. On the suspicion of being in touch with the Ukraine separatists, over 100 officers at Kiev and Charkov have been deprived of their positions and seventy others have been banished to Siberia.—Trans-Ocean.

GERMAN PASTORS IN POLAND EXPELLED

Postponement of Trial of Dr. Niemoeller

Berlin, Aug. 10.

Considerable speculation has been aroused in Evangelical circles in Germany by an announcement that the trial of Dr. Martin Niemoeller, leader of the Confessional Church, on charges of "misusing the pulpit, inciting disobedience to state decrees and reading out the names of those who seceded from the Church," is postponed indefinitely.

The trial was due to begin to-day before a special court, but an official statement by the Ministry of Justice said that additional charges had to be investigated.

It is thought that, in view of the demonstrations at Dahlem yesterday and the dismissal of the case against Dr. Dibelius for insufficient evidence, the authorities may wish to make certain that every particle of evidence against Dr. Niemoeller will be available for his trial.

Besides Dr. Niemoeller, there are said to be 64 clergymen in custody in Germany for alleged offences against church laws.—Reuter.

German Pastors Expelled

Cattowitz, Aug. 9.

Three German Evangelical pastors living in Upper Silesia have been notified by the Polish authorities that they must leave Polish territory within seven days.

This expulsion order caused considerable sensation in the German communities of East Upper Silesia as no reason for this arbitrary decision was given. Pastor Schiller has lived in Polish Upper Silesia for 28 years. Pastor Schneider for eight and Pastor Wenzlaff for ten years. All three were merely informed that their residential permits could not be prolonged beyond August 15.—Trans-Ocean.

PEACE APPEAL MADE TO BOY SCOUTS

Moving Plea by Chief Scout Ends World Jamboree

Vogelenzang, Aug. 9.

A moving appeal for peace and goodwill by Lord Baden-Powell today ended the fifth World Jamboree.

In an address before 28,000 Boy Scouts from all parts of the world, Lord Baden-Powell said the time had come to say good-bye. Some of them would never meet again, but he urged the boys to apply the scout's law, which would help to bring about God's reign of peace and goodwill.

An impressive silence prevailed when Lord Baden-Powell, greatly moved, concluded: "To all Scouts, Good-bye and God bless you all."

The Jamboree was opened by Queen Wilhelmina on July 31 in the presence of scores of thousands of visitors, including members of the Diplomatic Corps.

Subsequently the contingents matched past the Queen in national units in alphabetical order, with flags fluttering in the breeze. The march lasted two hours, after which the 28,000 scouts made a spectacular dash towards a platform and heard the Queen make a speech in Netherlands, English and French.—Reuter.

FRESH SHIPPING INCIDENTS IN SPANISH STRIFE

French Ship Forcibly Boarded at Las Palmas: Mutineers Capture Belgian Trawlers

Paris, Aug. 10.

THE French Consul in Salamanca has been instructed to protest to the Nationalist authorities regarding the bombing of the French steamer Djabel Amour off Algiers last week. The French Government has ordered a gunboat and a destroyer to the region of Algiers actively to protect French shipping.

The British Ambassador, Sir Henry Chilton, has already been instructed to lodge a protest with the rebel authorities over the bombing of the British Corporal.

The Djabel Amour suffered only slight damage while no one was injured, although over 100 machine-gun bullets hit the deck. The Nationalist authorities at Salamanca blame the bombing on the Spanish Government air force. They declare no Nationalist 'planes were flying over the sea when the attacks occurred.

The French vessel was one of four merchantmen attacked within the space of a few hours, the others being the British tanker British Corporal, the Italian steamer Mongiola and the Greek ship Ktistakis.—Reuter.

New British Protest

London, Aug. 10.

Compensation for the capture of the British cargo vessel, Molton, will be asked when Britain will send a further protest to the Nationalist headquarters asking for immediate release of the vessel.

The Molton was captured by the Almirante Cervera in Basque waters. An Irish non-intervention observer was on board the vessel, which also carried a doctor and four nurses. The ship was on its way to Bilbao to take Basque refugees.

In answer to the first British Note asking for the release of the Molton, Nationalist headquarters at Salamanca replied by simply giving the circumstances under which the capture was effected, and stating that the 32 members of the crew favoured the Reds.—Havas.

British Corporal Leaves

Gibraltar, Aug. 9.

The tanker, British Corporal, left the port of Algiers this noon without the convoy of a British warship. The British Admiralty instructed all British warships in the Mediterranean and at the coastal stations to keep in close touch by wireless with all British merchant vessels.

The crew of seventeen of the Greek steamer Gardelkai seized a fortnight ago by the Nationalists has just been released. The vessel itself and the captain have been detained in the port of Ceuta.—Trans-Ocean.

French Ship Boarded

Casablanca, Aug. 10.

What might have been a grave international incident occurred at Las Palmas yesterday when the French ss. Marechal Lyautey was boarded and searched by Spanish Nationalist authorities.

The vessel was returning from Dakar, and had on board three Spaniards whom the Nationalists claimed were liable for military service in Gen. Franco's ranks. Despite the advice of the captain and the French consul in the port, the crew of the ship assembled in a body and refused to give up the trio.

Thereupon gunboats swarmed around the steamer and trained their machine-guns on its decks, while several hundred troops came on board, armed to the teeth. With their fists and butt-ends of their rifles they herded the crew to one end of the boat, and went below to search for the Spaniards. Once they were removed, the Marechal Lyautey was given the order to sail and the captain was warned that coastal batteries would sink his ship at the sign of the slightest move from the crew. The Lyautey will make no more stops at Las Palmas in future.—Havas.

Mutineers Capture Trawlers

Ostende, Aug. 10.

Two former Spanish trawlers, now registered as the Zesbruge 57 and 58, after having been missing some days were discovered yesterday to have sailed to Spain. Capt. Henry de Wulf and the Belgian element in their crew turned up at Ostende, minus their boats and with a dramatic tale of how they had been ousted by mutineering Spanish seamen.

Capt. de Wulf, who commanded the Rita 1 (Spanish name for the Zeebruge 58), related how he had sailed from Milfordhaven, England on July 22 for the fishing banks south-west of Ireland. On July 29 eight Spaniards armed with revolvers overpowered the sleeping Belgians and imprisoned all five in the crew's quarters. At 2 a.m. the same coup was carried off on the Rita II.

Five of the Spaniards were disembarked at St. Jean de Luz, for they were Republicans and would have been shot had they continued with the boats to Pasajes, where both ships finally put in. Here the Belgians were imprisoned and left without food for 24 hours. When Capt. de Wulf resisted, he was dragged through the streets like a criminal. A Belgian Vice-Consul intervened and loaned them funds.

The former Spanish owner of the boats is believed by the captain to have perpetrated the whole affair, for he was seen in Pasajes when they were dragged ashore.—Havas.

BOMBS TERRORIZE LOS ANGELES

Strikes Declared in U.S. and Canadian Mills

A.F.L. SUSPENDS FIVE SEAMEN'S UNIONS

Paterson, N.J., Aug. 9.

Six thousand silk workers here went on strike to-day. Their objective was nation-wide collective bargaining. The Committee for Industrial Organization, directing the strike, predicted it would affect 50,000 employees.—United Press.

Canadian Textile Strike

Montreal, Aug. 9.

Six hundred striking workers of the Dominion Textile Company, trying to prevent the movement of finished goods from the strike-bound plant, to-day damaged three company trucks and beat one truck-driver. The strikers demand a closed shop at nine company plants, and also seek intervention of the Dominion Government in the strike, alleging that the provincial government has not acted.—United Press.

Bombs Terrify Los Angeles

Los Angeles, Aug. 9.

Two bomb explosions attributed to labour troubles within the wholesale optical business terrified two residential sections here early to-day but left no one hurt. Police were informed a single man threw the bombs on the front porches of two homes in which officials of an optical company lived, but that private guards on duty hurled them into the street where they exploded.

In another explosion here four men were injured, none seriously. The blast occured in the Vernon plant of the Modern Food Dairies and blew off doors and windows. It was believed to have been caused by amonia fumes.—United Press.

Union Organizer Manhandled

Dallas, Tex., Aug. 9.

Objecting to the showing of motion pictures in a local park depicting labour demonstrations in other cities, anti-labour elements to-day staged a demonstration here to-night. They overturned a motor car on which the motion-picture projector was mounted, and seized a union organizer, Mr. Herbert Harris, of New Haven, Mo.

The mob brought Harris to the river bottoms, where the demonstrators dipped him in crude oil and feathers, later releasing him in the business district.—United Press.

A.F.L. Suspends Five Unions

San Francisco, Aug. 9.

The American Federation of Labour to-day announced the suspension of five local unions including the San Francisco, Stockton and San Pedro locals of the International Longshoremen's Association and two warehousemen's unions. All five had recently voted to affiliate with the Committee for Industrial Organization. This action automatically ousted Mr. Harry Bridges, guiding spirit of the longshoremen and the maritime federation of the Pacific, from the post of district A.F. of L. President. It was estimated that the suspension affected 10,000 members of the International Longshoremen's Association.—United Press.

Plymouth Plant Resumes

Detroit, Aug. 9.

Twenty-one thousand employees of the Plymouth Motor Car Co. returned to work to-day, ending a short-lived strike which followed disputes between members of the United Automobile Workers and the independent Federation of Chrysler Employees.—United Press.

'POST MORTEM' BABY FAILS TO LIVE

Tiny Girl Infant Will Be Buried with Mother

Philadelphia, Aug. 9.

Double funeral services were planned to-night for Mrs. Mary Boccawsini and her tiny daughter, Frances Mary, who died 46 hours after being introduced into the world by death.

Lifted from her mother's body in a 60-second post mortem Caesarian operation, Frances Mary lived on "borrowed time" from 3.16 a.m. Friday until 8.0 a.m. to-day. Her death was a direct result of her 27-year-old mother's death which stopped completion of her development a month short of regular birth.

The baby's body, smaller than a man's hat, was removed to a funeral parlour. Death was from natural causes, said Dr. John Corbit, the young obstetrician who held life in the baby for nearly two days.—United Press.

NEW ITALIAN BATTLESHIP TO BE LAUNCHED

Rome, Aug. 9.

The second Italian large battleship, Littoria, will be launched at Genoa on Sunday, August 22. The new vessel will be of the same size, ie. 35,000 tons, as its sister ship, Vittorio Veneto, launched at Trieste at the end of July.—Trans-Ocean.

Mr. W. H. Whitbread was elected Master of the Brewers' Company at a meeting recently, when the following elections took place:—Upper Warden, Mr. E. J. Venner; Middle Warden, Mr. G. M. Crossman; Renter Warden, Commander R. W. McGrath.

ITALIAN ANGER OVER VALENCIA CLAIM

Signor Gayda Accuses Soviet of Ship Bombings

Rome, Aug. 9.

A fresh wave of anti-Republican indignation spread over Italy to-day. It was stimulated by intimations of the Valencia government that the Spanish Nationalists had by mistake bombarded the British Corporal and the Italian ss. Mongiola.

Signor Virginio Gayda, editor of the "Giornale d'Italia," commented on the holiday of the Non-Intervention Committee by saying, "Two important matters, however, do not rest—the Nationalists' advance in Spain, and the attitude of the Soviet Union. The bombing of the Italian and British steamers represents the first Soviet reaction to the lesson received in London. Communism is doing its utmost to win on the seas with bombs and torpedoes. It is a dangerous game. Let Moscow not think that the naval powers offer themselves helplessly to the eruptions caused by bad humour."—United Press.